

Report of Independent Auditors and Combined Financial Statements

Southern California Public Power Authority

June 30, 2024 and 2023



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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors and Participants of Southern California Public Power Authority

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying combined and individual projects' financial statements of Southern California Public Power Authority, which comprise the combined and individual projects' statements of net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related combined and individual projects' statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Southern California Public Power Authority and each of the Authority's projects: Palo Verde Project, San Juan Project, Magnolia Power Project, Canyon Power Project, Apex Power Project, Tieton Hydropower Project, Milford I Wind Project, Milford II Wind Project, Windy Point Project, Linden Wind Energy Project, Clean Energy Project, Southern Transmission System Project, Southern Transmission System Renewal Project, Mead-Phoenix Project, Mead-Adelanto Project, Pinedale Project, Barnett Project, Prepaid Natural Gas Project, Power Purchase Agreements, Project Development Fund, Projects' Stabilization Fund, and SCPPA Fund as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the results of the projects' operations and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 1131.2, State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements* for California Special Districts. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Southern California Public Power Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Southern California Public Power Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 1131.2, State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements* for California Special Districts will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 1131.2, State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements* for California Special Districts, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Southern California Public Power Authority's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Southern California Public Power Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2024, the Schedule of Contributions as of June 30, 2024, and the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (collectively, "required supplementary information") be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures in the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the Purchase Power Agreements investments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 (collectively, supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

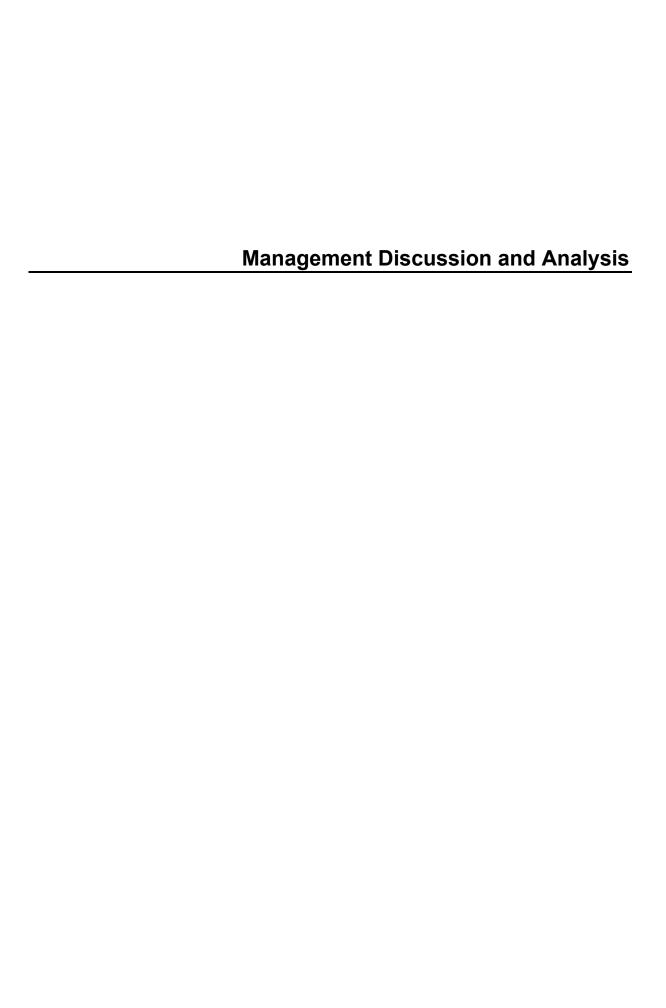
Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the supplemental schedules of receipts and disbursements in funds for the year ended June 30, 2024, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Portland, Oregon

Moss Adams IIP

October 28, 2024



The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Southern California Public Power Authority (the Authority or SCPPA), provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Authority's Combined Financial Statements, which begin on page 13. Descriptions and other details pertaining to the Authority are included in the Notes to Combined Financial Statements.

The Authority is a joint powers authority whose primary purpose has been to provide joint financing and oversight for large joint projects for its member agencies that consist of eleven municipal electric utilities and one irrigation district in California. On a combined basis, these entities provide electricity to more than two million retail electric customers. A Board of Directors (the Board) governs the Authority, which consists of one representative from each member agency.

Using This Financial Report

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements and reflects the self-supporting activities of the Authority that are funded primarily through the sale of energy, natural gas, and transmission services to member agencies under project specific take-or-pay contracts that require each member agency to pay its proportionate share of operating and maintenance expenses and debt service with respect to such projects. The contracts cannot be terminated or amended in any manner that will impair or adversely affect the rights of the bondholders as long as any bonds issued by the specific project remain outstanding. The Authority also established take-and-pay contracts for the participants of the prepaid natural gas project where the payments received from the sale of gas will be sufficient to pay debt service. In addition, the Authority has entered into various power purchase agreements. These agreements are substantially take-and-pay contracts but there may be other costs not associated with the delivery of energy that the participants may be obligated to pay.

Combined Summary of Financial Condition and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	June 30,				
	2024	2023 (Restated)	2022 (Restated)		
Assets					
Net utility plant	\$ 1,678,508	\$ 1,353,235	\$ 1,203,932		
Net lease asset	6,707	7,243	7,779		
Investments	1,097,626	1,139,053	638,425		
Cash and cash equivalents	622,739	386,975	234,489		
Prepaid and other	1,141,613	580,905	619,400		
Total assets	4,547,193	3,467,411	2,704,025		
Deferred outflows of resources	73,353	79,055	99,463		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,620,546	\$ 3,546,466	\$ 2,803,488		
Liabilities					
Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 3,779,911	\$ 2,756,821	\$ 2,162,809		
Current liabilities	506,105	568,080	480,345		
Total liabilities	4,286,016	3,324,901	2,643,154		
Deferred inflows of resources	23,719	9,367	13,252		
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	(683,749)	(390,358)	6,651		
Restricted	1,064,356	722,861	264,312		
Unrestricted	(69,796)	(120,305)	(123,881)		
Total net position	310,811	212,198	147,082		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,					
and net position	\$ 4,620,546	\$ 3,546,466	\$ 2,803,488		
Revenues, expenses and changes in net position					
for the year ended June 30					
Operating revenues	\$ 1,120,492	\$ 1,228,961	\$ 1,076,954		
Operating expenses	(1,002,873)	(1,137,448)	(1,000,538)		
Operating income	117,619	91,513	76,416		
Investment and other income	41,554	23,415	(4,086)		
Inflation of decommissioning liability	(6,557)	(6,361)	(15,479)		
Derivative gain (loss)	616	6,263	6,070		
Other interest and debt expense	(61,312)	(56,318)	(60,943)		
Change in net position	91,920	58,512	1,978		
Net position, beginning of year, as adjusted	212,198	147,082	135,147		
Net contributions/(withdrawals) by participants	6,693	6,604	9,957		
Net position, end of year	\$ 310,811	\$ 212,198	\$ 147,082		

Comparison of fiscal year 2024 to 2023 activity

Net Position – The Authority's net position increased by \$99 million mainly due to the increase in assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$1,074 million offset by the increase in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$975 million.

Assets and deferred outflows of resources – The increase of \$1,074 million in the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources was mainly due to the following:

• Net Utility Plant – increased by \$325 million

The increase was due to the \$386 million additional construction costs in the Southern Transmission System Renewal (STSR) project and \$17 million ongoing capital improvements mostly in the Apex Power (APP) and Palo Verde (PV) projects; offset by \$74 million scheduled depreciation in Generation, Green Power and Transmission Projects and \$4 million depletion in the Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects.

Net Lease Asset – decreased by \$0.5 million

The decrease was due to the scheduled amortization of lease assets (See Notes 2 and 14).

Investments and Cash and Cash Equivalents – increased by \$194 million

The increase was largely due to a \$273 million increase in fund balance from the issuance of the STSR series 2024-1 Revenue Bonds, \$23 million in fund balance from the issuance of the Clean Energy Project series 2024A Revenue Bonds, \$13 million net contributions by participants in the Projects' Stabilization Fund (PSF); offset by \$39 million of net decrease in debt service requirement in the Southern Transmission System (STS) project, \$4 million in net under-collections in various projects, and \$58 million, \$9 million, and \$5 million release of funds for the Windy Point/Windy Flats (WP), Linden Wind (LWP), and APP Projects, respectively.

Prepaid and other assets – increased by \$561 million

The increase was mainly due to the \$598 million increase in prepayment made to Aron Energy Prepay 23 LLC for energy delivery for the Clean Energy Project (CEP), \$30 million increase in advances to the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the STSR project, \$3 million increase in accrued interest receivable due to increase in investment yields, \$3 million increase in the regulatory assets in the STSR project; offset by \$61 million scheduled amortization of the prepaid assets in the Natural Gas Prepaid Project (NGPP), Milford I (MIL I), Milford II (MIL II), and WP, \$3 million decrease in accounts receivable mainly due to project overbillings in the current year for LWP, and \$9 million decrease in prepayment made to General Electric for major maintenance usage for the APP project.

• Deferred outflows of resources – decreased by \$6 million

The decrease was mainly due to the \$3 million amortization of loss on refunding in various debt–funded projects, \$1 million decrease in the reported fair value of the derivative instruments in MPP and NGPP and \$2 million amortization of the decommissioning obligations in PV, APP, LWP, Tieton Hydropower (THP), Pinedale (NGWY) and Barnett Natural Gas (NGTX) projects.

Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources – The increase of \$975 million in the Authority's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources was mainly due to the following:

• Current and long-term debt – increased by \$967 million

The increase was mostly due to the issuance of \$625 million of STSR series 2024-1 Revenue Bonds, issuance of \$621 million of CEP series 2024A Revenue Bonds, and \$4 million increase in current debt due for the WP, NGPP, and Magnolia Power Projects (MPP); offset by \$52 million decrease in current debt for the STS, LWP, and APP projects, and \$230 million in principal maturities and related bond amortizations in various projects.

Advances from participants – decreased by \$63 million

The decrease was mostly due to a \$54 million decrease in WP relating to funds released for refunding, \$9 million decrease in LWP relating to funds released for refunding, and \$2 million decrease in major maintenance reserve for Canyon Power (CPP); offset by \$2 million increase in advances relating to funds held back in APP.

Accounts payable and other liabilities – increased by \$48 million

The increase was mostly due to a \$42 million increase in accounts payable and accruals mostly due to accrued expenditures in STSR and overbillings in various projects. In addition, there was an \$8 million increase in accrued interest for the STSR and CEP projects; offset by \$2 million decrease in notes payable due within one year in MPP.

In addition, there was a \$3 million increase in notes payable in MPP, an increase of \$10 million in decommissioning obligations in the PV, APP, THP, LWP, NGWY, and NGTX projects in accordance with GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*; offset by \$2 million in the fair value of derivative instruments in NGPP.

The increase of \$14 million in deferred inflows of resources was due to gains on refunding in the WP and APP projects.

Operating Income – The \$26 million increase in operating income was mainly due to a \$110 million decrease in operating revenues relating to funds released in the WP, LWP, and APP projects, offset by \$134 million net decrease in operation and maintenance costs in various projects including PV, MPP, APP, WP, and STS, and \$2 million of overbilling retained for debt service in APP.

Investment and Other Income – The \$18 million increase in investment and other income reflects the reinvestment of funds in higher yielding fixed income securities due to higher market interest rates.

Derivative Gain (Loss) – Net derivative gains of \$1 million and \$6 million were reported related to the Authority's derivative instruments that were deemed investment instruments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively (See Note 5).

The Authority has two basis swaps in which it makes variable payments based on SIFMA and receives variable payments based on a percentage of SOFR. The purpose of the swaps is to manage interest expense on the MPP Bonds. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 53, there is no identified risk being hedged by a basis swap, and therefore they are all deemed investment instruments. These investment instruments were strategically placed by management to reduce interest expense and they continue to serve this purpose.

Inflation of Decommissioning Liability – The \$0.2 million decrease in inflation expense was recognized based on the consumer price index as of June 30, 2024. Compared to prior year, lower inflation resulted in a less than one percent inflation rate decrease and this resulted in a lower inflation expense for the current year. Inflation expense was recognized under GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which requires the current value of an entity's decommissioning liability to be adjusted, at least annually, for the effects of general inflation or deflation.

Other Interest and Debt Expense – The decrease of \$5 million was mainly due to lower interest and related debt amortization in various projects. Interest expense relating to the lease liability of \$0.4 million was recognized as of June 30, 2024, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87.

Comparison of fiscal year 2023 to 2022 activity

Net Position – The Authority's net position increased by \$65 million mainly due to the increase in assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$743 million offset by the increase in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$678 million.

Assets – The increase of \$743 million in the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources was mainly due to the following:

Net Utility Plant – increased by \$149 million

The increase was due to the \$215 million initial construction costs in the Southern Transmission System Renewal (STSR) project and \$18 million ongoing capital improvements mostly in the Apex Power (APP) and Palo Verde (PV) projects; offset by \$80 million scheduled depreciation in Generation and Transmission Projects and \$4 million depletion in the Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects.

• Net Lease Asset – decreased by \$0.5 million

The decrease was due to the scheduled amortization of lease assets, resulting from the adoption of Statement No. 87 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), *Leases*, which requires the recognition of an intangible right-to-use lease asset and lease liability for the Lessees, and a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources for the Lessors (See Notes 2 and 14).

Investments and Cash and Cash Equivalents – increased by \$653 million

The increase was largely due to \$600 million in fund balance from the issuance of the STSR series 2023-1 and 2023-1A Revenue Bonds, \$10 million net contributions by participants in the Projects' Stabilization Fund (PSF), \$48 million in net over-collections in various projects of which \$18 million was retained for Linden and Windy Point/Windy Flats (Windy Point) Projects' future project expenditures; offset by \$5 million in surplus funds returned to Mead Adelanto participants.

Prepaid and other assets – decreased by \$39 million

The decrease was mainly due to the \$60 million scheduled amortization of the prepaid assets in Natural Gas Prepaid (NGPP), Milford I (MIL I), Milford II (MIL II), and Windy Point Projects (WP), \$6 million decrease in accounts receivable mainly due to project overbillings in the current year for APP, Southern Transmission System (STS), Copper Mountain Solar 3 projects compared to prior year; offset by \$4 million increase in Advances to Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the STSR project, recognition of \$2 million fair value of derivative instruments in Magnolia Power (MPP) and Canyon Power (CPP) projects due to the positive swap values in the current year, \$4 million increase in accrued interest receivable due to increase in investment yields in the current year compared to prior year and investment of bond proceeds in STSR project, \$8 million increase in materials and supplies for MPP project, and \$9 million increase in prepayment made to General Electric for major maintenance for APP project.

Deferred outflows of resources – decreased by \$20 million

The decrease was mainly due to the \$13.6 million amortization of loss on refunding in various debt–funded projects, \$5.4 million decrease in the reported fair value of the derivative instruments in MPP and NGPP and \$1 million amortization of the decommissioning obligations in PV, APP, Linden (LWP), Tieton Hydropower (THP), Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas projects.

Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources – The increase of \$678 million in the Authority's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources was mainly due to the following:

The net increase of \$612 million in current and long-term debt was mostly due to the issuance of \$785 million of STSR series 2023-1 and 2023-1A Revenue Bonds in May 2023 and \$12 million increase in current debt due for CPP, STS, and NGPP Prepaid projects offset by \$185 million in principal maturities and related bond amortizations in various projects. In addition, compared to prior year there was an \$8 million increase in notes payable in MPP, \$2 million increase in net pension and OPEB liabilities in the SCPPA Building Fund, and an increase of \$4 million was recognized for decommissioning obligations in PV, APP, THP, LWP, Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects in accordance with GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations.

The net increase of \$29 million in advances from participants due within one year was mostly due to \$8 million increase in major maintenance reserve in MPP, \$18 million increase in advances relating to funds held back in WP and LWP, and \$7 million increase in advances from participants for various Power Purchased Agreements (PPAs), offset by \$4 million decrease in advances relating to funds held back in CPP.

The net increase of \$40 million in accounts payable and accruals was mostly due to accrued expenditures in STSR and overbillings in various projects.

The increases were offset by a net decrease of \$10 million in the fair value of derivative instruments and a net decrease of \$4 million in deferred inflows of resources due to scheduled amortization of gain on refunding.

Operating Income – The \$15 million increase in operating income was mainly due to the following:

\$45 million net increase in billings to participants in various projects, including CPP, MIL I, WP. NGPP, Red Cloud Wind, Coso Geothermal, Star Peak Geothermal, and Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal projects, \$1 million in delayed damages recorded in Star Peak Geothermal project, decrease of \$4 million in depletion expense in Barnett Natural Gas Project due to the decrease in the depletion rate by \$6.85 per MMBtu based on the new HAAS Reserve study; offset by a net increase of \$39 million in operation and maintenance costs in various projects including NGPP, Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal, Red Cloud Wind, and Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal projects. In addition, in fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, SCPPA adopted GASB Statement No. 100, which resulted in a restatement of an increase operating revenues of \$4 million.

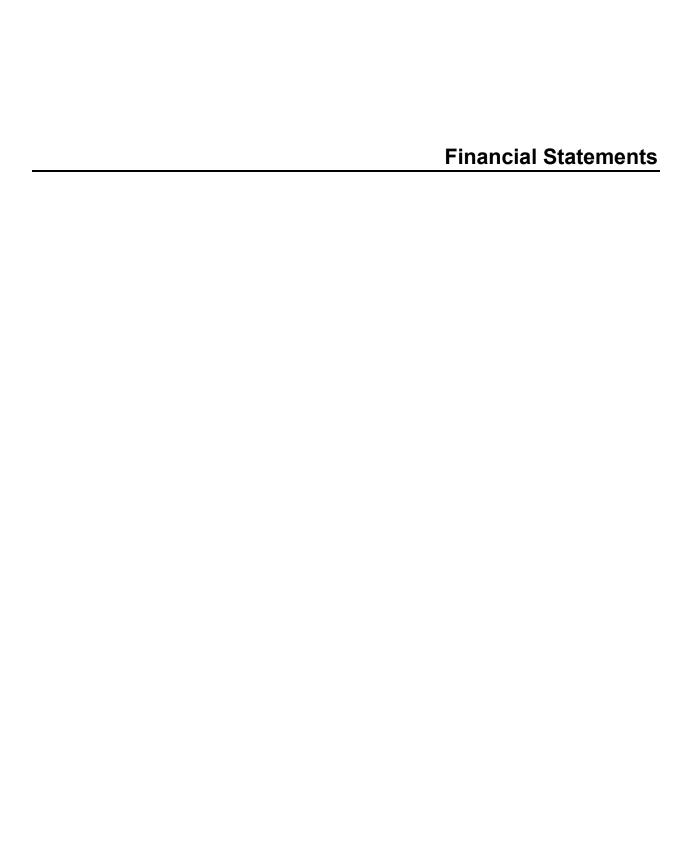
Investment and Other Income – The \$27.5 million increase in investment and other income reflects the reinvestment of funds in higher yielding fixed income securities due to higher market interest rates as of June 30, 2023.

Derivative Gain (Loss) – Net derivative gains of \$6.3 million and \$6.1 million were reported related to the Authority's derivative instruments that were deemed investment instruments as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively (See Note 5).

The Authority has two basis swaps in which it makes variable payments based on SIFMA and receives variable payments based on a percentage of LIBOR. The purpose of the swaps is to manage interest expense on the MPP Bonds. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 53, there is no identified risk being hedged by a basis swap, and therefore they are all deemed investment instruments. These investment instruments were strategically placed by management to reduce interest expense and they continue to serve this purpose.

Inflation of Decommissioning Liability – The \$9 million decrease in inflation expense was recognized based on the consumer price index as of June 30, 2023. Compared to prior year, lower inflation resulted in a six percent inflation rate decrease and this resulted in a lower inflation expense for the current year. Inflation expense was recognized under GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which requires the current value of an entity's decommissioning liability to be adjusted, at least annually, for the effects of general inflation or deflation.

Other Interest and Debt Expense – The decrease of \$4.6 million was mainly due to lower interest and related debt amortization in various projects. Interest expense, relating to the lease liability, of \$0.5 million was recognized as of June 30, 2023, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87.



Southern California Public Power Authority Combined Statements of Net Position

Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Noncurrent assetis		2024	2023 (Restated)
Not liquit point 1,785,00 1	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Nest Inserts restricted 1,757,83 1,085,050 1,	Noncurrent assets		
Investments - restricted 1,076,800 1,086,502 Investments - unwesticted 2,280,60 5,396 Fair value of claritude instruments 2,200 1,5375 Fair value of centralize instruments 2,200 3,700 Total nonureral assets 3,000 43,1146 Total nonureral assets 2,405,407 245,407 Current assets 442,700 245,407 Cash and cach equivalents - unretricted 1,700,707 141,508 Interest racewable 8,148 2,208 Interest racewable 8,148 2,208 Accounts routeral assets 30,301 7,237 Total current assets 30,302 2,208 Prepald and other assets 3,907 7,257 Total current assets 3,907 3,907 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 3,907 3,907 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 3,907 3,908 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 3,000 3,900 Reclamation and deferred outflows of resources 4,000 3,900 <	Net utility plant	\$ 1,678,508	\$ 1,353,235
Immediate Immediated Advance to IPA - restricted 4.5 (a.5 (a.5 (a.5 (a.5 (a.5 (a.5 (a.5 (a		· ·	· ·
Part			
Pagil value of derivative instruments 2,428 8,184 Pequal and other assets 3,686 3,31,486 Pequal and other assets 3,80,310 Pequal and other assets 3,80,310 Pequal and other assets 3,80,310 Pequal and concurrent assets 3,80,310 Pequal and concurrent assets 3,80,310 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted 14,190 14,150 Interest receivable 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,100 Interest receivable 1,100 1,100 Interest		,	
Regulationy asself 3,766 43,146 Prepial and other assels 38,03,101 2,947,766 Current assess Coash and cash equivalents – restricted 442,760 255,457 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted 179,979 141,568 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 179,979 141,568 Interest receivable 118,460 2,808 Accounts receivable 118,460 2,808 Materials and sugplies 6,03,61 7,833 Pepad and other assels 74,002 151,865 Deferred sugglies 74,002 151,865 Deferred sugglies 9,77 3,002 3,002 Deferred sugglies 9,77 9,73 Deferred sugglies 9,72 3,002 3,002 Reclamation and decornasioning obligation 3,3,52 3,002 Accountuitied decrease in fair value of heading derivatives 2,242 3,802 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,80,505 2,456,507 Long-term liabilities 5,497 7,502 Long-term debt <td< td=""><td></td><td>·</td><td>·</td></td<>		·	·
Prepaid and other assets 431,146 Total noncurrent assets 2,947,746 Current assets 2,947,746 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted 179,797 141,508 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted 179,406 22,808 Interest receivable 1,406 2,988 Malarinis and supplies 0,831 7,525 Accounts receivable 0,831 7,525 Total current assets 0,831 7,525 Total current assets 9,75 973 Total current assets 9,97 973 Total current assets 9,97 973 Redamation and decommissioning colligation 30,222 30,008 Redamation and decommissioning colligation 30,222 30,008 Accumulated decrease in feir urbale of heighing derivatives 2,33,33 7,005 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,340,40 2,34,50 Total design and deferred outflows of resources 3,349,47 2,48,50 Long-term liabilities 9,349,47 3,248,50 Long-term liabilities 9,3			1,694
Total anomerer assets 2.947/76 Carrent assets 442,760 455,407 Cach and cash equivalents - restricted 442,760 415,407 Cach and cash equivalents - unrestricted 8,148 4,910 Accounts receivable 8,148 9,100 Accounts receivable 11,450 2,808 Miderials and supplies 63,831 12,809 Prepaid and other assets 63,831 72,807 Total current assets 97 90 Deferred cuttlows of resources 90 90 Reclamation and decormissioning obligation 33,522 30,806 Reclamation and decormissioning obligation 33,522 30,806 Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivalives 2,542 3,806 Total deferred outflows of resources \$3,90,70 7,302 Total deferred outflows of resources \$3,90,70 7,3			-
Current assests Cash and cash equivalents – restricted 442,760 254,407 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 179,979 141,508 Interest receivable 81,48 4,910 Interest receivable 19,49 2,808 Accounts receivable 19,49 3,080 Medical sand supplies 19,605 19,505 Pregalat and other assets 90,75 2,253 Total current assets 90,7 97,33 Total current assets 90,7 90,33 Interest cuttificos of resources 90,7 90,33 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 35,222 38,00 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation \$3,400,74 \$2,485,91 Total aleferred outflows of resources \$3,400,74 \$2,485,91 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$3,400,74 \$2,485,91 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$3,400,74 \$2,485,91 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$3,400,74 \$2,485,91 Long-term lease liabilities \$9,00 \$2,485,91 <t< td=""><td>Prepaid and other assets</td><td>968,551</td><td>431,146</td></t<>	Prepaid and other assets	968,551	431,146
Cash and cash equivelents – restricted 142,760 141,568 Cash and cash equivelents – unestricted 11,987 141,568 Interest receivable 81,48 4,919 Maccounts receivable 13,048 23,080 Materials and supplies 30,340 72,537 Total current assets	Total noncurrent assets	3,803,101	2,947,746
Case and cash equivalents – unrestricted 11,937 11,158 Interest receivable 8,148 4,919 Accounts receivable 18,409 23,888 Materials and supplies 63,631 12,537 Total current assets 76,056 75,057 Total current assets 907 70,735 Deferred offlows of resources 907 33,522 30,908 Readamation and decommissioning obligation 36,292 3,810 Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives 2,242 3,882 Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives 2,352 3,806 Total deferred outflows of resources 7,333 70,055 Interest isabilities 3,490,747 \$,245 Long-term debt \$3,490,747 \$,245 Long-term debt \$4,600,947 \$,245 And value of derivative instruments \$1,500 1,500 Fair value of derivative instruments \$1,500 1,500 And value property in the property of t			
Materials enceivable		,	· ·
Accounts receivable 18,490 23,888 Materials and supplies 63,631 72,575 Total current assets 36,631 72,575 Total current assets 97 4,406 97,306 Deferred outflows of resources 97 9.73 3,506 8,602 3,506 8,602 3,506 8,602 3,8104 2,542 3,8104 3,606 8,602 3,8104 2,542 3,802 3,806 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,806 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,8104 2,602 3,806 2,602 3,806 2,602 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 3,806 2,605 2,605 2,605 2,605 2,605 2,605 2,605 2,605	·		·
Materials and supplies 31,848 31,368 72,537 Prepaid on other assets 744,000 510,866 Deferred cutflows of resources 97 97 Deferred turflows of persources 98 97 Deferred turflows of resources 98 99 90 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 30,202 30,006			
Prepaid and other assets 63,631 72,537 Total current assets 73,065 73,065 Deferent of times related to pensions 997 973 36,006 Poblestred Items related to pensions 997 973 36,006 36,006 36,002 38,104 36,002 36,002 36,002 36,002 36,002 36,002 36,002 36,002			
Page	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·	·
Defered cutflows of resources	Prepaid and other assets	63,631	72,537
Deferred items related to pensions 997 973 30,006 30,006 30,000	Total current assets	744,092	519,665
Description of refunding 33,522 36,008 36,008 36,002 38,104 Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives 2,542 3,882 7,0085 7,0383 79,055 7,041 assets and deferred outflows of resources 2,462,0546 2,3546,466		_	
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 36,292 38,104 Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives 73,353 79,055 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 4,620,546 \$ 3,546,466 LABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Noncument liabilities Long-term debt \$ 3,499,747 \$ 2,485,917 Long-term debt 9,347 \$ 2,485,917 Fair value of derivative instruments 6,947 7,392 Fair value of derivative instruments 2,018 4,254 Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities 5,901 3,155 Advances from participants 11,300 12,298 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 478 3,936 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 478 3,940 Advances from participants due within one year 80,000 3,940 Accured			
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives 2,542 3,882 Total abserts and deferred outflows of resources 73,353 79,056 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION Noncurrent liabilities Long-term debt \$3,499,747 \$2,485,917 Long-term debt 6,947 7,392 Fair value of derivative instruments 2,618 4,254 Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities 11,300 12,288 Rediamation and decommissioning obligation 23,398 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 25,005 Current liabilities 11,300 12,298 Current over the within one year 105,008 15,205 Advances from participants 47 445 Notes payable and other liabilities within one year 43,358 55,956 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 47 44 Notes payable and accruals 47 18 39,409 Accruded properly tax 2,045 2,816 Accruded properly tax 2,045 2,816 </td <td></td> <td>·</td> <td>·</td>		·	·
Total deferred outflows of resources 73,365 79,065 70,065			·
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	2,542	3,882
Noncurrent liabilities \$ 3,499,747 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,485,917 \$ 2,618 \$ 4,224 \$ 2,618 \$ 4,224 \$ 2,618 \$ 4,224 \$ 2,618 \$ 4,224 \$ 2,618 \$ 2,238 \$ 2,43,805 \$ 2,338 \$ 2,43,805 \$ 2,438	Total deferred outflows of resources	73,353	79,055
Noncurrent liabilities \$ 3,499,747 \$ 2,485,747 Long-term debt \$ 3,499,747 7,392 Fair value of derivative instruments 2,618 4,254 Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities 5,901 3,155 Advances from participants 11,300 12,298 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 253,398 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accured interest 47,183 3,9409 Accoured property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total current liabilities 629 223 Accounds payable and occruals 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total current liabilities 629	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,620,546	\$ 3,546,466
Long-term debt \$ 3,499,747 \$ 2,485,917 Long-term lease liabilities 6,947 7,392 Fair value of derivative instruments 2,618 4,258 Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities 5,901 3,155 Advances from participants 11,300 12,298 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 253,398 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities and within one year 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities of within one year 85,238 147,209 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Account payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,090 Total current liabilities 629 223 Accountage in fair value of hedging derivatives 629	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION		
Long-term lease liabilities 6,947 7,392 Fair value of derivative instruments 2,618 4,254 Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities 5,901 3,155 Advances from participants 11,300 12,298 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 253,398 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities 105,080 152,005 Debt due within one year 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 479 445 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,616 Total current liabilities 506,105 566,080 Total liabilities 669 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,967 Deferred items related to pensions 688 171,1	Noncurrent liabilities		
Fair value of derivative instruments 2,818 4,254 Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities 5,901 3,155 Advances from participants 253,398 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities 0 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accrued property tax 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 506,105 568,800 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,800 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 629 223 Regulatory liability 629 23 Regulatory liability 23,002 8,874 Unamortized gain on refunding <t< td=""><td>Long-term debt</td><td>\$ 3,499,747</td><td>\$ 2,485,917</td></t<>	Long-term debt	\$ 3,499,747	\$ 2,485,917
Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities 5,911 3,155 Advances from participants 11,300 12,298 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 253,398 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued inferest 47,183 39,409 Accrued property tax 201,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 4,286,010 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 8 2 Regulatory liability 506,105 568,080 Accrumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability 23,002 8,874 Unamortized gain on refundi	Long-term lease liabilities	6,947	7,392
Advances from participants 11,300 12,288 Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 253,398 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities Debt due within one year 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 47,183 39,409 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total current liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 2 2,05 Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability 23,002 8,74 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,719 9,36 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,36 <td>Fair value of derivative instruments</td> <td>2,618</td> <td>4,254</td>	Fair value of derivative instruments	2,618	4,254
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation 253,388 243,805 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accrued property lax 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 506,105 568,080 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total iabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 223 223 Requisitory liability 629 223 Regulatory liability 629 223 Poleferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 683,749 39,358 Restricted 1,084,356 722,861	Notes payable, net pension and OPEB liabilities	5,901	3,155
Total noncurrent liabilities 3,779,911 2,756,821 Current liabilities 105,080 152,005 Debt due within one year 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accounds payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 223 Accountulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 171 4,286,016 3,302 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted	Advances from participants	11,300	12,298
Current liabilities Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued properly tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 629 223 Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 8 171 Unmortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted	Reclamation and decommissioning obligation	253,398	243,805
Debt due within one year 105,080 152,005 Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 629 223 Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Total noncurrent liabilities	3,779,911	2,756,821
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities 479 445 Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accouled interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability 9 9 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Current liabilities		
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year 34,358 35,956 Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Debt due within one year	105,080	152,005
Advances from participants due within one year 85,238 147,209 Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 8 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	479	445
Accrued interest 47,183 39,409 Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	34,358	35,956
Accounts payable and accruals 231,722 190,895 Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Advances from participants due within one year	85,238	147,209
Accrued property tax 2,045 2,161 Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 223 Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198		47,183	39,409
Total current liabilities 506,105 568,080 Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 20 223 Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 8 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198			190,895
Total liabilities 4,286,016 3,324,901 Deferred inflows of resources 629 223 Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Accrued property tax	2,045	2,161
Deferred inflows of resources Commulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Total current liabilities	506,105	568,080
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives 629 223 Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position 8 1,064,356 722,861 Net investment in capital assets (69,796) (120,305) Restricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Total liabilities	4,286,016	3,324,901
Regulatory liability - 99 Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198			
Deferred items related to pensions 88 171 Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources Net position Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	· ·	629	
Unamortized gain on refunding 23,002 8,874 Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position 8,874 9,367 Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources 23,719 9,367 Net position (683,749) (390,358) Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Deferred items related to pensions	88	171
Net position (683,749) (390,358) Net investment in capital assets (684,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Unamortized gain on refunding	23,002	8,874
Net investment in capital assets (683,749) (390,358) Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198	Total deferred inflows of resources	23,719	9,367
Restricted 1,064,356 722,861 Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198			
Unrestricted (69,796) (120,305) Total net position 310,811 212,198			
Total net position 310,811 212,198			
	Unrestricted	(69,796)	(120,305)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position \$ 4,620,546 \$ 3,546,466	Total net position	310,811	212,198
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 4,620,546	\$ 3,546,466

Southern California Public Power Authority Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023 (Restated)
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 1,002,581 81,361 36,550	\$ 1,079,063 112,655 37,243
Total operating revenues	1,120,492	1,228,961
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning Pension and other benefits expense	905,824 83,649 11,416 1,812 172	1,038,619 85,459 11,542 1,812 16
Total operating expenses	1,002,873	1,137,448
Operating income	117,619	91,513
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of decommissioning liability Derivative gain Other interest and debt expense	41,554 (6,557) 616 (61,312)	23,415 (6,361) 6,263 (56,318)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(25,699)	(33,001)
Change in net position	91,920	58,512
Net position – beginning of year	212,198	164,293
Deferred credit true-up estimates to actual		(17,211)
Net position - beginning of year, as adjusted	212,198	147,082
Net contributions (distributions) by participants	6,693	6,604
Net position – end of year	\$ 310,811	\$ 212,198

Southern California Public Power Authority

Combined Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024		
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	004.070	\$	040 500
Receipts from participants Receipts (payments) from sale of oil and gas	Ф	904,872 10,870	Ф	919,529 (9,758)
Payments to operating managers		(716,248)		(654,734)
Other disbursements and receipts				35,252
Other dispulsements and receipts		7,583		33,232
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		207,077		290,289
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Advances by participants, net		7,229		1,992
Cash flows from capital financing activities				
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(985,159)		(220,515)
Debt interest payments		(92,341)		(80,278)
Lease interest payments		(431)		(452)
Principal payments on leases		(413)		(389)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		1,711,617		858,866
Proceeds from swap suspension		3,212		-
Transfer of funds from (to) escrow		(561,408)		(72,596)
Principal payments on debt		(152,005)		(140,230)
Payment for bond issue costs		(7,504)		(3,515)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related				
financing activities		(84,432)		340,891
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received on investments		32,179		14,586
Purchases of investments		(1,153,295)		(1,026,233)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		1,227,006		530,961
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		105,890		(480,686)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		235,764		152,486
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		386,975		234,489
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	622,739	\$	386,975
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities				
Operating income	\$	117,619	\$	91,513
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	•	,	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
by operating activities				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		83,649		85,459
Decommissioning		1,812		1,812
Amortization of nuclear fuel		11,416		11,542
Pension and other benefits expense		172		16
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable		6,463		4,858
Accounts payable and accruals		(83,936)		38,540
Other		69,882		56,549
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	207,077	\$	290,289
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position				
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	442,760	\$	245,407
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		179,979		141,568
	\$	622,739	\$	386,975

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Generation June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

400570	Pal	o Verde	Sa	an Juan		Magnolia Power		Canyon Power	Ap	ex Power
ASSETS										
Noncurrent assets	•	007.407	•		Φ.	447.000	Φ.	407.000	Φ.	222 222
Net utility plant	\$	237,197	\$	-	\$	117,229	\$	167,638	\$	223,999
Net lease asset		-		-		3,053		1,650		-
Investments – restricted		204,155		23,704		48,632		13,095		2,263
Investments – unrestricted		8,473		2,479		-		-		3,155
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		1,794		629		-
Total noncurrent assets		449,825		26,183		170,708		183,012		229,417
Current assets										
		5,278				17,141		6,993		12,849
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted				656				1,129		
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		8,576				23,760				17,232
Interest receivable		1,736		209		270		34		58
Accounts receivable		1,512		-		195		32		
Materials and supplies		12,713				11,737		806		5,828
Prepaid and other assets		842		16		42		16		663
Total current assets		30,657		881		53,145		9,010		36,630
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unamortized loss on refunding		-		-		8,440		19,544		-
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		29,885		-		-		-		5,406
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-				87				
Total deferred outflows of resources		29,885		_		8,527		19,544		5,406
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	510,367	\$	27,064	\$	232,380	\$	211,566	\$	271,453
LIABILITIES										
Noncurrent liabilities										
Long-term debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	220,755	\$	247,912	\$	214,612
Long-term lease liabilities		_		_		3,042		1,726		· -
Fair value of derivative instruments		_		_		163		.,. 25		_
Notes payable and other liabilities						2,691				
· ·		211 017		26 207		2,091		-		12 101
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		211,017		26,207				<u>-</u>		12,184
Total noncurrent liabilities		211,017		26,207		226,651		249,638		226,796
Current liabilities										
Current liabilities						44 205		40.500		
Debt due within one year		-		-		11,325		13,560		-
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities		-		-		250		81		-
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year		-		-		34,358		.		· · -
Advances from participants due within one year		-		-		22,381		3,215		25,905
Accrued interest		-		-		5,298		1,996		722
Accounts payable and accruals		8,227		510		6,333		1,580		11,450
Accrued property tax		1,500		-		-		-		-
Total current liabilities		9,727		510		79,945		20,432		38,077
Total liabilities		220,744		26,717	_	306,596	_	270,070	_	264,873
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unamortized gain on refunding		-		-		-		16		7,631
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives				-		-		629		-
Total deferred inflows of resources				_		-		645		7,631
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		237,197		-		(106,649)		(74,463)		1,756
Restricted		29,978		-		15,726		14,910		-
Unrestricted		22,448		347		16,707		404		(2,807)
Total not position		200 000		247		(74.040)		(EQ 440)		(4.054)
Total net position		289,623		347		(74,216)		(59,149)		(1,051)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	510,367	\$	27,064	\$	232,380	\$	211,566	\$	271,453
		·				· 				

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Generation June 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Palo Verde	San Juan	Magnolia Power (Restated)	Canyon Power	Apex Power
ASSETS					
Noncurrent assets					
Net utility plant	\$ 244,920	\$ -	\$ 126,096	\$ 176,873	\$ 235,344
Net lease asset	-	-	3,319	1,759	-
Investments – restricted	197,554	23,435	50,092	16,422	21,073
Investments – unrestricted	8,393	-	14,124	- 000	-
Fair value of derivative instruments			1,471	223	
Total noncurrent assets	450,867	23,435	195,102	195,277	256,417
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	3,257	_	15,449	5,338	9,279
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	10,834	209	9,558	3,995	6,016
Interest receivable	671	159	310	46	27
Accounts receivable	1,467	-	648	-	-
Materials and supplies	12,588	-	11,485	806	6,487
Prepaid and other assets	935	16	282	32	9,354
Total current assets	29,752	384	37,732	10,217	31,163
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unamortized loss on refunding	-	-	9,759	21,396	-
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation	31,237	-	-	-	5,773
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives			303		
Total deferred outflows of resources	31,237		10,062	21,396	5,773
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 511,856	\$ 23,819	\$ 242,896	\$ 226,890	\$ 293,353
LIABILITIES					
Noncurrent liabilities	•	•	¢ 004.005	¢ 000 407	ф 000 400
Long-term debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 234,085	\$ 262,437	\$ 238,132
Long-term lease liabilities Fair value of derivative instruments	-	-	3,292 675	1,807	-
Notes payable and other liabilities	-	-	225	-	-
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation	204,928	23,171	225	_	11,832
Total noncurrent liabilities	204,928	23,171	238,277	264,244	249,964
Current liabilities					
Debt due within one year	-	-	10,760	13,245	10,830
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	-	-	237	76	-
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	-	-	35,956		-
Advances from participants due within one year	-	-	22,129	5,721	22,960
Accrued interest	10.649	- 519	4,734 6,606	2,023 3,891	5,558 3,782
Accounts payable and accruals Accrued property tax	10,648 1,500	519	0,000	3,091	3,762
Total current liabilities	12,148	519	80,422	24,956	43,130
Total liabilities	217,076	23,690	318,699	289,200	293,094
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	-	-	223	-
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	244,920	-	(109,199)	(77,536)	(10,523)
Restricted	27,744	46	14,480	14,053	-
Unrestricted	22,116	83	18,916	950	10,782
Total net position	294,780	129	(75,803)	(62,533)	259
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 511,856	\$ 23,819	\$ 242,896	\$ 226,890	\$ 293,353

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Green Power June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

		Fieton dropower	Milford I Wind	Milford II Wind	Windy Point	Linden Wind Energy	Clean Energy
ASSETS							
Noncurrent assets	•	20.002	φ	φ	\$ -	\$ 66,333	¢.
Net utility plant Net lease asset	\$	28,003	\$ -	\$ -	Б -	2,004	\$ -
Investments – restricted		2,420	10,193	5,529	_	2,00-	21,612
Investments – unrestricted		-	-	-	6,999	-	-
Prepaid and other assets			51,143	53,617	142,440		598,026
Total noncurrent assets		30,423	61,336	59,146	149,439	68,337	619,638
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		1,762	8,579	3,354	10,489	333	933
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		1,057	6,571	3,597	9,430	5,735	-
Interest receivable		6	35	6	12	12	7
Accounts receivable		-	205	362	339	67	-
Materials and supplies		3	- 11 600		-	-	-
Prepaid and other assets	_		11,682	8,699	28,133	96	
Total current assets		2,828	27,072	16,018	48,403	6,243	940
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unamortized loss on refunding Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		365	-	-	-	2,527 258	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		365				2,785	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	33,616	\$ 88,408	\$ 75,164	\$ 197,842	\$ 77,365	\$ 620,578
Total about and adjoined dutilows of recourses	Ψ	00,010	Ψ 00,100	Ψ 70,101	ψ 107,012	Ψ 77,000	Ψ 020,010
LIABILITIES							
Noncurrent liabilities	_						
Long-term debt	\$	34,085	\$ 71,787	\$ 69,039	\$ 155,469	\$ 74,765	\$ 624,419
Long-term lease liabilities Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		1,046	-	-	-	2,179 857	-
reclamation and decommissioning obligation		1,040				037	
Total noncurrent liabilities		35,131	71,787	69,039	155,469	77,801	624,419
Current liabilities							
Debt due within one year		1,300	11,115	6,950	13,340	-	-
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities		-	-	-	-	148	-
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from participants due within one year		202	2,770	250	1,000	2,004	
Accrued interest		752	1,891	1,660	4,046	201	2,550
Accounts payable and accruals Accrued property tax		701	6,741	2,599	7,966 357	2,408 138	677
Total current liabilities		2,955	22,517	11,459	26,709	4,899	3,227
Total liabilities		38,086	94,304	80,498	182,178	82,700	627,646
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unamortized gain on refunding		439	587	1,356	12,973		
Total deferred inflows of resources		439	587	1,356	12,973	_	_
				,	,		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		(7,821)	-	-	-	(6,228)	-
Restricted		2,753	(6.400)	(0.000)		-	(7,000)
Unrestricted		159	(6,483)	(6,690)	2,691	893	(7,068)
Total net position		(4,909)	(6,483)	(6,690)	2,691	(5,335)	(7,068)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	33,616	\$ 88,408	\$ 75,164	\$ 197,842	\$ 77,365	\$ 620,578

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Green Power June 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Tieton Hydropower	Milford I Wind	Milford II Wind	Windy Point	Linden Wind Energy	Clean Energy
ASSETS						
Noncurrent assets						
Net utility plant	\$ 29,501	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,147	\$ -
Net lease asset			-	-	2,165	-
Investments – restricted	2,720	9,945	6,000	61,290	11,876	-
Investments – unrestricted	-		420	2,957	-	-
Prepaid and other assets		62,820	62,314	169,890		
Total noncurrent assets	32,221	72,765	68,734	234,137	86,188	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	1,415	8,552	2,594	8,045	3,839	_
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	1,107	5,383	3,714	8,620	168	_
Interest receivable	6	34	28	391	32	_
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	3,265	_
Materials and supplies	_	_	_	_	-	_
Prepaid and other assets	3	11,682	8,700	28,075	98	_
'						
Total current assets	2,531	25,651	15,036	45,131	7,402	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation	388	_	_	_	281	_
3 3						
Total deferred outflows of resources	388				281	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 35,140	\$ 98,416	\$ 83,770	\$ 279,268	\$ 93,871	\$ -
LIABILITIES						
Noncurrent liabilities						
Long-term debt	\$ 35,968	\$ 85,723	\$ 78,686	\$ 249,290	\$ 82,923	\$ -
Long-term lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	2,293	
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation	1,016	_	_	_	832	_
3 3						
Total noncurrent liabilities	36,984	85,723	78,686	249,290	86,048	
Current liabilities						
Debt due within one year	1,225	10,590	6,620	12,265	4,735	_
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities	-,	-	-	-,	132	-
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from participants due within one year	202	2,770	250	54,831	10,724	-
Accrued interest	788	2,155	1,825	6,246	2,356	-
Accounts payable and accruals	749	5,361	2,659	7,613	865	-
Accrued property tax				378	146	
Total current liabilities	2,964	20,876	11,354	81,333	18,958	
Total liabilities	39,948	106,599	90,040	330,623	105,006	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unamortized gain on refunding	484	1,151	1,822	5,375	42	
Total deferred inflows of resources	484	1,151	1,822	5,375	42	
NET POSITION						
	(7.602)				(15,770)	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	(7,692) 2,241	-	-	-	12,798	-
Unrestricted		(0.334)	(8 003)	(56.730)		-
Omestricted	159	(9,334)	(8,092)	(56,730)	(8,205)	
Total net position	(5,292)	(9,334)	(8,092)	(56,730)	(11,177)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and						
net position	\$ 35,140	\$ 98,416	\$ 83,770	\$ 279,268	\$ 93,871	\$ -

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Transmission June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Southern Transmission System		Mead-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto		
ASSETS	System	System Renewal	Weau-Filloellix	Meau-Adelanto		
Noncurrent assets						
Net utility plant	\$ 87,949	\$ 601,757	\$ 33,904	\$ 68,906		
Investments – restricted	26,710	537,631	877	1,459		
Advance to IPA – restricted	10,930	34,590	-	-		
Fair value of derivative instruments	-	-	-	-		
Regulatory asset	-	3,766	-	-		
Prepaid and other assets						
Total noncurrent assets	125,589	1,177,744	34,781	70,365		
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	9,457	335,801	2,532	2,644		
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	391	-	1,090	278		
Interest receivable	46	4,115	12	8		
Accounts receivable	170	2	31	108		
Prepaid and other assets	25		1	626		
Total current assets	10,089	339,918	3,666	3,664		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unamortized loss on refunding	3,011	-	-	-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,011					
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 138,689	\$ 1,517,662	\$ 38,447	\$ 74,029		
LIABILITIES						
Noncurrent liabilities						
Long-term debt	\$ 92,684	\$ 1,404,374	\$ 12,291	\$ 15,137		
Long-term lease liability	-	-	-	-		
Advances from participants	-	-	-	-		
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation						
Total noncurrent liabilities	92,684	1,404,374	12,291	15,137		
Current liabilities						
Debt due within one year	27,055	_	1,595	1,965		
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	-	_	-	-		
Advances from participants due within one year	_	_	504	504		
Accrued interest	2,850	21,484	324	400		
Accounts payable and accruals	467	91,804	1,357	1,375		
Total current liabilities	30,372	113,288	3,780	4,244		
DEFENDED INCLOSES OF DESCRIPTION						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Regulatory liability						
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	123,056	1,517,662	16,071	19,381		
. Stat has had dolored inform of 100001000	120,000	.,011,002	10,011	10,001		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	(28,779)	(798,851)	20,017	51,803		
Restricted	44,293	798,852	3,099	3,205		
Unrestricted	119	(1)	(740)	(360)		
Total net position	15,633		22,376	54,648		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and						
net position	\$ 138,689	\$ 1,517,662	\$ 38,447	\$ 74,029		

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Transmission June 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Southern Transmission System		Tra	Southern Insmission em Renewal	Mea	d-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto		
ASSETS		- you				4 1 110011111		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Noncurrent assets									
Net utility plant	\$	91,995	\$	215,801	\$	36,336	\$	74,757	
Investments – restricted		54,682		469,279		1,460		1,580	
Advance to IPA – restricted		10,930		4,445		-		-	
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid and other assets		-						-	
Total noncurrent assets		157,607		689,525		37,796		76,337	
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		23,422		130,669		2,274		2,000	
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		825		-		1,432		906	
Interest receivable		54		1,871		14		11	
Accounts receivable		3,066		, <u> </u>		-		-	
Prepaid and other assets		21		-		56		589	
Total current assets		27,388		132,540		3,776		3,506	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unamortized loss on refunding		4,941		-					
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,941							
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	189,936	\$	822,065	\$	41,572	\$	79,843	
LIABILITIES									
Noncurrent liabilities									
Long-term debt	\$	122,166	\$	785,311	\$	14,218	\$	17,510	
Long-term debt Long-term lease liability	Ψ	122,100	Ψ	705,511	Ψ	14,210	Ψ	17,510	
Advances from participants		_		_		_		_	
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		-		-		-		-	
Recialitation and decommissioning obligation									
Total noncurrent liabilities		122,166		785,311		14,218		17,510	
Current liabilities									
Debt due within one year		62,825		_		1,535		1,870	
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year		-		_		-		-	
Advances from participants due within one year		_		_		504		504	
Accrued interest		4,420		5,274		355		446	
Accounts payable and accruals		7,760		31,381		2,062		1,387	
Total current liabilities		75,005		36,655		4,456		4,207	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Regulatory liability				99					
Total liabilities		197,171		822,065		18,674		21,717	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		(88,056)		(437,068)		20,583		55,377	
Restricted		84,667		437,068		3,392		2,638	
Unrestricted		(3,846)				(1,077)		111	
Total net position		(7,235)				22,898		58,126	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and									
net position	\$	189,936	\$	822,065	\$	41,572	\$	79,843	

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Natural Gas June 30, 2024

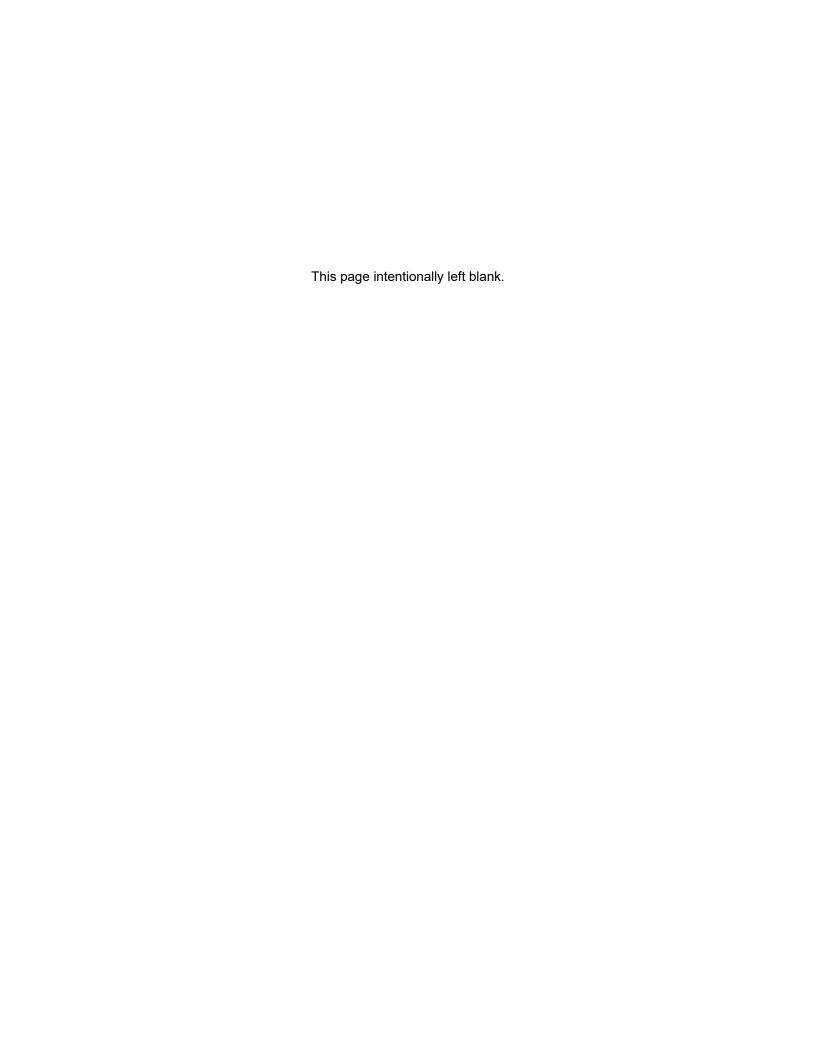
	P	inedale	E	Barnett	Prepaid Natural Gas		
ASSETS							
Noncurrent assets	\$	10.710	\$	04.000	\$		
Net utility plant Investments – restricted	Φ	18,719 498	Ф	21,232 36,751	Φ	16,637	
Investments – restricted		700		30,731		10,037	
Prepaid and other assets		126				123,199	
Total noncurrent assets		20,043		57,983		139,836	
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		2.756		5.106		4.004	
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		3,251		1,626		1,072	
Interest receivable		14		420		81	
Accounts receivable		1,506		363		1,898	
Prepaid and other assets		512		1		12,152	
Total current assets		8,039		7,516		19,207	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		306		72		_	
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-		-		2,455	
Total deferred outflows of resources		306		72		2,455	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	28,388	\$	65,571	\$	161,498	
LIABILITIES							
Noncurrent liabilities							
Long-term debt	\$	8,098	\$	19.067	\$	235,253	
Fair value of derivative instruments	·	-	,	-	·	2,455	
Advances from participants		7,815		3,485		-	
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		1,722		365			
Total noncurrent liabilities		17,635		22,917		237,708	
Current liabilities							
Debt due within one year		1,201		2,824		12,850	
Advances from participants due within one year		3,291		897		12,000	
Accrued interest		274		647		2,088	
Accounts payable and accruals		1,818		410		683	
Accrued property tax		50		-			
Total current liabilities		6,634		4,778		15,621	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total liabilities		24,269		27,695		253,329	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		1,395		21,232		-	
Restricted		-		15,058		-	
Unrestricted		2,724		1,586		(91,831)	
Total net position		4,119		37,876		(91,831)	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	28,388	\$	65,571	\$	161,498	

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Natural Gas June 30, 2023

	Pinedale		E	Barnett	Prepaid Natural Gas		
ASSETS							
Noncurrent assets							
Net utility plant	\$	20,376	\$	23,260	\$	-	
Investments – restricted		1,079		37,041		16,368	
Investments – unrestricted		-		-		-	
Prepaid and other assets		126			-	135,996	
Total noncurrent assets		21,581		60,301		152,364	
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		1,988		4,952		3,270	
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		2,812		528		798	
Interest receivable		12		262		79	
Accounts receivable		650		680		1,827	
Prepaid and other assets		512		1		12,046	
Total current assets		5,974		6,423		18,020	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		344		81			
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-		-		3,579	
Total deferred outflows of resources		344		81		3,579	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	27,899	\$	66,805	\$	173,963	
LIABILITIES							
Noncurrent liabilities							
Long-term debt	\$	9,299	\$	21,891	\$	248,278	
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		3,579	
Advances from participants		8,474		3,824		-	
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		1,672		354		=	
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,445		26,069		251,857	
Current liabilities							
Debt due within one year		1,270		2,985		11,250	
Advances from participants due within one year		1,408		927		11,230	
Accrued interest		311		731		2,187	
Accounts payable and accruals		2,236		2,417		438	
Accrued property tax		137		_,		-	
Total current liabilities		5,362		7,060		13,875	
Total liabilities		24,807		33,129		265,732	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		1,056		27,721		-	
Restricted		943		7,153		=	
Unrestricted		1,093		(1,198)		(91,769)	
Total net position		3,092		33,676		(91,769)	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	27,899	\$	66,805	\$	173,963	

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Power Purchase Agreements June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024		2023
ASSETS			
Noncurrent assets Investments – unrestricted	\$	- \$	28,097
Total noncurrent assets		<u>-</u> _	28,097
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets	94,5 1 11,5	52	27 84,663 177 12,265 135
Total current assets	106,3	64	97,267
Total assets	\$ 106,3	<u>\$</u>	125,364
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$ 22,3 83,6		24,279 100,521
Total current liabilities	105,9	57	124,800
Total liabilities	105,9	57	124,800
NET POSITION Unrestricted	4	.07	564
Total net position	4	.07	564
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 106,3	64 \$	125,364



Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Miscellaneous June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

ASSETS Noncurrent assets Net utility plant Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted				Projects' Stabilization Fund		PA Fund	Total Combined	
Net utility plant Investments – restricted								
Investments – restricted	•		•		•	5.040	•	4 070 500
	\$	-	\$	100.054	\$	5,642	\$	1,678,508
investinents – unrestricted		-		123,654		-		1,075,820 21,806
Net lease asset		-		-		-		6,707
Advance to IPA – restricted								45,520
Fair value of derivative instruments		_						2,423
Regulatory asset		_		_		_		3,766
Prepaid and other assets		-		_		-		968,551
Total noncurrent assets		_		123,654		5,642		3,803,101
Current assets		000		11.015				440.760
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		822		11,915		-		442,760
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable		2		913		-		179,979
Accounts receivable		150		913		-		8,148 18,490
		130		-		-		
Materials and supplies Prepaid and other assets		-		-		-		31,084 63,631
Frepaid and other assets							_	03,031
Total current assets		974		12,828				744,092
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items related to pensions		-		-		997		997
Unamortized loss on refunding		-		-		-		33,522
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		-		-		-		36,292 2,542
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives							_	
Total deferred outflows of resources			_			997	_	73,353
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	974	\$	136,482	\$	6,639	\$	4,620,546
LIABILITIES								
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,499,747
Long-term lease liabilities		-		-		-		6,947
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		-		2,618
Notes payable, other, net pension and OPEB liabilities		-		-		3,210		5,901
Advances from participants		-		-		-		11,300
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation		-						253,398
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		-		3,210	_	3,779,911
Current liabilities								
Debt due within one year		-		-		-		105,080
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities								479
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year		-		-		-		34,358
Advances from participants due within one year		-		-		-		85,238
Accrued interest		-		-		-		47,183
Accounts payable and accruals		974		-		-		231,722
Accrued property tax		-					_	2,045
Total current liabilities		974					_	506,105
Total liabilities		974				3,210		4,286,016
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives		-		-		-		629
Regulatory liability		-		-		-		-
Deferred items related to pensions		-		-		88		88
Unamortized gain on refunding								23,002
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		_		88		23,719
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		5,642		(683,749)
Restricted		-		136,482		_		1,064,356
Unrestricted				-		(2,301)		(69,796)
Total net position		_		136,482		3,341		310,811
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						-,,,,,,	_	2.3,0.1
and net position	\$	974	\$	136,482	\$	6,639	\$	4,620,546

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Net Position – Miscellaneous June 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Project Development Fund	Projects' Stabilization Fund	SCPPA Fund	Total Combined (Restated)
ASSETS				
Noncurrent assets Net utility plant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,829	\$ 1,353,235
Investments – restricted	-	103,166	-	1,085,062
Investments – unrestricted	-	-	-	53,991
Net lease asset	-	-	-	7,243
Advance to IPA – restricted Fair Value of derivative investments	-	-	-	15,375 1,694
Prepaid and other assets	-	-	-	431,146
Total noncurrent assets		103,166	5,829	2,947,746
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	-	19,037	-	245,407
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	-	-	-	141,568
Interest receivable	-	735	-	4,919
Accounts receivable Materials and supplies	-	-	-	23,868 31,366
Prepaid and other assets	-	-	-	72,537
1 Topula and other access				72,007
Total current assets	-	19,772	-	519,665
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred items related to pensions Unamortized loss on refunding	-	-	973	973 36,096
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation	-	-	-	38,104
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	-	-	3,882
Total deferred outflows of resources	-		973	79,055
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ -	\$ 122,938	\$ 6,802	\$ 3,546,466
LIABILITIES				
Noncurrent liabilities				
Long-term debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,485,917
Long-term lease liabilities	-	-	-	7,392
Fair value of derivative instruments	-	-	-	4,254
Notes payable, other, net pension and OPEB liabilities	-	-	2,930	3,155
Advances from participants	-	-	-	12,298
Reclamation and decommissioning obligation				243,805
Total noncurrent liabilities			2,930	2,756,821
Current liabilities				
Debt due within one year	-	-	-	152,005
Current portion of long-term lease liabilities Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	-	-	-	445 35,956
Advances from participants due within one year		-	-	147,209
Accrued interest	_	_	-	39,409
Accounts payable and accruals	-	-	-	190,895
Accrued property tax				2,161
Total current liabilities				568,080
Total liabilities			2,930	3,324,901
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	-	-	223
Regulatory liability	-	-	-	99
Deferred items related to pensions	-	-	171	171
Unamortized gain on refunding				8,874
Total deferred inflows of resources			171	9,367
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	5,829	(390,358)
Restricted	•	122,938	-	722,861
Unrestricted	-		(2,128)	(120,305)
Total net position		122,938	3,701	212,198
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, and				
net position	\$ -	\$ 122,938	\$ 6,802	\$ 3,546,466

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Generation for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pa	Palo Verde San Juan		San Juan		J		•		Canyon Power		Apex Power	
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services	\$	66,918	\$	142	\$	105,005	\$	34,947	\$	127,989			
Sales of natural gas													
Total operating revenues		66,918		142		105,005		34,947		127,989			
Operating expenses													
Operations and maintenance		43,171		202		91,484		16,817		102,963			
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		22,816		-		9,475		9,428		17,380			
Amortization of nuclear fuel		11,416		-		-		-		-			
Decommissioning		1,352								367			
Total operating expenses		78,755		202		100,959		26,245		120,710			
Operating income (loss)		(11,837)		(60)		4,046		8,702		7,279			
Non-operating revenues (expenses)													
Investment and other income (loss)		12,769		278		3,939		884		1,870			
Inflation of decommissioning liability		(6,089)		-		· -		-		(352)			
Derivative gain (loss)		-		-		616		-		-			
Other interest and debt expense				<u>-</u>		(7,014)		(6,202)		(10,107)			
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		6,680		278		(2,459)		(5,318)		(8,589)			
Change in net position		(5,157)		218		1,587		3,384		(1,310)			
Net position – beginning of year		294,780		129		(75,803)		(62,533)		259			
Net contributions (distributions) by participants				_		-		-		_			
Net position – end of year	\$	289,623	\$	347	\$	(74,216)	\$	(59,149)	\$	(1,051)			

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Generation for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Palo Verde	Magnolia Power San Juan (Restated)		Power Canyon		Power Canyon	
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 62,026 - -	\$ 100 - -	\$ 151,352 - -	\$ 38,691 - -	\$ 225,874 - -		
Total operating revenues	62,026	100	151,352	38,691	225,874		
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	38,791 23,211 11,542 1,352	107 - -	133,300 10,312 -	19,329 9,911 - -	199,252 16,892 - 367		
Total operating expenses	74,896	107	143,612	29,240	216,511		
Operating income (loss)	(12,870)	(7)	7,740	9,451	9,363		
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income (loss) Inflation of decommissioning liability Derivative gain (loss) Other interest and debt expense	3,315 (5,909) - -	(63) - -	2,224 - 6,263 (7,334)	672 - - (7,837)	1,281 (341) - (10,367)		
Net Non-operating revenues (expenses)	(2,594)	(63)	1,153	(7,165)	(9,427)		
Change in net position	(15,464)	(70)	8,893	2,286	(64)		
Net position – beginning of year	310,244	199	(67,485)	(64,819)	323		
Deferred credit true-up estimates to actual			(17,211)				
Net position - beginning of year, as adjusted	-	-	(84,696)	-	-		
Net contributions (distributions) by participants							
Net position – end of year	\$ 294,780	\$ 129	\$ (75,803)	\$ (62,533)	\$ 259		

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Green Power for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

			Milford II Wind	Windy Point	Linden Wind Energy	Clean Energy
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 4,908 - -	\$ 23,120 - -	\$ 14,320 - -	\$ 137,965 - -	\$ 23,343	\$ - - -
Total operating revenues	4,908	23,120	14,320	137,965	23,343	
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	2,325 1,498 - 23	20,845 - - -	13,142 - - -	76,755 - - -	8,758 5,975 - 23	- - - -
Total operating expenses	3,846	20,845	13,142	76,755	14,756	
Operating income (loss)	1,062	2,275	1,178	61,210	8,587	
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of decommissioning liability Derivative gain (loss) Other interest and debt expense	228 (30) - (877)	1,034 - - (458)	434 - - (210)	2,306 - - (4,095)	918 (25) - (3,638)	91 - - (7,159)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(679)	576	224	(1,789)	(2,745)	(7,068)
Change in net position	383	2,851	1,402	59,421	5,842	(7,068)
Net position – beginning of year	(5,292)	(9,334)	(8,092)	(56,730)	(11,177)	
Net contributions (distributions) by participants						
Net position – end of year	\$ (4,909)	\$ (6,483)	\$ (6,690)	\$ 2,691	\$ (5,335)	\$ (7,068)

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Green Power for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Tieton Hydropower		lilford I Wind	Milford II Wind		Windy Point	Linden Wind		Clean Energy	
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services	\$ 5,165 -	\$	29,009	\$	15,577 -	\$ 66,139 -	\$	18,138 -	\$	- -
Sales of natural gas Total operating revenues	5,165		29,009		15,577	66,139		18,138		<u>-</u>
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	2,449 1,515 - 23		26,136 - - -		14,072 - - -	69,982 - - -		9,558 5,974 - 23		- - - -
Total operating expenses	 3,987		26,136		14,072	69,982		15,555		
Operating income (loss)	 1,178		2,873		1,505	 (3,843)		2,583		
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income (loss) Inflation of decommissioning liability Derivative gain (loss) Other interest and debt expense	150 (29) - (948)		681 - - (573)		296 - - (224)	2,132 - - (2,354)		1,247 (24) - (3,075)		- - -
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(827)		108		72	(222)		(1,852)		
Change in net position	351		2,981		1,577	(4,065)		731		-
Net position – beginning of year	 (5,643)		(12,315)		(9,669)	 (52,665)		(11,908)		
Net contributions (distributions) by participants									,	
Net position – end of year	\$ (5,292)	\$	(9,334)	\$	(8,092)	\$ (56,730)	\$	(11,177)	\$	

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Transmission for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Southern Transmission System	Southern Transmission System Renewal	Mead-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto
Operating revenues				
Sales of electric energy	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	68,198	598 	4,083	8,482
Total operating revenues	68,198	598	4,083	8,482
Operating expenses				
Operations and maintenance	36,810	10	1,711	5,440
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	4,046	-	2,792	6,331
Amortization of nuclear fuel	, <u> </u>	-	-	, -
Decommissioning				
Total operating expenses	40,856	10	4,503	11,771
Operating income (loss)	27,342	588	(420)	(3,289)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of decommissioning liability Derivative gain (loss)	728	- -	216	202
Other interest and debt expense	(5,202)	(588)	(318)	(391)
·		<u> </u>		, ,
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(4,474)	(588)	(102)	(189)
Change in net position	22,868	-	(522)	(3,478)
Net position – beginning of year	(7,235)		22,898	58,126
Net contributions (distributions) by participants				
Net position – end of year	\$ 15,633	\$ -	\$ 22,376	\$ 54,648

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Transmission for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Southern Transmission System	Southern Transmission System Renewal	Mead-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto
Operating revenues				
Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ - 102,510 -	\$ - - -	\$ - 3,965 -	\$ - 6,180 -
Total operating revenues	102,510		3,965	6,180
Operating expenses				
Operations and maintenance	31,841	-	1,555	3,569
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	4,046	-	2,792	6,330
Amortization of nuclear fuel	-	-	-	-
Decommissioning				
Total operating expenses	35,887		4,347	9,899
Operating income (loss)	66,623		(382)	(3,719)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Investment and other income (loss)	2,276	-	153	143
Inflation of decommissioning liability	-	-	-	-
Derivative gain (loss)	-	-	-	-
Other interest and debt expense	(7,009)		(338)	(417)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(4,733)		(185)	(274)
Change in net position	61,890	-	(567)	(3,993)
Net position – beginning of year	(69,125)		23,465	62,119
Net contributions (distributions) by participants				
Net position – end of year	\$ (7,235)	\$ -	\$ 22,898	\$ 58,126

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Natural Gas for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

On creating a revenue	Pinedale	Barnett	Prepaid Natural Gas
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales of transmission services	-	-	-
Sales of natural gas	4,257	7,697	24,596
Total operating revenues	4,257	7,697	24,596
Operating expenses			
Operations and maintenance	1,131	2,313	12,478
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	1,660	2,043	-
Amortization of nuclear fuel	-	-	-
Decommissioning	38_	9	
Total operating expenses	2,829	4,365	12,478
Operating income (loss)	1,428	3,332	12,118
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Investment and other income	198	2,173	1,030
Inflation of decommissioning liability	(50)	(11)	-
Derivative gain (loss)	-	-	-
Other interest and debt expense	(549)	(1,294)	(13,210)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(401)	868	(12,180)
Change in net position	1,027	4,200	(62)
Net position – beginning of year	3,092	33,676	(91,769)
Net contributions (distributions) by participants			
Net position – end of year	\$ 4,119	\$ 37,876	\$ (91,831)

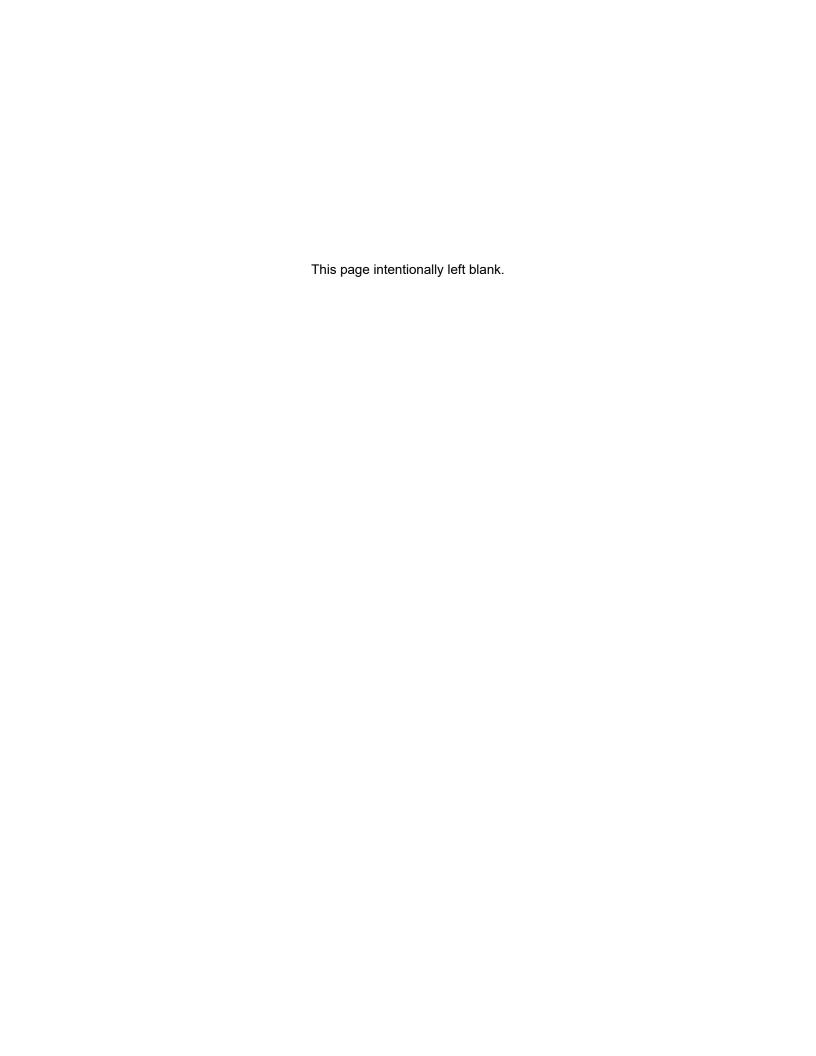
Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Natural Gas for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pined					Prepaid tural Gas
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Sales of transmission services	•	-	*	-	•	-
Sales of natural gas		5,141		8,539		23,563
Total operating revenues		5,141		8,539		23,563
Operating expenses						
Operations and maintenance		2,613		3,720		12,298
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		1,868		2,407		-
Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning		38		9		-
Decommissioning		30		9		
Total operating expenses		4,519		6,136		12,298
Operating income (loss)		622		2,403		11,265
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Investment and other income (loss)		126		1,192		994
Inflation of decommissioning liability		(48)		(10)		-
Derivative gain (loss)		- (222)		-		- (40 704)
Other interest and debt expense		(620)		(1,461)		(13,761)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		(542)		(279)		(12,767)
Change in net position		80		2,124		(1,502)
Net position – beginning of year		3,012		31,552		(90,267)
Net contributions (distributions) by participants						
Net position – end of year	\$	3,092	\$	33,676	\$	(91,769)

Southern California Public Power Authority

Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Power Purchase Agreements for the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	2024	2023			
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ 463,924	\$	466,992		
Total operating revenues	 463,924		466,992		
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance	468,928		469,826		
Total operating expenses	 468,928		469,826		
Operating income (loss)	 (5,004)		(2,834)		
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income	4,847		3,403		
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	4,847		3,403		
Change in net position	(157)		569		
Net position – beginning of year	 564		(5)		
Net position – end of year	\$ 407	\$	564		



Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Miscellaneous for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Project Development Fund	Projects' Stabilization Fund	SCPPA Fund	Total Combined
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,002,581 81,361 36,550
Total operating revenues				1,120,492
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning Pension and other benefits expense (credit)	- - - -	- - - -	541 205 - - 172	905,824 83,649 11,416 1,812 172
Total operating expenses			918	1,002,873
Operating income (loss)			(918)	117,619
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of decommissioning liability Derivative gain (loss) Other interest and debt expense	- - - -	6,868 - - -	541 - - -	41,554 (6,557) 616 (61,312)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		6,868	541	(25,699)
Change in net position	-	6,868	(377)	91,920
Net position – beginning of year	-	122,938	3,701	212,198
Net contributions (distributions) by participants		6,676	17	6,693
Net position – end of year	\$ -	\$ 136,482	\$ 3,341	\$ 310,811

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Miscellaneous for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Project Development Fund	Projects' Stabilization Fund	SCPPA Fund	Total Combined (Restated)
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,079,063 112,655 37,243
Total operating revenues				1,228,961
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning Pension and other benefits expense (credit)	- - - -	- - - -	221 201 - - 16	1,038,619 85,459 11,542 1,812 16
Total operating expenses			438	1,137,448
Operating income (loss)			(438)	91,513
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income (loss) Inflation of decommissioning liability Derivative gain (loss) Other interest and debt expense	- - - -	2,971 - - -	222 - - -	23,415 (6,361) 6,263 (56,318)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		2,971	222	(33,001)
Change in net position	-	2,971	(216)	58,512
Net position – beginning of year	-	113,388	3,892	164,293
Deferred credit true-up estimates to actual				(17,211)
Net position - beginning of year, as adjusted	-	113,388	3,892	147,082
Net contributions (distributions) by participants		6,579	25	6,604
Net position – end of year	\$ -	\$ 122,938	\$ 3,701	\$ 212,198

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Generation for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Palo Verde		Sa	an Juan	N	Magnolia Power	Canyon Power			Apex Power
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	65 570	\$	9 120	•	62 627	¢	22 000	\$	80,062
Receipts from participants Receipts from sale of oil and gas	Ф	65,570 -	Ф	8,130 -	\$	63,637	\$	23,888	Ф	00,002
Payments to operating managers		(43,051)		(310)		(51,996)		(10,995)		(36,387)
Other disbursements and receipts		1,181		(4,953)		533		437		30
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		23,700		2,867		12,174		13,330		43,705
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net										
Cash flows from capital financing activities										
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(27,780)		-		(34)		(83)		(4,751)
Debt interest and swap payments		-		-		(8,414)		(5,252)		(10,927)
Lease interest payments		-		-		(194)		(104)		-
Principal payments on leases Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		(237)		(76)		215,005
Proceeds from swap suspension		_		_		3,212		_		-
Transfer of funds from (to) escrow		-		_		-,		_		(234,286)
Principal payments on debt		-		-		(10,760)		(13,245)		(10,830)
Payment for bond issue costs										(621)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related										
financing activities		(27,780)				(16,427)		(18,760)		(46,410)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Interest received on investments		1,413		57		2,771		454		1,042
Purchases of investments		(20,938)		(2,477)		(109,230)		(18,345)		(40,880)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		23,368				126,606		22,110		57,329
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		3,843		(2,420)		20,147		4,219		17,491
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(237)		447		15,894		(1,211)		14,786
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		14,091		209		25,007		9,333		15,295
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	13,854	\$	656	\$	40,901	\$	8,122	\$	30,081
		10,001			<u> </u>	10,001	Ť	0,122	<u> </u>	00,001
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(11,837)	¢.	(60)	\$	4,046	\$	8,702	\$	7,279
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	Ψ	(11,037)	\$	(00)	Ψ	4,040	Ψ	0,702	Ψ	1,219
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		22,816		-		9,475		9,428		17,380
Decommissioning		1,352		-		-		-		367
Amortization of nuclear fuel		11,416		-		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities		(172)				450				
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals		(173) (1,022)		(46)		453 (190)		(2,311)		6,341
Other		1,148		2,973		(1,610)		(2,489)		12,338
N () () () () () ()								, ,		,
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	23,700	\$	2,867	\$	12,174	\$	13,330	\$	43,705
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual	=	-,		,	Ė		Ė			,
Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	5,278	\$	_	\$	17,141	\$	6,993	\$	12,849
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	Ψ	8,576	Ψ	656	Ψ	23,760	Ψ	1,129	Ψ	17,232
	\$	13,854	\$	656	\$	40,901	\$	8,122	\$	30,081

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Generation for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

	_Pa	alo Verde	Sar	n Juan		nolia Power estated)		Canyon Power		Apex Power
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants	\$	64,479	\$	75	\$	68,199	\$	23,084	\$	63,142
Receipts from sale of oil and gas										
Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts		(37,746) 889		(148) 3		(42,993) 453		(4,676) 263		(40,951) 5
Cirioi dioparconionio ana recopio						100		200	_	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		27,622		(70)		25,659		18,671		22,196
douvidos		21,022		(10)		20,000		10,011	_	22,100
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net	_					<u> </u>				
Cash flows from capital financing activities										
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(26,459)		-		6		(177)		(6,086)
Debt interest and swap payments		-		-		(8,707)		(6,387)		(11,286)
Lease interest payments Principal payments on leases		-		-		(207) (224)		(108) (72)		-
Proceeds from sale of bonds		_		_		(224)		72,415		-
Proceeds from swap suspension		_		-		-		-		-
Transfer of funds from (to) escrow		-		-		-		(72,596)		-
Principal payments on debt		-		-		(13,245)		(5,855)		(10,490)
Payment for bond issue costs		<u> </u>						(850)		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related				-						
financing activities		(26,459)				(22,377)		(13,630)		(27,862)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Interest received on investments		871		8		1,472		221		740
Purchases of investments		(28,685)		-		(81,297)		(21,789)		(29,582)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		22,700				82,032		20,105	_	27,095
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(5,114)		8		2,207		(1,463)		(1,747)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,951)		(62)		5,489		3,578		(7,413)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		18,042		271		19,518		5,755		22,708
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	14,091	\$	209	\$	25,007	\$	9,333	\$	15,295
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash										
provided by operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(12,870)	¢	(7)	\$	7,740	\$	9,451	\$	9,363
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	Ψ	(12,070)	Ψ	(1)	Ψ	1,140	Ψ	3,401	Ψ	9,300
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		23,211		-		10,312		9,911		16,892
Decommissioning		1,352		-		-		-		367
Amortization of nuclear fuel		11,542		-		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable		6		_		390		57		3,227
Accounts payable and accruals		4,047		(51)		849		2,762		230
Other		334		(12)		6,368		(3,510)		(7,883)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	27,622	\$	(70)	\$	25,659	\$	18,671	\$	22,196
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual										
Statements of Net Position										
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	3,257 10,834	\$	209	\$	15,449 9,558	\$	5,338 3,995	\$	9,279 6,016
	\$	14,091	\$	209	\$	25,007	\$	9,333	\$	15,295

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Green Power for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

Receipts from sactivations \$4,877 \$24,549 \$14,221 \$8,3592 \$18,566 \$1.000000000000000000000000000000000000			Tieton dropower		Milford I Wind	N	Milford II Wind		/indy Point		nden Wind Energy		n Energy Project
Payments for power and managers 2, 2, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 3	. •												
Payments to operating managers 12.342 1.462 1.615 1.123 1.234 1.		\$	4,877	\$	24,549	\$	14,221	\$ 8	83,592	\$	18,956	\$	-
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	Payments to operating managers				,		,	(4					- - -
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	Net cash provided by (used for) operating												_
Cash flows from capital financing activities Additions from capital financing activities Additions from sale plant and prepail projects, net City of plant and prepail projects, net City of plant and prepail projects, net City of proceeds from sale or bonds City of this or the sale or bonds Proceeds from sale or bonds Proceeds from sale or bonds Principal payments on leases Principal payments on deats Principal payments on deat Payment for bond issue costs Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities Cash flows from investing activities Alexa or activities Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments Alexa or activities Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Alexa or activities Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, only or year activities Deprenation, depletion and amortization Proceeds from sale in activities Accounts receivable Accounts appealed and accruals Accounts receivable Accounts appealed and accruals Accounts receivable Accounts appealed and accruals Accounts appated and accruals Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Positio	. , , , ,		2,537		15,068		9,400	;	35,024		10,593		
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net 1,540 1,4046 (3,485 7,303 5,119 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,711,35 74,765 624,528 1,500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>-</u>										
Debt Interest payments	, ,												
Proceeds from sale of bonds Proceeds from super suppension Transfer of funds from (to) escrow Lease inferest payments Lease inferest payments Principal payments on leases Principal payments on elebt Payment for bond issue costs Payment for bond issue costs Recommendation of the payments on leases Principal payments on elebt Payment for bond issue costs Recommendation of the payment of bond issue costs Recommendation of payment of bond issue costs Recommendation of payment of bond issue costs Recommendation of payments Recommendation of payments Recommendation of payments Recommendation of payments Recommendation of payments bond payments bond payments Recommendation of payments bond payments Recommendation bond payments Recommendation payments Recommendation payments Recommendation payments Recommendation payments Recomme			(4.540)		- (4.046)		(2.405)		- (7.202)		- (F 440)		(598,026)
Proceeds from swap suspension Transfer of funds from (log escrow Lease interest payments Principal payments in cleases Principal payments on debt Pryment for bond issue costs Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities Interest received on investments Proceeds from swap suspension Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Payment for operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Reconciliation of operating			(1,540)		(4,046)						,		-
Transfer of funds from (to) escrow -			-		-			1.	7 1,135		74,705		024,528
Case interest payments	·		_		_		-	(24	42 118)		(85 004)		_
Principal payments on leases Principal payments on leases Principal payments on leases Principal payments on debt Principal payments on debt Payment for bond issue costs Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities Recash investing activities Interest received on investments Principal payments on leases Principal payments on debt Principal payments on leases Principal payments on debt Principa	* *		_		_		_	(-	-		, , ,		_
Payment for bond issue costs Carbon	, ,		-		-		_		-				-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Interest received on investing activities Interest received on investing activities Interest received on investing income (loss) in a sea and interest received on investing activities Interest received on investing income (loss) in a sea and interest received on investing income (loss			(1,225)		(10,590)		(6,620)	(12,265)		, ,		-
Cash flows from investing activities 124 554 251 1,723 339 84 Purchases of investments 4(4,219) (26,421) (9,983) (20,918) (3,547) (21,612) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 4(4,219) (26,421) (9,983) (20,918) (3,547) (21,612) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 4(620) 26,650 11,080 78,688 15,550 -	Payment for bond issue costs						-		(812)		(548)		(4,041)
Interest received on investments			(2,765)		(14,636)		(10,105)	(!	91,363)		(20,874)		22,461
Interest received on investments	Cash flows from investing activities												
Purchases of investments (4,219) (26,421) (9,983) (20,818) (3,547) (21,612) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 4,620 26,650 11,080 78,688 15,550 - Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities 525 783 1,348 59,593 12,342 (21,528) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents as tated in the Individual Statements of year 297 1,215 643 3,254 2,061 933 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,522 13,935 6,308 16,665 4,007 - Cash and cash equivalents, end of year 2,522 13,935 6,308 16,665 4,007 - Cash and cash equivalents, end of year 2,529 1,5150 6,951 \$19,919 \$6,068 \$933 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$1,062 \$2,275 \$1,178 \$61,210 \$8,587 \$- Application of perating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$1,498 \$2,275 \$1,178 \$61,210	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		124		554		251		1.723		339		84
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments								(2	,				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 297 1,215 643 3,254 2,061 933 223 223 233 233 234 233 233 233 234 233 233 234	Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments				26,650				78,688		15,550		<u> </u>
equivalents 297 1,215 643 3,254 2,061 933 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,522 13,935 6,308 16,665 4,007 - Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 2,819 \$ 15,150 \$ 6,951 \$ 19,919 \$ 6,068 \$ 933 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 1,062 \$ 2,275 \$ 1,178 \$ 61,210 \$ 8,587 \$ - Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 1,062 \$ 2,275 \$ 1,178 \$ 61,210 \$ 8,587 \$ - Depreciation, depletion and amortization of nuclear fuel 1,498 - - - 5,975 - Decommissioning 23 - - - 23 - Amortization of nuclear fuel - - (203) (362) (339) 3,198 - Accounts receivable - - (203) (362) (339) 3,198 - Accounts payable and accruals (49) 1,381 <td></td> <td></td> <td>525</td> <td></td> <td>783</td> <td></td> <td>1,348</td> <td></td> <td>59,593</td> <td></td> <td>12,342</td> <td></td> <td>(21,528)</td>			525		783		1,348		59,593		12,342		(21,528)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,522 13,935 6,308 16,665 4,007 - Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 2,819 \$ 15,150 \$ 6,951 \$ 19,919 \$ 6,068 \$ 933 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 1,062 \$ 2,275 \$ 1,178 \$ 61,210 \$ 8,587 \$ - Operating income (loss) \$ 1,062 \$ 2,275 \$ 1,178 \$ 61,210 \$ 8,587 \$ - Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 1,062 \$ 2,275 \$ 1,178 \$ 61,210 \$ 8,587 \$ - Depreciation, depletion and amortization of nuclear fuel \$ 2,275 \$ 1,782 \$ 2,275 \$ 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		207		1 215		642		2 254		2.061		022
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Sample Sa	equivalents		291		1,215		643		3,234		2,061		933
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ 1,062 \$ 2,275 \$ 1,178 \$ 61,210 \$ 8,587 \$ - Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation, depletion and amortization 1,498 5,975 - 23 - 23 - Amortization of nuclear fuel 23 23	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,522		13,935		6,308		16,665		4,007		
provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation, depletion and amortization	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,819	\$	15,150	\$	6,951	\$	19,919	\$	6,068	\$	933
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation, depletion and amortization Decommissioning 23 5,975 - 23 - 23 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 2	. •												
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$	1,062	\$	2,275	\$	1,178	\$ (61,210	\$	8,587	\$	-
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable - (203) (362) (339) 3,198 - Accounts payable and accruals (49) 1,381 (60) (53,499) (7,115) - Other 3 11,615 8,644 27,652 (75) - Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ 2,537 \$ 15,068 9,400 \$ 35,024 \$ 10,593 \$ - Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position \$ 2,537 \$ 15,068 9,400 \$ 35,024 \$ 10,593 \$ - Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 1,762 \$ 8,579 \$ 3,354 \$ 10,489 \$ 333 \$ 933 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 1,057 6,571 3,597 9,430 5,735 -	Depreciation, depletion and amortization Decommissioning		,		-		-		-		,		-
Accounts receivable - (203) (362) (339) 3,198 - (200) (339) 4,100 (200)			-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts payable and accruals Other Accounts payable and accruals Other 3 1,381 (60) (53,499) (7,115) - 3 11,615 8,644 27,652 (75) - Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ 2,537 \$ 15,068 \$ 9,400 \$ 35,024 \$ 10,593 \$ - Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 1,762 \$ 8,579 \$ 3,354 \$ 10,489 \$ 333 \$ 933 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 1,057 6,571 3,597 9,430 5,735 -	•				(203)		(362)		(330)		3 108		_
Other 3 11,615 8,644 27,652 (75) - Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ 2,537 \$ 15,068 \$ 9,400 \$ 35,024 \$ 10,593 \$ - Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 1,762 \$ 8,579 \$ 3,354 \$ 10,489 \$ 333 \$ 933 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 1,057 6,571 3,597 9,430 5,735 -								(_
activities \$ 2,537 \$ 15,068 \$ 9,400 \$ 35,024 \$ 10,593 \$ - Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 1,762 \$ 8,579 \$ 3,354 \$ 10,489 \$ 333 \$ 933 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 1,057 6,571 3,597 9,430 5,735 -													-
Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 1,762 \$ 8,579 \$ 3,354 \$ 10,489 \$ 333 \$ 93 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 1,057 6,571 3,597 9,430 5,735 -	. , , , ,	\$	2,537	\$	15,068	\$	9,400	\$;	35,024	\$	10,593	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 1,762 \$ 8,579 \$ 3,354 \$ 10,489 \$ 333 \$ 933 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 1,057 6,571 3,597 9,430 5,735 -	•												
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 1,057 6,571 3,597 9,430 5,735 -		_		_		_		_		_		_	
<u>\$ 2,819</u> <u>\$ 15,150</u> <u>\$ 6,951</u> <u>\$ 19,919</u> <u>\$ 6,068</u> <u>\$ 933</u>	•	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	933
		\$	2,819	\$	15,150	\$	6,951	\$	19,919	\$	6,068	\$	933

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Green Power for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Γieton Iropower		Milford I Wind		Milford II Wind	Wi	ndy Point		den Wind Energy	Clean E Proj	
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants	\$	5,142	\$	31.118	\$	18.111	\$	87.602	\$	16,188	\$	
Receipts from sale of oil and gas Payments to operating managers	Ψ	(2,819)	Ψ	(14,797)	Ψ	(6,569)	Ψ	(42,647)	Ψ	- (10,679)	Ψ	-
Other disbursements and receipts				5		-		16		853		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		2,323		16,326		11,542		44,971		6,362		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net												_
Cash flows from capital financing activities Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		_		_		-		_		_		-
Debt interest and swap payments Lease interest payments		(1,607)		(4,554)		(3,808)		(12,785)		(3,607) (137)		-
Principal payments on leases Principal payments on debt		- (1,165)		- (10,105)		(6,300)		- (11,680)		(93) (4,510)		-
Payment for bond issue costs	-	-		-								
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(2,772)		(14,659)		(10,108)		(24,465)		(8,347)		-
Cash flows from investing activities												
Interest received on investments Purchases of investments		80 (4,580)		394 (15,878)		97 (7,990)		1,202 (63,070)		240 (13,634)		-
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		4,149		18,905		7,450		46,885		12,146		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing												
activities		(351)		3,421	_	(443)		(14,983)		(1,248)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(800)		5,088		991		5,523		(2,233)		-
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		3,322		8,847		5,317		11,142		6,240		-
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,522	\$	13,935	\$	6,308	\$	16,665	\$	4,007	\$	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities												
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,178	\$	2,873	\$	1,505	\$	(3,843)	\$	2,583	\$	-
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		1,515		-		-		-		5,974		-
Decommissioning Amortization of nuclear fuel		23		-		-		-		23		-
Changes in assets and liabilities												
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals		(379)		1 1,838		327 1,066		590 20,835		(3,265) 1,046		-
Other		(14)		11,614		8,644		27,389		1		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	2,323	\$	16,326	\$	11,542	\$	44,971	\$	6,362	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual												
Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	1,415 1,107	\$	8,552 5,383	\$	2,594 3,714	\$	8,045 8,620	\$	3,839 168	\$	-
	\$	2,522	\$	13,935	\$	6,308	\$	16,665	\$	4,007	\$	_
		_,0	<u> </u>	. = ,000	<u> </u>	-,000	Ť	,	Ť	.,00.	<u> </u>	

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Transmission for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Trar	outhern nsmission System	Tra	outhern nsmission em Renewal	Mead	d-Phoenix	Mead	d-Adelanto
Cash flows from operating activities	•	00.400	•	40	•	0.444	•	7.704
Receipts from participants Receipts from sale of oil and gas	\$	66,180	\$	12	\$	3,441	\$	7,764
Payments to operating managers		(39,764)		(9)		(1,742)		(4,838)
Other disbursements and receipts		(7)		588		2		(38)
N () () () () ()				_				
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		26,409		591		1,701		2,888
douvides		20,403		001		1,701		2,000
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		_				_		_
Cash flows from capital financing activities								
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		-		(353,617)		(367)		(480)
Debt interest and swap payments		(7,270)		(22,671)		(679)		(846)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		(00,005)		626,184		- (4.505)		- (4.070)
Principal payments on debt Payment for bond issue costs		(62,825)		- (1,482)		(1,535)		(1,870)
r dymont for bond local cools				(1,102)				1
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related								
financing activities		(70,095)		248,414		(2,581)		(3,196)
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest received on investments		508		11,271		189		145
Purchases of investments		(30,781)		(630,486)		(1,523)		(3,161)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		59,560		575,342		2,130		3,340
Net cash provided by (used for) investing								
activities		29,287		(43,873)		796		324
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(14,399)		205,132		(84)		16
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		24,247		130,669		3,706		2,906
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	9,848	\$	335,801	\$	3,622	\$	2,922
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided								
by operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	27,342	\$	588	\$	(420)	\$	(3,289)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	•	,-	•		·	(- /	·	(-,,
cash provided by operating activities		4.040				0.700		0.004
Depreciation, depletion and amortization Decommissioning		4,046		-		2,792		6,331
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities								
Accounts receivable		2,896		3		(24)		(106)
Accounts payable and accruals Other		(7,292) (583)		-		(702) 55		(11) (37)
		(/						\ <u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) operating	•	00.400	•	504	•	4.704	•	0.000
activities	\$	26,409	\$	591	\$	1,701	\$	2,888
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position								
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	9,457	\$	335,801	\$	2,532	\$	2,644
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		391		-		1,090		278
	\$	9,848	\$	335,801	\$	3,622	\$	2,922

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Transmission for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Tra	Southern Insmission System	Tra	Southern nsmission em Renewal	Mead	d-Phoenix	Mead	d-Adelanto
Cash flows from operating activities								
Receipts from participants	\$	106,011	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	7,051
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		(00.500)		-		(0.074)		- (0.00=)
Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts		(30,586)		-		(2,671) 6		(8,397)
Other dispursements and receipts		(4)		<u>-</u>		0		(328)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating								
activities		75,421		-		2,615		(1,674)
								, ,
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net						-		
Cash flows from capital financing activities				(187,493)		(232)		
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net Debt interest and swap payments		(10,276)		(107,493)		(232) (740)		(937)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		(10,270)		786,451		(140)		(307)
Principal payments on debt		(59,415)		-		(1,475)		(1,780)
Payment for bond issue costs				(2,665)				
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related								
financing activities		(69,691)		596,293		(2,447)		(2,717)
Cook flows from investing activities								
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments		421		2,432		113		102
Purchases of investments		(57,421)		(468,056)		(2,123)		(2,049)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		55,725		-		1,790		7,400
,								,
Net cash provided by (used for) investing								
activities		(1,275)		(465,624)		(220)		5,453
No.		4.455		400.000		(50)		4.000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,455		130,669		(52)		1,062
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		19,792		_		3,758		1,844
outer and outer oquitationite, programming or your		.0,.02				0,.00		.,
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	24,247	\$	130,669	\$	3,706	\$	2,906
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided								
by operating activities	•		•		•	(0.00)	•	(0.740)
Operating income (loss)	\$	66,623	\$	-	\$	(382)	\$	(3,719)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities								
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		4,046		_		2,792		6,330
Decommissioning		-		_		-,		-
Amortization of nuclear fuel		_		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities								
Accounts receivable		8,389		-		-		-
Accounts payable and accruals		(4,227)		-		258		(4,355)
Other		590				(53)		70
Net cash provided by (used for) operating								
activities	\$	75,421	\$	_	\$	2,615	\$	(1,674)
	_	,				_,0.0	<u> </u>	(1,011)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual								
Statements of Net Position								
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	23,422	\$	130,669	\$	2,274	\$	2,000
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		825		-		1,432		906
	œ.	24 247	¢	120 660	¢	2 706	¢	2 006
	Ф	24,247	\$	130,669	\$	3,706	\$	2,906

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Natural Gas for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

	F	Pinedale	E	Barnett		Prepaid tural Gas
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from participants	\$	2,911	\$	4,444	\$	15,431
Receipts (payments) from sale of oil and gas		460		1,013		9,397
Payments to operating managers		(1,093)		(2,163)		(504)
Other disbursements and receipts		20		15	-	2
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		2,298		3,309		24,326
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		6		6_		
Cash flows from capital financing activities						
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(17)		(4)		=
Debt interest and swap payments		(585)		(1,378)		(12,826)
Principal payments on debt		(1,270)		(2,985)		(11,250)
Payment for bond issue costs						
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(1,872)		(4,367)		(24,076)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received on investments		184		1,735		1,041
Purchases of investments		(489)		(44,261)		(21,201)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		1,080		44,830		20,918
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		775		2,304		758
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,207		1,252		1,008
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		4,800		5,480		4,068
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	6,007	\$	6,732	\$	5,076
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,428	\$	3,332	\$	12,118
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	•	.,0	•	0,002	•	,
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		1,660		2,043		-
Decommissioning		38		9		-
Amortization of nuclear fuel						
Changes in assets and liabilities						
Accounts receivable		308		317		(70)
Accounts payable and accruals		(427)		(2,021)		242
Other		(709)		(371)		12,036
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	2,298	\$	3,309	\$	24,326
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position						
Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	2,756	\$	5,106	\$	4,004
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	Ψ	3,251	Ψ	1,626	Ψ	1,072
	\$	6,007	\$	6,732	\$	5,076
		.,		, -		,-

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Natural Gas for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

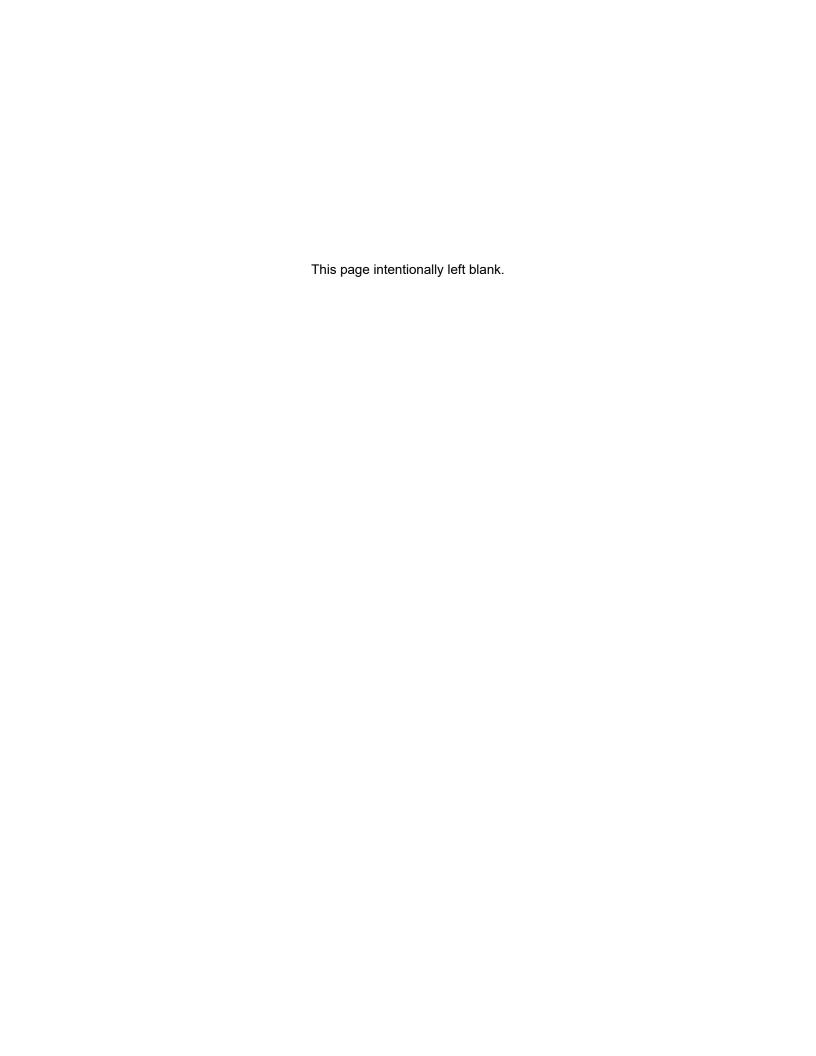
(Amounts in Thousands)

	F	Pinedale	E	Barnett		Prepaid tural Gas
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from participants	\$	2,977	\$	5,015	\$	37,704
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		1,285		3,155		(14,198)
Payments to operating managers		(2,504)		(4,729)		(622)
Other disbursements and receipts		19_		1		4
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		1,777		3,442		22,888
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net	_	(270)		9		
Cash flows from capital financing activities						
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(12)		(62)		_
Debt interest and swap payments		(658)		(1,550)		(13,376)
Principal payments on debt		(1,345)		(3,160)		(9,705)
Payment for bond issue costs						
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related						
financing activities		(2,015)		(4,772)		(23,081)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received on investments		95		854		966
Purchases of investments		(1,065)		(36,712)		(21,097)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		1,000		34,779		19,155
Net cash provided by (used for) investing						
activities		30		(1,079)		(976)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(478)		(2,400)		(1,169)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,278		7,880		5,237
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	4,800	\$	5,480	\$	4,068
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	622	\$	2,403	\$	11,265
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	Ψ	022	Ψ	2,400	Ψ	11,200
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		1,868		2,407		_
Decommissioning		38		9		_
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities						
Accounts receivable		(15)		99		790
Accounts payable and accruals		73		(1,039)		(1,053)
Other		(809)		(437)		11,886
Net cash provided by (used for) operating						
activities	\$	1,777	\$	3,442	\$	22,888
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position						
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	1,988	\$	4,952	\$	3,270
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		2,812		528		798
	\$	4,800	\$	5,480	\$	4,068

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Power Purchase Agreements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities \$ 415,872 \$ 378,351 Receipts from participants \$ 415,872 \$ 378,351 Receipts from sale of oil and gas			2024	2023			
Payments to operating managers (448,588) (401,200) Other disbursements and receipts 9,592 33,288 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities (23,124) 10,439 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities - (1,941) Cash flows from investing activities 3,880 2,377 Purchases of investments 3,880 2,377 Purchases of investments (38,606) (87,511) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 67,700 91,600 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities 32,974 6,466 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 84,690 69,726 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 9,850 14,964 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 94,540 \$ 84,690 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities 718 (5,738) Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 <td< td=""><td>Receipts from participants</td><td>\$</td><td>415,872 -</td><td>\$</td><td>378,351</td></td<>	Receipts from participants	\$	415,872 -	\$	378,351		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities (23,124) 10,439 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities - (1,941) Cash flows from investing activities - (1,941) Interest received on investments 3,880 2,377 Purchases of investments (38,606) (87,511) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 67,700 91,600 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities 32,974 6,466 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 9,850 14,964 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 84,690 69,726 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 94,540 \$ 84,690 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities 718 (5,738) Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 Other (708) 2,371 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (23,124) \$ 10,439 Cash and cash equiv	Payments to operating managers		,		,		
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net - (1,941) Cash flows from investing activities 3,880 2,377 Interest received on investments 38,606) (87,511) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 67,700 91,600 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities 32,974 6,466 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 9,850 14,964 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 84,690 69,726 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 94,540 \$ 84,690 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities 718 (5,738) Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 Other (708) 2,371 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (23,124) \$ 10,439 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivale	• • • • • • •		(23,124)		10,439		
Interest received on investments			<u>-</u>		(1,941)		
Purchases of investments (38,606) (87,511) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 67,700 91,600 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities 32,974 6,466 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 9,850 14,964 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 84,690 69,726 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 94,540 \$ 84,690 Reconcilitation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities 718 (5,738) Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 Other (708) 2,371 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (23,124) \$ 10,439 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 4,528 84,663			3 880		2 377		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 9,850 14,964	Purchases of investments		(38,606)		(87,511)		
equivalents 9,850 14,964 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 84,690 69,726 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 94,540 \$ 84,690 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Operating income (loss) \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities 718 (5,738) Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 Other (708) 2,371 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (23,124) \$ 10,439 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 94,528 84,663	. , ,		32,974		6,466		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 94,540 \$ 84,690 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 Other (708) 2,371 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (23,124) \$ 10,439 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 94,528 84,663	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9,850		14,964		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 Other (708) 2,371 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (23,124) \$ 10,439 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 94,528 84,663	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		84,690		69,726		
provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (5,004) \$ (2,834) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable 718 (5,738) Accounts payable and accruals (18,130) 16,640 Other (708) 2,371 Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (23,124) \$ 10,439 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 94,528 84,663	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	94,540	\$	84,690		
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable	provided by operating activities	Φ.	(5.004)	Φ.	(0.004)		
Accounts payable and accruals Other Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 94,528 16,640 (708) 16,640 (708) 10,439	Changes in assets and liabilities	\$, ,	\$			
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 94,528 \$ 10,439 \$ 27	Accounts payable and accruals		(18,130)		16,640		
Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 94,528 84,663		\$	(23,124)	\$	10,439		
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 12 \$ 27 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 94,528 84,663	·						
\$ 94,540 \$ 84,690	Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$		\$			
		\$	94,540	\$	84,690		



Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Miscellaneous for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Deve	roject lopment und		rojects' bilization Fund		CPPA Fund		Total Combined
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants	\$	1 225	\$		\$		\$	904,872
Receipts from participants Receipts (payments) from sale of oil and gas	Φ	1,335	Φ	-	Φ		φ	10,870
Payments to operating managers		_		_		_		(716,248)
Other disbursements and receipts		(513)		_		(541)		7,583
Net cash provided by (used for) operating								
activities		822		_		(541)		207,077
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		-		6,676		541		7,229
Cash flows from capital financing activities								
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		-		-		-		(985,159)
Debt interest and swap payments		-		-		-		(92,341)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		-		1,711,617
Proceeds from swap suspension		-		-		-		3,212
Transfer of funds from (to) escrow Lease interest payments		-		-		-		(561,408) (431)
Principal payments of lease		-		-				(413)
Principal payments on debt		-		_		_		(152,005)
Payment for bond issue costs				-				(7,504)
Niek ande was indeed by (vand fan) and it is and an lake d								
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities								(84,432)
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest received on investments		_		4,414		_		32,179
Purchases of investments		-		(104,317)		-		(1,153,295)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		-		86,105		-		1,227,006
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		-		(13,798)				105,890
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		822		(7,122)		-		235,764
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		-		19,037				386,975
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	822	\$	11,915	\$		\$	622,739
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided	<u></u>							
by operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(918)	\$	117,619
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by operating activities						005		00.040
Depreciation, depletion and amortization Decommissioning		-		-		205		83,649 1,812
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-				11,416
Pension and other benefits expense		-		_		172		172
Changes in assets and liabilities								
Accounts receivable		(150)		-		-		6,463
Accounts payable and accruals		972		-		-		(83,936)
Other							_	69,882
Net cash provided by (used for) operating								
activities	\$	822	\$		\$	(541)	\$	207,077
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual								
Statements of Net Position								
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	822	\$	11,915	\$	-	\$	442,760
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted								179,979
	\$	822	\$	11,915	\$		\$	622,739

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statement of Cash Flows – Miscellaneous for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Proj Develo Fui	pment	Projects' Stabilization Fund	SCPPA Fund		Total Combined Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from participants	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	919,529
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		-	-	-		(9,758)
Payments to operating managers		-	-	-		(654,734)
Other disbursements and receipts		-		(221)		35,252
Net cook was sided by (wood for) as another						
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities				(221)		290,289
activities				(221)		290,209
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		(2,606)	6,579	221		1,992
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(=,===)	3,510			.,
Cash flows from capital financing activities						
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		-	-	-		(220,515)
Debt interest and swap payments		-	-	-		(80,278)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-	-	-		858,866
Transfer of funds from (to) escrow		-	-	-		(72,596)
Lease interest payments		-	-	-		(452)
Principal payments of lease		-	-	-		(389)
Principal payments on debt		-	-	-		(140,230)
Payment for bond issue costs						(3,515)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities						340,891
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received on investments			1,901			14,586
Purchases of investments		_	(84,694)	_		(1,026,233)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		_	78,045	_		530,961
1 1000000 Hottl Galo/Matarity of Hivodiffortio			10,040			000,001
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities			(4,748)			(480,686)
	'	(0.000)				450.400
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,606)	1,831	-		152,486
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,606	17,206			234,489
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	-	\$ 19,037	\$ -	\$	386,975
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided						
by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (438)	\$	91,513
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided by operating activities						
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		-	-	201		85,459
Decommissioning		-	-	-		1,812
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-	-	-		11,542
Pension and other benefits expense		-	-	16		16
Changes in assets and liabilities						4.050
Accounts receivable		-	-	-		4,858
Accounts payable and accruals		-	-	-		38,540
Other						56,549
Net cash provided by (used for) operating						
activities	\$	_	\$ -	\$ (221)	\$	290,289
douvidoo	Ψ			(221)		200,200
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Individual						
Statements of Net Position	¢.		¢ 40.007	¢	œ	24F 407
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ 	-	\$ 19,037 -	\$ - -	\$	245,407 141,568
	\$	_	\$ 19,037	\$ -	\$	386,975
	<u> </u>		, .0,007	•	Ť	,

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose

The Southern California Public Power Authority (the Authority or SCPPA), a public entity organized under the laws of the State of California, was formed by a Joint Powers Agreement dated as of November 1, 1980 pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. The Authority's participants consist of eleven municipal electric utilities, namely Los Angeles, Anaheim, Riverside, Vernon, Azusa, Banning, Colton, Burbank, Glendale, Pasadena, and Cerritos, and one irrigation district – Imperial Irrigation District, in the State of California. The Authority was formed for the purpose of planning, financing, developing, acquiring, constructing, operating and maintaining projects for the generation, transmission, and procurement of electric energy and natural gas for sale to its participants. The Joint Powers Agreement has a term expiring in 2030 or such later date as all bonds and notes of the Authority and the interest thereon have been paid in full or adequate provision for payments have been made.

The Authority has interests in the following projects:

GENERATION PROJECTS

Palo Verde Project – On August 14, 1981, the Authority purchased a 5.91% interest in the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS), a 3,810 MW nuclear-fueled generating station near Phoenix, Arizona, a 5.44% ownership interest in the Arizona Nuclear Power Project High Voltage Switchyard (ANPP HVS), and a 6.55% share of the right to use certain portions of the Arizona Nuclear Power Project Valley Transmission System (collectively, the Palo Verde Project). Units 1, 2 and 3 of the Palo Verde Project began commercial operations in January 1986, September 1986, and January 1988, respectively.

Since inception of the ANPP HVS capital additions, new terminations, and other events have successively changed the respective ownership interests in the ANPP HVS. In fiscal year 2011, the PVNGS fourth transformer became the 14th termination in the ANPP HVS and caused the Authority's proportional ownership percentage to change from 5.56% to 5.44%. This change became effective on April 1, 2011.

Originally Units 1, 2, and 3 each operated under a 40-year Full-Power Operating License from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), expiring in 2025, 2026, and 2027, respectively. In April 2011, after a detailed, two-year process, the NRC approved an application to extend the operating licenses for all three units for an additional 20 years, allowing Unit 1 to operate through 2045, Unit 2 through 2046, and Unit 3 through 2047.

San Juan Project – On July 1, 1993, the Authority purchased a 41.80% interest in Unit 3 and related common facilities of the San Juan Generating Station (SJGS) from Century Power Corporation. Unit 3, a 497-MW unit, is one unit of a four-unit coal-fired power generating station in New Mexico.

On July 31, 2015, the SCPPA Board of Directors (the Board) approved Resolution No. 2015-076 authorizing the San Juan Generating Station Restructuring Agreement (the Restructuring Agreement). The Restructuring Agreement required the SJGS owners to shut down SJGS Units 2 and 3 on December 31, 2017 per an agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and allowed those SJGS owners wishing to divest coal ownership in Units 3 and 4, to transfer their ownership interests to the plant operator and largest SJGS owner, Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM).

To consummate the necessary transactions to enable the Authority and other SJGS owners to divest or terminate their ownership in the Project and allow other SJGS owners to retain or increase their ownership in the Project, the SJGS owners have negotiated and developed a comprehensive set of binding agreements collectively called SJGS Restructuring Agreements, including:

- Restructuring Agreement, whereby, among other things, the Authority and the SJGS owners divest their ownership interests in the Project and the other SJGS owners retain or increase their ownership in the Project;
- Amended and Restated Mine Reclamation and Trust Funds Agreement (the Mine Reclamation Agreement), whereby the Authority and the other SJGS owners agree to amend the current Mine Reclamation and Trust Funds Agreement to provide for additional trust funds by means of a trust arrangement wherein such funds shall be held in trust for the purpose of funding the mine reclamation costs;
- San Juan Decommissioning and Trust Funds Agreement (the Decommissioning Agreement), whereby the Authority and other SJGS owners agreed to establish a methodology for planning and approving Decommissioning Work and funding and allocating the cost of Decommissioning Work;
- Restructuring Amendment Amending and Restating the Amended and Restated San Juan Project
 Participation Agreement (the SJPPA Restructuring Amendment) regarding rights and obligations in
 respect of the ownership and operation of the San Juan Project for the period prior to the
 divestiture on or after December 31, 2017; and
- Exit Date Amendment Amending and Restating the Amended and Restated San Juan Project
 Participation Agreement (the SJPPA Exit Date Amendment), whereby the Authority and the other
 SJGS owners will amend certain provisions of the SJPPA regarding rights and obligations in
 respect of the ownership and operation of the San Juan Project for the period after the divestiture
 on or after December 31, 2017.

On July 20, 2017, the Board approved Resolution No. 2017-073 authorizing SCPPA's divestiture of its ownership interest in the SJGS on the exit date, December 31, 2017. To complete the divestiture of SCPPA's SJGS ownership under the Restructuring Agreement, SCPPA executed nine agreements collectively called SJGS Divestiture Agreements, including:

- Assignment Assumption Termination and Release Agreement (AATRA) whereby SCPPA and the other SJGS owners are approving the transfer of PNMR Development and Management Corporation (PNMR-D) shares to PNM;
- New Exit Date Amendment to the SJPPA, amendment to the document governing all operations of SJGS to reflect the change in ownership from PNMR-D to PNM approved in the AATRA;

- Amended and Restated Designated Representative Agreement (ARDA), to restate the designation
 to PNM as the representative to report the emissions from the SJGS under the Clean Air Act
 programs after the Exit Date. The Authority and the other Exiters signed the ARDA for the sole
 purpose of acknowledging that, while they are parties to the Prior Designated Representative
 Agreement, they are not parties to the ARDA for operations past the exit date, December 31, 2017;
- Amended and Restated North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Delegation
 Agreement, to amend the Original Delegation Agreement to reflect the Exiters leaving ownership
 positions in the SJGS, and the Remainers affirming their delegation to PNM to comply with the
 generator operator reliability standards;
- Instrument of Sale and Conveyance, whereby SCPPA transfers all of its interests in SJGS to PNM on the exit date, December 31, 2017;
- SCPPA-Tucson Electric Power Company (TEP) Tri-State Generation and Transmission
 Associations, Inc. (Tri-State) Interconnection Agreement Termination (ITA), whereby among other
 things, the agreement terminates SCPPA's rights in interconnection to the TEP System at the
 SJGS that had been transferred to SCPPA for the life of Unit 3;
- SCPPA-TEP-TRI-State Assumption Agreement Termination (AAT), whereby, among other things, the AAT terminates SCPPA's use rights in the Unit 3 step-up transformer;
- SCPPA Termination of Easement and License (TEL), whereby, among other things, the TEL terminates SCPPA's rights on the exit date, December 31, 2017, as an owner to the entirety of the SJGS plant site; and
- Template Decommissioning Trust Funds Agreement, whereby all SJGS owners agree that they will
 use this template to establish decommissioning trust funds to prepay their decommissioning
 liabilities per the Restructuring Agreement.

The SJGS Divestiture Agreements facilitated the Authority's divestiture of its ownership interest in the SJGS and did not commit the Authority to a project with potentially significant impact on the environment. SJGS Unit 3 has permanently ceased operations in December 2017. However, the Authority retains certain liabilities for a share of the environmental (mine reclamation) and plant decommissioning costs of SJGS Unit 3.

Magnolia Power Project – Magnolia Power Project (the Project) consists of a combined-cycle natural gas-fired electric generating plant with a nominally rated net capacity of 242 MW and auxiliary facilities located in Burbank, California. The Project is the first that is wholly owned by the Authority and entitlements to 100% of the capacity and energy of the Project have been sold to six of its members.

The City of Burbank, a Project participant, acted as the Project Manager during construction and is the Operating Agent for the Project. The commercial operation date for the Project was September 22, 2005.

- Gas Supply and Services Agreement SCPPA entered into an agreement with Occidental Energy Marketing, Inc. (OEMI) beginning January 2005. OEMI provided 100% of the natural gas plant requirements on a daily basis, and also included an option for the participants to bring in their own gas supply. In addition, OEMI provided gas balancing services. However, OEMI provided notice of termination on December 2, 2019, effective June 30, 2020. SCPPA replaced OEMI with Conoco Phillips for the same services.
- Natural Gas Transportation SCPPA has an agreement with Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas) for intrastate transmission services. The agreement took effect in January 2005 and will renew every year unless a cancellation notice is provided by the Authority. SoCalGas provides transportation, storage, and balancing services of natural gas from the Southern California border to the Magnolia Plant.
- Parts and Special Services Agreement SCPPA entered into an 18-year agreement with General Electric International (GEI) in September 2005. Initially, the agreement covered only the gas turbine, but the agreement was amended in August 2007 to include coverage for the gas generator, the steam turbine, and the steam generator. In 2015, a second amendment was executed and adjusted the overall term from 96,000 fired factored hours (FFH) to 112,000 FFH due to the installation of longer interval rated components. Due to this, the major maintenance intervals were extended from every three years to every four years and the second amendment would have resulted in conclusion of the agreement in early 2021. On May 17, 2019, a third amendment was executed adding 96,000 FFH of operation beyond the prior agreement. It is now estimated to conclude in 2033 at a total of 208,000 FFH. GEI provides planned and unplanned maintenance, including replacement parts, based on fired factored hours.

Canyon Power Project – The Canyon Power Project (the Project) consists of a simple cycle, natural gasfired power generating plant (the Facility), comprised of four General Electric LM 6000PC Sprint combustion turbines, with a combined nominally rated net peaking capacity of 200 MW, and auxiliary facilities located on approximately 10 acres of land within an industrial area of the city of Anaheim, California (Anaheim). The Project is owned by the Authority and operated and maintained by Anaheim. Completion of the Project occurred in 2011. The Project commenced commercial operation on September 15, 2011.

Operation and Maintenance (O&M) – The Facility is operated by the City of Anaheim, Public
Utilities Department (APU). APU Facility employees provide maintenance and repairs and capital
improvements, budget control, purchasing, and operation and regulatory reporting. Maintenance
and repairs beyond the capability of Facility employees are performed through SCPPA
Professional Services Agreements or SCPPA Purchase Orders directly to contractors. APU
employs 10 personnel for Facility: Administration, Operations and Maintenance.

- Interconnection & Transmission Service Under the Second Amended and Restated Metered Subsystem Agreement between Anaheim and the California Independent System Operator (CAISO), Anaheim provides service to the Project allowing interconnection to the CAISO to transmit energy. Anaheim's system is within the CAISO Balancing Authority and is directly connected to the CAISO Controlled Grid. The CAISO provides Balancing Authority Area services pursuant to the CAISO Tariff to maintain reliability of the CAISO Controlled Grid as well as certain responsibilities mandated by the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) and Western Electric Coordination Council (WECC) to ensure reliable operation of the entire electric grid.
- Operational Balancing The natural gas to fuel the Facility is provided by Shell (Coral) under
 the Master Sale Agreement and balanced on a monthly basis. Anaheim procures the gas
 necessary for operation throughout the month based on expected dispatch in the CAISO markets
 and scheduled operations for required testing. It is interconnected to the Southern California Gas
 Company's system and receives services pursuant to the applicable Tariff Rate Schedules and
 Tariff Rules which are filed with the Public Utilities Commission.

Apex Power Project – On March 26, 2014, the Authority acquired the Apex Power Project (the Project) pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2013. The Project consists of a combined-cycle natural gas-fired electric generating facility (the Facility), nominally-rated at 531 MW, located in Clark County, Nevada, generator interconnection facilities, related assets and property, and interconnection and transmission contractual rights. The Facility is interconnected through a 3.13-mile 500 kV radial generation tie line owned by Nevada Power Company (NPC) that connects the Facility to the NPC's transmission system at its Harry Allen 500 kV Substation. The Los Angeles Department of Water & Power (LADWP) is the project manager and operating agent.

- Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Agreement The Facility is operated by EthosEnergy Power Operations (West), LLC (EthosEnergy), formerly Wood Group Power Operations (West), Inc., pursuant to an Operations and Maintenance Agreement dated February 12, 2007. Under the O&M Agreement, EthosEnergy provides all operations, routine maintenance, budget control, purchasing, billing, and reporting for the operation of the Facility, other than the maintenance provided by General Electric International (GEI), under a long-term service agreement. EthosEnergy currently employs 26 people at the Facility for operation and maintenance purposes. The O&M Agreement initially between the Seller and EthosEnergy was assumed and amended by the Authority. The O&M Agreement expires in February 2028.
- Large Generator Interconnection Agreement (LGIA) The LGIA between NPC and the Seller, dated July 1, 2001, provides for the interconnection of the Facility, and firm transmission service for the Facility output through a Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service Agreement by and between NPC and LADWP as Agent for the Authority, dated in November 2015, with a point of delivery at the McCullough 500 kV Substation. The term of the Transmission Service Agreement extends to July 30, 2030.

- Long-Term Service Agreement Major maintenance, including parts supply, parts repair and labor for the Facility's combustion turbine generators and the steam turbine are provided pursuant to a Long-Term Service Agreement between the Seller and General Electric International (GEI), dated June 16, 2004. Although the contract term is tied to equipment run time, the Authority anticipates the contract to expire in 2024. After 2024, these services will be provided by LADWP or through another Long-Term Service Agreement.
- Operational Balancing Authority Agreement and Letter Agreement The natural gas to fuel
 the Facility is provided by LADWP and delivered by facilities owned by the Kern River Gas
 Transmission Company through an Operational Balancing Authority Agreement and Letter
 Agreement.
- Water Agreement Water for the facility is provided by Las Vegas Valley Water District pursuant to an agreement, dated June 5, 2001, and assigned to the Authority upon acquisition of the Facility. The Facility's acquisition date was on March 26, 2014. Unless extended, the Water Agreement expires on June 5, 2038.
- Transmission Service Agreements (TSAs) Under the TSAs, NPC currently provides
 transmission services to deliver the output of the Facility to the McCullough 500 kV Substation. The
 rates, terms and conditions for such services are regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory
 Commission pursuant to NPC's open access transmission tariff. Changes to the rates are not
 accurately predictable and subject to numerous factors unrelated to the Project.

LADWP, as the operating agent, will administer, supervise, monitor, and enforce all the preceding agreements in accordance with the Agency Agreement.

GREEN POWER PROJECTS

Tieton Hydropower Project – On November 30, 2009, the Authority acquired the Tieton Hydropower Plant (the Project) pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 19, 2009. The Project consists of a 13.6 MW nameplate capacity "run of the reservoir" hydroelectric generation facility, comprised of a powerhouse located near Rimrock Lake in Yakima County, Washington, a 21-mile 115 kV transmission line, and related assets, property, and contractual rights.

• Contractor Service Agreement – SCPPA entered into an agreement with Energy Northwest on July 1, 2014, to direct the operations of the Tieton Hydropower facility and to provide certain technical services with respect to the operation and maintenance of the facility. In July 2018, the contract was amended for one additional year from July 1, 2018, to June 30, 2019. The contract was renewed for four additional service years from July 1, 2019, to June 30, 2023. Subsequently in 2023, a new 10-year agreement with Energy Northwest was entered which will conclude in 2033.

- Facilities Maintenance Agreement SCPPA entered into an agreement with PacifiCorp to provide supervision, labor, materials, and equipment necessary to perform routine non-emergency maintenance of the facilities and routine vegetation management. The agreement started on April 28, 2010, and will continue for as long as the Interconnection Agreement is in effect, unless terminated by mutual agreement.
- Small Generator Interconnection Agreement The Authority entered into an agreement with PacifiCorp to perform certain interconnection requests submitted under the Small Generator Interconnection Procedures. This agreement governs the terms and conditions under which SCPPA's Small Generating Facility will interconnect with PacifiCorp's Transmission System. The agreement became effective on November 30, 2009, and will remain in effect for a period of 10 years after which it will automatically renew for successive one-year periods, unless terminated by a 20-day written notice in accordance with this agreement.

Milford I Wind Project – On February 9, 2010, the Authority financed the prepayment of a specified quantity of energy from a wind farm located near Milford, Utah (the Milford I Facility) for a term of 20 years (unless earlier terminated). The Milford I Facility is a 203.5 MW nameplate capacity wind powered electric generating facility comprised of 97 wind turbines, together with an ownership interest in an 88-mile, 345 kV, transmission line, and other related facilities. Under the related power purchase agreements by and between the Authority and Milford Wind Corridor Phase I, LLC (the Seller), the Authority will receive 6.7 million MW hours over a 20-year delivery term. The Authority has also agreed to make monthly payments to the Seller for any energy delivered in each year that exceeds the guaranteed annual quantity of 338,215 MW hours. Commercial operation began on November 16, 2009.

Milford II Wind Energy Project – On August 25, 2011, the Authority financed the prepayment of a specified quantity of energy from the Milford Wind Corridor Phase II Project (the Milford II Facility), for a term of 20 years (unless earlier terminated) pursuant to a Power Purchase Agreement dated as of March 1, 2010. The Authority also entered into power sales agreements with LADWP and the City of Glendale (Glendale) to sell 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy in the Milford II Facility on a "take-or-pay basis." Through a separate layoff agreement, the City of Glendale sold 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy to LADWP but remains responsible for all payments associated with its participation in the power sales agreement if LADWP fails to buy the energy pursuant to the layoff agreement. The Milford II Facility is a 102 MW nameplate capacity wind powered electric generating facility comprised of 68 wind turbines, together with an ownership interest in a 90-mile 345 kV, transmission line, and other related facilities located near Milford, Utah. Commercial operation began on May 2, 2011.

Linden Wind Energy Project – On September 15, 2010, the Authority acquired the Linden Wind Energy Project (the Project), pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of June 23, 2009. The Project is a 50 MW nameplate capacity wind farm comprised of 25 wind turbines and related facilities, located near the town of Goldendale in Klickitat County, Washington. The Project was developed and constructed by Northwest Wind Partners, LLC. Energy from the Project is delivered to SCPPA through an Energy Exchange Agreement that redelivers production from the Project to the Pacific DC Intertie. The Authority also entered into power sales agreements with LADWP and Glendale to sell 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy in the Project on a "take-or-pay" basis. Through a separate layoff agreement, the City of Glendale sold 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy to LADWP, but remains responsible for all payments associated with its participation in the power sales agreement if LADWP fails to buy the energy pursuant to the layoff agreement.

- Operation and Maintenance Service Agreement SCPPA entered into a long-term O&M
 agreement with Vestas American Wind Technology, Inc. in February 2021. Vestas performs fixedfee services such as scheduled maintenance, periodic operational checks and tests, and regular
 preventative maintenance required on the wind turbine generators (WTG) in accordance with the
 maintenance manual. Vestas also performs remote monitoring services, repair services, and
 services related to the availability of the WTG.
- Balance of Plant Agreement Cannon Power Services Company, LLC, assumed responsibility
 for Balance of Plant (BOP) services at the Linden Wind Energy Project through an agreement with
 SCPPA that was executed on July 9, 2013, and was effective on September 3, 2013. This
 agreement provides maintenance and oversight services for the facility as a whole, excluding
 specific maintenance for the wind turbines referenced above in "Operation and Maintenance
 Service Agreement". The agreement with Cannon Power Services Company, LLC, was amended
 on July 20, 2023, extending the agreement until August 1, 2026. This agreement has an initial term
 of 3 years with automatic extensions annually thereafter until either party terminates the
 agreement.

Windy Point/Windy Flats Project – The Windy Point/Windy Flats Project (the Project) is a wind farm facility with a 262.2 MW nameplate capacity comprised of 114 wind turbines located in the Columbia Hills area of Klickitat County, Washington near the city of Goldendale. The Project is owned and operated by Windy Flats Partners, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. The initial delivery term began on the commercial operation date of the first of two phases of the facility. The first phase commenced operations on January 25, 2010, and the second phase on March 1, 2010.

On September 9, 2010, the Authority financed the prepayment of a specified supply of energy from the Project for an initial delivery term of 20 years, pursuant to the terms of a power purchase agreement dated June 24, 2009. The Authority also entered into power sales agreements with LADWP and the City of Glendale to sell 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy in the Project on a "take-or-pay" basis.

Under the original Power Purchase Agreement, the Authority had the right to extend the initial delivery term for an additional term (commencing following the initial 20-year term and for a period after the scheduled final maturity date of the bonds) equal to the lesser of (I) four years or (II) such period that when added to the initial delivery term does not exceed 80% of the remaining economic useful life of the facility as of the commercial operation date of the first phase of the facility as certified by a qualified appraisal firm selected by the seller. In March 2023, the original Power Purchase Agreement was amended to extend the delivery term for an additional four years beginning September 10, 2030 through September 9, 2034.

Through a separate layoff agreement, the City of Glendale sold 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy to LADWP but remains responsible for all payments associated with its participation in the power sales agreement if LADWP fails to buy the energy pursuant to the layoff agreement.

Clean Energy Project (Prepaid PPA) – On May 30, 2024, the Authority financed a one-time prepayment of \$598 million for the purchase of electricity under existing power purchase agreements to be delivered over approximately 30 years under a Master Power Supply Agreement between the Authority and Aron Energy Prepay 23 LLC. The Authority also entered into a Clean Energy Purchase Contract with the City of Anaheim to sell all the electricity acquired under the Master Power Supply Agreement on a "take-and-pay" basis. The total quantity of prepaid electricity expected to be delivered by Aron Energy Prepay 23 LLC during the initial delivery period of six years, commencing on October 1, 2024, and ending on July 31, 2030, under the Master Power Supply Agreement is an estimated 1.9 million MW hours of energy.

TRANSMISSION PROJECTS

Southern Transmission System Project – On May 1, 1983, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA), to defray all the costs of acquisition and construction of the Southern Transmission System Project (STS). IPA provides for the transmission of energy between the Southern California and the Rocky Mountain regional markets, including long-term renewable resources such as Milford I Wind and Milford II Wind, from the Intermountain Generating Station located in Utah to Southern California. STS commenced commercial operations in July 1986. Construction to upgrade two AC/DC converter stations and increase their combined rating from 1,920 MW to 2,400 MW was completed in May 2011. LADWP is the project manager and operating agent of the Intermountain Power Project (IPP).

The converter stations at each end of the STS will be replaced with new converter stations as part of the STS Renewal Project. Construction of the new converter stations is anticipated to begin in mid-to-late 2024 with an estimated in-service date in April 2028.

Southern Transmission System Renewal Project – The Southern Transmission System Renewal Project (STSR) makes additions and improvements to the existing STS, related to IPA's IPP Repowering Project. The project includes new converter stations and AC switchyard expansions at the Adelanto Converter Station and Intermountain Converter Station. The STSR comprises of five components with inservice dates starting in 2024 through 2028.

Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto Projects – Authority Interest (Members) – As of August 4, 1992, the Authority entered into an agreement to acquire an interest in the Mead-Phoenix Project (Mead-Phoenix), a transmission line extending between the Westwing substation in Arizona and the Marketplace substation in Nevada. The agreement provides the Authority with an 18.31% interest in the Westwing-Mead project component, a 17.76% interest in the Mead Substation project component, and a 22.41% interest in the Mead-Marketplace project component.

As of August 4, 1992, the Authority also entered into an agreement to acquire a 67.92% interest in the Mead-Adelanto Project (Mead-Adelanto), a transmission line extending between the Adelanto substation in Southern California and the Marketplace substation in Nevada. Funding for these projects was provided by a transfer of funds from the Multiple Project Fund, and commercial operations commenced in April 1996. LADWP is the project manager and operating agent of Mead-Adelanto.

Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto Projects – Authority Interest (LADWP) – On May 25, 2016, the Authority acquired all of M-S-R Public Power Agency's (MSR PPA) ownership interests and associated participation share and related rights and interests in the Mead-Adelanto and the Mead-Phoenix Projects on behalf of LADWP.

The Authority Interest (LADWP) in Mead-Adelanto and Mead-Phoenix, collectively the "Authority Interests" (LADWP), is separate and distinct from the Authority Interest (Members) and the Authority Interest (Western Area Power Administration) in the existing Mead-Adelanto and Mead-Phoenix Projects. The acquisition represents an additional 17.5% ownership share in the Mead-Adelanto Project, an additional 11.54% ownership share in the Westwing-Mead Component, and an additional 8.10% ownership share in the Mead-Marketplace Component of the Mead-Phoenix Project, pursuant to a Purchase and Sale Agreement dated August 31, 2015 between MSR PPA and the Authority. Pursuant to separate Transmission Service Contracts (LADWP), each dated as of March 17, 2016, LADWP is entitled to transmission services using 100% of the available capability of the Authority Interests (LADWP) in the Mead-Adelanto and Mead-Phoenix Projects.

NATURAL GAS PROJECTS

Pinedale Project – On July 1, 2005, the Authority, together with LADWP and Turlock Irrigation District (TID), acquired the assets of Anschutz Pinedale Corporation (Anschutz) through a Purchase and Sale Agreement (PSA) that included 42.5% of an undivided working interest in four natural gas leases located in the Pinedale Anticline region of the State of Wyoming. The remaining 57.5% working interest at that time was owned by Ultra Petroleum Corporation (Ultra). The working interests shown below are from the PSA and describe how the Anschutz's lease and well interests were divided amongst the purchasing parties at the time of the acquisition:

Buy	ver	Capacity (BCF)	Percentage of Total Capacity
	LADWP	88.83	74.4681%
4 5	City of Anaheim	6.35	5.3191%
SCPPA	City of Burbank	2.54	2.1277%
i i i	City of Colton	1.27	1.0638%
ທ ≥	City of Glendale	5.08	4.2552%
	City of Pasadena	2.54	2.1277%
Non-SCPPA Member	TID	12.69	10.6383%
	TOTAL:	119.30	100%

SCPPA acted as the assignee on behalf of the cities of Anaheim, Burbank, Colton, Glendale and Pasadena (collectively the "other SCPPA Participants"). As operator, Ultra operates all the wells on the leases, manages the drilling of new wells, markets all SCPPA's lease condensate production, and coordinates the delivery of all SCPPA's gas production to parties designated by SCPPA. LADWP, the other SCPPA Participants, and TID hold independent ownership titles for their respective portions of the former Anschutz assets. SCPPA is the operating agent for the former Anschutz assets, with LADWP, the other SCPPA participants and TID having Gas Acquisition and Operating Agency Agreements with SCPPA. The LADWP Natural Gas Group provides natural gas scheduling services for LADWP and the other SCPPA participants. TID is responsible for its own gas scheduling services. When LADWP, the other SCPPA participants and TID purchased the working interest of the Anschutz assets, a condition of that purchase was that SCPPA assume without modification all of the applicable gas gathering and processing contracts then in place. All these contracts provided for keep-whole gas gathering and processing, LADWP, Glendale and Pasadena purchased their interests in cash. Anaheim, Burbank and Colton financed their interests through bonds. The four initial natural gas leases consisted of 38 operating gas wells. Through the life of the project, participants have invested additional capital for Ultra to drill 92 new gas wells for increased production, bringing the current total to 130 operating gas wells. Total volumetric production through the existing wells has steadily and expectedly declined. Ultra has not planned or asked to drill new wells on the acquired leases, choosing to focus their efforts on other land in the Pinedale anticline that lies outside of the project. The current leases include 130 operating gas wells, and associated lateral pipelines, equipment, permits, rights of way, and easements used in production. The natural gas field production is expected to decline over the next 30 years.

• Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) – In July 2005, SCPPA's purchase of the natural gas reserve interests at Pinedale, Wyoming (Pinedale) included two underlying long-term JOAs with the operator, Ultra, now PureWest Energy, LLC. SCPPA pays the operator for SCPPA's share of both operating and drilling/capital expenses on a monthly basis.

On September 14, 2020, the conditions to the effectiveness of Ultra's Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, which was confirmed by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas on August 22, 2020, were satisfied and Ultra emerged from its second bankruptcy. In addition, Ultra changed its name to PureWest Energy, LLC (PureWest) effective in May 2021.

On May 31, 2023, PureWest announced that it completed an all-cash merger with a newly formed entity sponsored by a private consortium of family offices and financial institutions (PW Consortium). Members of PW Consortium include A.G. Hill Partners LLC, Cain Capital LLC, Eaglebine Capital Partners, LP, Fortress Investment Group, HF Capital, LLC, Petro-Hunt LLC and Wincoram Asset Management. Following the closing of the transaction, PureWest's existing management and employees remained in place, and a new Board of Directors was formed composed of representatives from PW Consortium and the entity will remain branded as PureWest Energy, LLC.

• **Gathering and processing agreements** – SCPPA's purchase of Pinedale included underlying agreements with Enterprise Jonah Gas Gathering Company, Western Gas Resources, Inc. and Andeavor for gathering and processing of the natural gas.

Barnett Project – Natural gas resources in the Barnett Shale geological formation in Texas were acquired from Collins and Young Holding, LLP (C&Y) for a total of \$84 million. The acquisition settled on October 26, 2006, and was completed on December 7, 2006, when the participants, together with TID, exercised their option to purchase additional resources from C&Y.

• **Joint Operating Agreement (JOA)** – In October 2006, SCPPA's purchase of the natural gas reserve interests in Barnett, TX (Barnett) included 39 underlying long-term JOAs with the operator, now Javelin Energy Partners, LLC. SCPPA pays the operator for SCPPA's share of both operating and drilling/capital expenses on a monthly basis.

Prepaid Natural Gas Project – On October 11, 2007, the Authority made a one-time prepayment of \$481 million to acquire the right to receive approximately 135 billion cubic feet of natural gas from J. Aron & Company (J. Aron) to be delivered over a 30-year term, beginning July 1, 2008. On October 3, 2007, prior to the acquisition of the prepaid gas supply, the Authority entered into five separate Prepaid Natural Gas Sales Agreements (the Gas Sales Agreements) with J. Aron and simultaneously, five Prepaid Natural Gas Supply Agreements (the Gas Supply Contracts) in which the Authority sold its interest in the natural gas, on a "take-and-pay" basis, to the cities of Anaheim, Burbank, Colton, Glendale, and Pasadena (the Project Participants). Through the Gas Supply Contracts, SCPPA has provided for the sale to the Project Participants, on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, of all of the natural gas to be delivered to SCPPA pursuant to the Gas Sales Agreements.

On October 22, 2009, the Prepaid Natural Gas Sales Agreements between the Authority and J. Aron and certain other agreements were restructured to reduce risk, provide an acceleration of a portion of the long-term savings, reduce the remaining volumes of gas to be delivered from 135 billion to 90 billion cubic feet, and shorten the overall duration of the agreements from 30 years to 27 years. As a result of the restructuring, the Natural Gas contracts will now expire in 2035 and \$165.5 million principal amount of the 2007 Natural Gas Project Bonds was discharged. On September 19, 2013, the transaction was further restructured to, among other things, (a) provide additional credit support for payments by three of the project participants by amending and restating the associated receivables purchase agreement and The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. guaranty, (b) replace AIG-FP Broadgate Limited with Mitsubishi UFJ Securities International plc as the party to the Authority commodity swaps, and (c) create a custodial arrangement with respect to payments owed by J. Aron and guaranteed by The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. or to J. Aron under corresponding J. Aron commodity swaps in order to mitigate the Authority's credit exposure to Mitsubishi UFJ Securities International plc as the counterparty.

Under the Gas Supply Contracts, the approximate average Daily Quantity of gas to be purchased by each Project Participant is as follows:

	Average Daily C		
	Revised	Original	Participant
Project Participant	Volumes	Volumes	Percentage (%)
City of Anaheim	1,467	2,000	16.5%
City of Burbank	2,924	4,000	33.0%
City of Colton	1,007	1,375	11.0%
City of Glendale	2,015	2,750	23.0%
City of Pasadena	1,464	2,000	16.5%
Total	8,877	12,125	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ The Average Daily Quantity is in one million British Thermal Units (MMBtu) and is calculated over the term of the applicable Gas Supply Contracts. The contracts were restructured and volumes revised in October 2009.

Participant ownership interests – As of June 30, 2024, the members have the following participation percentages in the Authority's operating projects:

		G	ENERATION	l		TRANSMISSION					
Participants	Palo Verde	San Juan	Magnolia Power	Canyon Power	Apex Power	Southern Transmission System	Southern Transmission System Renewal	Mead- Phoenix (1992)	Mead- Adelanto (1992)	Mead- Phoenix (2016)	Mead- Adelanto (2016)
City of Los Angeles	67.0%	-	-	-	100.0%	59.5%	90.5%	24.8%	35.7%	100.0%	100.0%
City of Anaheim	-	-	38.0%	100.0%	-	17.6%	-	24.2%	13.5%	-	-
City of Riverside	5.4%	-	-	-	-	10.2%	-	4.0%	13.5%	-	-
Imperial Irrigation District	6.5%	51.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Vernon	4.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Azusa	1.0%	14.7%	-	-	-	-	-	1.0%	2.2%	-	-
City of Banning	1.0%	9.8%	-	-	-	-	-	1.0%	1.3%	-	-
City of Colton	1.0%	14.7%	4.2%	-	-	-	-	1.0%	2.6%	-	-
City of Burbank	4.4%	-	31.0%	-	-	4.5%	4.2%	15.4%	11.5%	-	-
City of Glendale	4.4%	9.8%	16.5%	-	-	2.3%	5.3%	14.8%	11.1%	-	-
City of Cerritos	-	-	4.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Pasadena	4.4%		6.1%			5.9%		13.8%	8.6%		
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

			GREE	N POWER			N	NATURAL GAS			
Participants	Tieton Hydro- power	Milford I Wind	Milford II Wind	Linden Wind Energy	Windy Point	Clean Energy	Pinedale	Barnett	Prepaid Natural Gas		
City of Los Angeles	_	92.5%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	_	_	-	-		
City of Anaheim	-	-	-	-	-	100.00%	35.7%	45.4%	16.5%		
City of Riverside	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Imperial Irrigation District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
City of Vernon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
City of Azusa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
City of Banning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
City of Colton	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.1%	9.1%	11.0%		
City of Burbank	50.0%	5.0%	-	-	-	-	14.3%	27.3%	33.0%		
City of Glendale	50.0%	-	-	-	-	-	28.6%	-	23.0%		
City of Cerritos	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
City of Pasadena		2.5%					14.3%	18.2%	16.5%		
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

The Authority has entered into power sales, natural gas sales, and transmission service agreements with the above project participants. Under the terms of the contracts, the participants are entitled to power output, natural gas, or transmission service, as applicable. The participants are obligated to make payments on a "take-or-pay" basis for their proportionate share of operating and maintenance expenses and debt service. The contracts cannot be terminated or amended in any manner that will impair or adversely affect the rights of the bondholders as long as any bonds issued by the specific project remain outstanding.

The contracts expire as follows:

Palo Verde Project	Various*
San Juan Project	2018**
Magnolia Power Project	2036
Canyon Power Project	2040
Apex Power Project	2038
Tieton Hydropower Project	2040
Milford I Wind Project	2030
Milford II Wind Project	2031
Linden Wind Energy Project	2035
Windy Point Project	2034
Clean Energy Project	2055
Southern Transmission System Project	2027
Southern Transmission System Renewal Project	2077
Mead-Phoenix Project	2030
Mead-Adelanto Project	2030
Natural Gas Pinedale Project	2032
Natural Gas Barnett Project	2032
Prepaid Natural Gas Project	2038
*2045, 2046, and 2047 for Units 1, 2, and 3, respectively	

^{*2045, 2046} and 2047 for Units 1, 2 and 3, respectively.

The Authority's interests or entitlements in natural gas, generation, and transmission projects are jointly owned with other utilities, except for the Magnolia Power Project, Canyon Power Project, Apex Power Project, Tieton Hydropower Project, and the Linden Wind Energy Project, which are wholly owned by the Authority. Under these arrangements, a participating member has an undivided interest in a utility plant and is responsible for its proportionate share of the costs of construction and operation as well as entitled to its proportionate share of the energy, available transmission capacity, or natural gas produced. Each joint plant participant, including the Authority, is responsible for financing its share of construction and operating costs. The financial statements reflect the Authority's interest in each jointly owned project as well as the projects that it owns. Additionally, the Authority's share of expenses for each project is included in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as part of operations and maintenance expenses.

POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

MWD Small Hydro Project – The Authority, on behalf of Anaheim, Azusa, and Colton, entered into a power purchase agreement for the output from four small hydroelectric plants in the Metropolitan Water District system in Southern California, for approximately 17 MW of generating capacity. Transmission is accomplished through the California Independent System Operator, with the City of Anaheim as the scheduling coordinator. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on November 1, 2008. This agreement expired on December 31, 2023.

^{**}Decommissioning and Reclamation commenced in 2018.

Pebble Springs Wind Project – In December 2007, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, Burbank, and Glendale, entered into a power purchase agreement for the facility output of a wind project with 99 MW, located in Gilliam County, Oregon. The Authority is now scheduling the energy through transmission agreements which bring the renewable energy from the project substation to the project participants. The term of the project is 18 years with a right of first offer to potentially purchase the entire project after the 10th contract year. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on January 31, 2009.

Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas Project – In March 2004, the Authority, on behalf of Burbank and Pasadena, entered into a power purchase agreement with Ameresco Chiquita Canyon Energy LLC, subsequently amended in September 2006, for 100% of the electric generation from a landfill gas to an energy facility located at the landfill site in Valencia, California (Ameresco Landfill Gas to Energy Project). This project will initially be for 10 MW with the right of first refusal on any increase in output. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on November 23, 2010. The agreement expires on November 22, 2030.

On February 22, 2024, Ameresco Chiquita Canyon Energy, LLC notified SCPPA that they were declaring a force majeure event due to a "subsurface chemical reaction in the landfill that has decreased the amount of methane and increased the amount of water vapor in the landfill gas" and changed the composition of the sulfur compound in the landfill gas from hydrogen sulfide to dimethyl sulfide. No estimates have been provided for when the plant is expected to resume operations.

Don A. Campbell/Wild Rose Geothermal Energy Project – On December 31, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and Burbank, entered into a power purchase agreement with Ormat Nevada, Inc. to purchase renewable geothermal energy from the Don A. Campbell/Wild Rose Facility (the Facility). The Facility is a geothermal power generating facility with a 16 MW net generating capacity and a 95 percent capacity factor located in Mineral County, Nevada. LADWP is the project manager and has balancing authority at the point of delivery of energy at the Mead 230kV Substation in Southern Nevada. Electricity from the project will be transmitted through Nevada Energy's transmission system that includes the new 500 kV One Nevada Transmission Line. The commercial operation date was declared on January 1, 2014. The agreement expires on January 1, 2034.

Copper Mountain Solar 3 Project – On August 31, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and Burbank, entered into a power purchase agreement with Sempra U.S. Gas and Power (Sempra) to purchase certain renewable energy and associated environmental attributes from the Copper Mountain Solar 3 Facility. The Facility is a fixed tilt photovoltaic system with a capacity of 250 MW located near Boulder City, Nevada. On December 13, 2018, Consolidated Edison purchased the facility from Sempra. On March 1, 2023, RWE Clean Energy, LLC purchased the facility from Consolidated Edison. LADWP is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on April 8, 2015. The agreement expires on April 8, 2035.

Columbia Two Solar Project – On September 19, 2013, the Authority, on behalf of Riverside, Azusa, and Pasadena, entered into a power purchase agreement with RE Columbia Two, LLC to purchase all of the output of the Columbia 2 Solar Project and acquire other rights and resources, including but not limited to the purchase option and the rights under other ancillary agreements associated with the project. The project is a photovoltaic solar power generating facility located in Kern County, California with an expected nameplate capacity of 15 MW. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on December 19, 2014. The agreement expires on December 18, 2034.

Don A. Campbell II Geothermal Energy Project – On December 18, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement with ORNI 37 LLC to purchase renewable geothermal energy from the Don A. Campbell 2 Facility (DAC2) beginning December 31, 2016, for a 20-year term. The facility is a geothermal power generating facility with a 16 MW nameplate capacity and a 95% capacity factor located in Mineral County, Nevada. LADWP is the project manager and has balancing authority at the point of delivery of energy at the Mead 230 kV Substation in Southern Nevada. Electricity from the project will be transmitted through Nevada Energy's Transmission System that includes the new 500 kV One Nevada Transmission Line. Consequently, the Don A. Campbell/Wild Rose Facility is now called Don A. Campbell 1 to distinguish from the expansion, DAC2. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on September 17, 2015. The agreement expires on September 17, 2035.

Heber-1 Geothermal Energy Project – On May 31, 2013, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and the Imperial Irrigation District (IID), entered into a power purchase agreement with Heber Geothermal Company for 46 MW of generating capacity. The facility is a geothermal power generating facility with a 62.5 MW gross nameplate capacity located in Imperial County, California. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on February 2, 2016. On February 25, 2022, a fire damaged part of the Heber Complex mainly affecting the steam turbine-generation area. This subsequently let to a repower of the facility which was completed in March 2023 resulting in a new plant capacity of 52 MW. Ormat Nevada, Inc. is the third-party scheduling coordinator. The agreement expires on February 2, 2026.

Kingbird Solar B Project – On September 19, 2013, the Authority, on behalf of Riverside, Azusa, and Colton, entered into a power purchase agreement with Kingbird Solar B, LLC for 20 MW of generating capacity. The project is a solar photovoltaic power generating facility located near Rosamond, California. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on April 30, 2016. The agreement expires on December 31, 2036, unless a one-time five-year extension is exercised.

Springbok I Solar Farm Project – On August 21, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement with 62 SK 8me, LLC for 105 MW of solar energy with all associated environmental attributes and photovoltaic generating capacity from the Springbok I Solar Farm located in western Kern County, California. The project is expected to have a measured initial generation capacity factor up to 34% with a 0.7% annual degradation. LADWP is the project manager. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on July 11, 2016. The agreement expires on July 10, 2041.

Astoria 2 Solar Project – On July 23, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa, Banning, Colton and Vernon, entered into a power purchase agreement with Recurrent Energy for solar energy from the Astoria 2 Solar Project. The Authority is entitled to 35 MW of photovoltaic generating capacity from December 9, 2016 to December 31, 2021 and 45 MW of generating capacity from January 1, 2022 until the expiration of the agreement on December 31, 2036. Power and Water Resources Pooling Authority, Lodi, Corona, Moreno Valley, and Rancho Cucamonga are each buying the output of a separate portion of the facility, which is located in Kern County, California. The Authority has purchased options on the 10th, 15th, and 20th Contract Years. Commercial operation began in December 2016. The project is forecasted to start at a capacity factor of 31% with a 0.5% annual degradation. APX is the third-party scheduling coordinator for the project.

Summer Solar Project – On November 15, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa, Pasadena and Riverside, entered into a power purchase agreement with Sustainable Power Group (sPower) for 20 MW of solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Summer Solar Facility. The facility is located in Lancaster, California. The project is forecasted to start at a capacity factor of 28% with a 0.5% annual degradation. SCPPA does not have purchase options on this project. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on July 25, 2016. The agreement expires on December 31, 2041.

Springbok II Solar Farm Project – On August 28, 2015, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement with 63SU 8me, LLC for 155 MW of solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Springbok II Solar Farm located 70 miles north of Los Angeles in Kern County, California. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on September 6, 2016. The agreement expires on September 5, 2043, unless a one-time three-year extension is exercised. SCPPA has an early buy out option at the end of the 15th, 20th, 27th, and 30th contract years. The project is expected to start at a capacity factor of 33% with a 0.7% annual degradation. LADWP is the project manager.

Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar Project – On November 15, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa, Pasadena, and Riverside, entered into a power purchase agreement with sPower for 20 MW of solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Antelope Big Sky Ranch Facility. The facility is located near Lancaster, California. The project is expected to start at a capacity factor of 28% with a 0.5% annual degradation. SCPPA has purchase options in the 10th, 15th, and 20th Contract Years. The City of Pasadena is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on August 19, 2016. The agreement expires on December 31, 2041.

Antelope DSR I Solar Project – On July 16, 2015, the Authority, on behalf of Riverside and Vernon, entered into a power purchase agreement with Antelope DSR 1, LLC for 50 MW solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Antelope DSR 1 Solar Facility. The facility is located near Lancaster, California. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on December 20, 2015. The agreement expires on December 19, 2035.

Antelope DSR II Solar Project – On July 16, 2015, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa and Colton, entered into a power purchase agreement with Antelope DSR 2, LLC for 5 MW solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Antelope DSR 2 Solar Facility. The facility is located near Lancaster, California. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on December 6, 2016. The agreement expires on December 5, 2036.

Puente Hills Landfill Gas-to-Energy Project – On June 25, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of Vernon, Banning, Colton, and Pasadena, entered into a power purchase agreement with County Sanitation District No. 2 of Los Angeles County for 46 MW of the electric generation from a landfill gas to energy facility, located at Whittier, California. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on January 1, 2017. The agreement expires on December 31, 2030.

Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal Project – On October 20, 2016, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement for up to 185 MW of generating capacity, with ONGP, LLC, a subsidiary company of Ormat Technologies, Inc., based in Reno, Nevada. This project is comprised of a portfolio of generating stations to be phased in over time. The first facility began delivering energy to the Authority on December 1, 2017. The last facility of the portfolio is expected to be in commercial operation by the end of 2022. The first facility provided 24 MW on December 31, 2017. LADWP provides project management services. The agreement expires on December 31, 2043.

Ormesa Geothermal Complex Energy Project – On March 1, 2016, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and IID, entered into a power purchase agreement with Ormesa, LLC, for 35 MW of net generating capacity. The project has a generating facility located in Imperial Valley, California. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on January 1, 2018. The agreement expires on December 31, 2042.

ARP-Loyalton Biomass Project – On April 2, 2018, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, Anaheim, IID, and Riverside, entered into a power purchase agreement for approximately 12 MW of generating capacity with ARP-Loyalton Cogen LLC, seller and developer of the existing biomass power generation facility in California. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on April 20, 2018. The agreement expired on April 19, 2023.

In February 2020, the operator of the project, ARP-Loyalton Cogen LLC, and its parent company American Renewable Power LLC, filed petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, but both cases have since been converted to Chapter 7 liquidation proceedings. On April 23, 2020, the Chapter 7 trustee entered into an agreement for the sale of the ARP-Loyalton Biomass Project to Sierra Valley Enterprises LLC, a California limited liability company, which sale included substantially all real property and personal property used in the operation of the project. The Bankruptcy Court subsequently approved the sale pursuant to an order entered on May 7, 2020.

From August 22, 2022, through the ARP Loyalton Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) Termination Date of April 19, 2023, the deadline by which the Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Trustee must assume or reject the PPA pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, was repeatedly continued by the Bankruptcy Court which allowed the PPA to expire on its own terms. During this time, Counsel for SCPPA worked with the Bankruptcy Trustee to negotiate a mutually agreeable settlement of damages and legal costs incurred by SCPPA and the other PPA Buyers, which resulted in a near final Settlement Term Sheet. On August 8, 2023, Counsel for SCPPA Participants and the other PPA Buyers sent the first draft of the Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement to the Bankruptcy Trustee for their review and comment. Once the negotiations of the Settlement Agreement are complete, SCPPA and the other PPA Buyers will seek approval of the ARP Loyalton Bankruptcy Settlement Agreement from their respective governing bodies. On April 4, 2024, a motion to approve the Settlement Agreement was filed with the Court. This motion was approved and filed by the Court on May 6, 2024. There was no impact to the financial statements as of June 30, 2024.

Springbok III Solar Farm Project – The Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement for 90 MW of generating capacity on December 17, 2015. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on July 19, 2019. The agreement expires on July 18, 2046, unless a one-time three-year extension is exercised.

Whitegrass Geothermal Project – The Authority, on behalf of Glendale, entered into a power purchase agreement, for 3.0 MW of generating capacity on February 20, 2020. The Whitegrass No. 1 facility is located in Lyon County, Nevada. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on April 1, 2020. The agreement expires on December 31, 2045.

On August 13, 2024, SCPPA provided notice to Whitegrass No.1, LLC that they were in default under the power purchase agreement for failure to timely fulfill and meet performance obligation deadlines. SCPPA is communicating with Whitegrass No. 1, LLC regarding the settlement of the performance obligations.

Roseburg Biomass Project – The Authority, on behalf of LADWP, IID, and Anaheim, entered into a power purchase agreement, for 6.8 MW (out of a total generating capacity of 13.4 MW) pursuant to Senate Bill 859. The delivery commencement date was February 16, 2021. The term of the agreement is five years.

Desert Harvest II Solar Project – The Authority, on behalf of Anaheim, Burbank, and Vernon, entered into a power purchase agreement for 70 MW of generating capacity. The Project achieved its commercial operation date on December 17, 2020. The term of the agreement is 25 years.

Red Cloud Wind Project – The Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement in November 2020 for 331 MW of generating capacity with the point of delivery at the Navajo 500kV Switchyard. The expected net capacity for the project is 46% and the expected annual generation is 1,333,745 MWhs. The project reached commercial operation date on December 22, 2021. The project straddles Torrance, Lincoln, and Guadalupe counties in New Mexico, and is approximately 85 miles southwest of Albuquerque. The term of the PPA is 20 years and includes future purchase options on the 13th anniversary of the commercial operation date and the end of the term.

Coso Geothermal Energy Project – The Authority, on behalf of Banning, Pasadena, and Riverside entered into a power purchase agreement in January 2021 for 55 MW of generating capacity. The delivery commencement date was January 1, 2022. The term of the agreement is 20 years. The Authority's share over the 20-year term will range from 14% to 50% of the net capacity depending on the contract year. The participating members will be Banning and Riverside in years one to 20 (2022 to 2041), and Pasadena in years six to 20 (2027 to 2041).

Star Peak Geothermal Project – The Authority, on behalf of Glendale, entered into a power purchase agreement for 12.5 MW of generating capacity. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on September 28, 2022. The agreement expires on December 31, 2045. On August 26, 2024, SCPPA provided notice to Star Peak Geothermal, LLC that they were in default under the power purchase agreement for failure to timely replenish their Performance Assurance. SCPPA is communicating with Star Peak Geothermal, LLC regarding the replacement of the Performance Assurance.

Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal Project – The Authority, on behalf of Colton, entered into a power purchase agreement with Ormat Nevada Inc. for 16 MW of generating capacity. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on July 14, 2022. The agreement expires on July 13, 2047.

Daggett Solar 2 + Storage Project – The Authority, on behalf of Cerritos and Vernon, entered into a power purchase agreement with Clearway Energy Group LLC for 65 MW of generating capacity. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on December 12, 2023. The agreement expires on December 12, 2043.

The Authority has entered into power purchase agreements with project participants as follows. These agreements are substantially "take-and-pay" contracts where there may be other obligations not associated with the delivery of energy.

Participants' ownership interests are as follows:

							Participants						
Power Purchase Agreements	City of Los Angeles	City of Anaheim	Imperial Irrigation District	City of Vernon	City of Riverside	City of Azusa	City of Banning	City of Colton	City of Burbank	City of Glendale	City of Pasadena	City of Cerritos	Total
Pebble Springs Wind (1)	69.6%	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	10.1%	20.3%	_	_	100.0%
MWD Small Hydro (6)	-	56.4%	-	-	-	21.8%	-	21.8%	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.7%	-	83.3%	-	100.0%
Don A Campbell/Wild Rose Geothermal	84.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.4%	-	-	-	100.0%
Copper Mountain Solar 3	84.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0%	-	-	-	100.0%
Columbia Two Solar	-	-	-	-	74.3%	8.6%	-	-	-	-	17.1%	-	100.0%
Don A. Campbell II Geothermal	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Heber-1 Geothermal (4)	78.0%	-	22.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Kingbird Solar	-	-	-	-	70.0%	15.0%	-	15.0%	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Summer Solar	-	-	-	-	50.0%	17.5%	-	-	-	-	32.5%	-	100.0%
Springbok I Solar	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Springbok II Solar	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Astoria 2 Solar (3)(5)	-	-	_	66.7%	_	-	17.8%	15.5%	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	-	-	-	-	50.0%	17.5%	-	-	-	-	32.5%	-	100.0%
Antelope DSR I Solar	-	-	-	50.0%	50.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Antelope DSR II Solar (3)	-	-	_	_	_	100.0%	-	_	-	-	_	-	100.0%
Puente Hills Landfill Gas (2)	-	-	_	23.3%	_	-	23.2%	23.3%	-	-	30.2%	-	100.0%
Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal	100.0%	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Ormesa Geothermal Complex	85.7%	-	14.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
ARP-Loyalton Biomass	74.1%	6.7%	12.5%	-	6.7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Springbok III Solar	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Whitegrass Geothermal	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	100.0%	_	-	100.0%
Roseburg Biomass	79.5%	7.2%	13.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Desert Harvest II Solar	-	51.4%	-	17.2%	-	-	-	-	31.4%	-	-	-	100.0%
Red Cloud Wind	100.0%	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Coso Geothermal	-	-	_	_	55.0%	-	45.0%	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Star Peak Geothermal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%	-	-	100.0%
Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	100.0%	-	-	_	-	100.0%
Daggett Solar 2 + Storage	-	-	-	92.30%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.70%	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ In accordance to the project's respective "Contract for Sale and Purchase" agreement between the City of Glendale, LADWP, and SCPPA, LADWP agrees to pay from and after the Commencement Date, the Contract Monthly Costs and other obligations of Glendale associated with the Contract Output Entitlement Shares of the project until Glendale exercises its option to repurchase its Entitlement Share by providing LADWP with a 60 day prior written parties of its intent.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Board Resolution No. 2017-097, the City of Azusa assigned its interest of energy and capacity to the City of Banning and terminated the Power Sales Agreement with the Authority in the Puente Hills Landfill Gas Project effective January 1, 2018

⁽³⁾ In accordance with Board Resolution No. 2017-105, the City of Azusa and the City of Colton have mutually negotiated and agreed to transfer their respective rights and obligations among themselves in the Antelope DSR II Solar and Astoria 2 Solar projects. The resolution authorized the transfer of rights and obligation in the Astoria 2 Solar Project from the City of Azusa and the transfer of rights and obligation in the Astoria 2 Solar Project from the City of Azusa to the City of Colton.

⁽⁴⁾ Pursuant to Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated May 31, 2013, beginning at the commencement of the fourth Contract Year, the PPA will enter the Second Period. Per Appendix K of the PPA, on February 2, 2019 the facility energy delivery share (Project Cost Shares) will change from the original share of 33.33% to IID and 66.67% to LADWP. The new share going forward through the remaining term of the PPA will be 22% to IID and 78% to LADWP.

⁽⁵⁾ In accordance with the provisions of Section 10.2 of the Power Sales Agreement (PSA) for Astoria 2 Project, the applicable SCPPA MW Capacity Share increased from 35 MW to 45 MW effective January 1, 2022. Of the 45 MW, 8 MW is allocated to the City of Banning, 7 MW to the City of Colton, and 30 MW to the City of Vernon. The participants' facility output shares effectively changed to 17.7778%, 15.5556%, and 66.6667% for the Cities of Banning, Colton, and Vernon, respectively.

⁽⁶⁾ MWD Small Hydro Project ceased deliveries to SCPPA on December 31, 2023. SCPPA terminated the existing 15-year old PPA with Metropolitan Water District.

As of June 30, 2024, the Authority's power purchase agreements are summarized as follows:

Project Name	Location	Capacity	Agreement Date	Commercial Operations Date	Project Manager	Contract Expiration
Floject Name	Location	Сараспу	Date	Operations Date	iviariagei	Ехрігаціон
Ormat Geothermal Energy Project (1)	Heber, California	14 MW	December 2005	June 2006	SCPPA	2031
Pebble Springs Wind Project	Gilliam County, Oregon	99 MW	December 2007	January 2009	LADWP	2027
MWD Small Hydro Project	Southern California	17 MW	November 2008	November 2008	SCPPA	2023
Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas Project	Valencia, California	10 MW	March 2006	November 2010	SCPPA	2030
Don A. Campbell I Project	Mineral County, Nevada	16 MW	December 2012	January 2014	LADWP	2034
Copper Mountain Solar 3 Project	Clark County, Nevada	250 MW	August 2012	April 2015	LADWP	2035
Columbia Two Solar Project	Kern County, California	15 MW	September 2013	December 2014	SCPPA	2034
Don A. Campbell II Project	Mineral County, Nevada	16 MW	December 2014	September 2015	LADWP	2035
Heber-1 Geothermal Project	Imperial Valley, California	52 MW	May 2013	February 2016	LADWP	2026
Kingbird Solar Project	Kern County, California	20 MW	July 2013	April 2016	SCPPA	2036
Summer Solar Project	Los Angeles County	20 MW	November 2012	July 2016	SCPPA	2041
Springbok I Solar Project	Kern County, California	105 MW	April 2015	July 2016	LADWP	2041
Springbok II Solar Project	Kern County, California	155 MW	August 2015	September 2016	LADWP	2043
Astoria 2 Solar Project	Kern County, California	45 MW	July 2014	December 2016	SCPPA	2036
Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar Project	Los Angeles County	20 MW	January 2017	August 2016	SCPPA	2041
Antelope DSR I Solar Project	Los Angeles County	50 MW	September 2015	December 2015	SCPPA	2035
Antelope DSR II Solar Project	Los Angeles County	5 MW	September 2015	December 2016	SCPPA	2036
Puente Hills Landfill Gas-to-Energy Project	Whittier, California	46 MW	June 2014	January 2017	SCPPA	2030
Ormesa Geothermal Complex	Imperial County, California	35 MW	March 2016	January 2018	LADWP	2042
ARP-Loyalton Biomass Project (2)	Loyalton, California	12 MW	October 2017	April 2018	SCPPA	2023
Springbok III Solar Project	Kern County, California	90 MW	December 2015	July 2019	LADWP	2046
Whitegrass Geothermal Project	Lyon County, Nevada	3 MW	February 2020	April 2020	SCPPA	2045
Roseburg Biomass Project	Weed, California	7 MW	November 2019	February 2021	LADWP	2026
Desert Harvest II Solar Project	Riverside, California	70 MW	February 2020	December 2020	SCPPA	2045
Red Cloud Wind Project	Corona, New Mexico	331 MW	November 2020	December 2021	LADWP	2041
Coso Geothermal Project	Inyo County, California	55 MW	January 2021	January 2022	SCPPA	2041
Star Peak Geothermal Project	Pershing County, Nevada	12.5 MW	February 2020	September 2022	SCPPA	2045
Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal Project	Mono County, California	16 MW	February 2019	July 2022	SCPPA	2047
Daggett Solar 2 + Storage Project	San Bernardino County, California	65 MW	June 2022	December 2023	SCPPA	2043

⁽¹⁾ Project terminated on December 31, 2023.(2) Project terminated on June 30, 2024.

MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS

Project Development Fund - Holds funds related to projects in the development phase.

Projects' Stabilization Fund – In fiscal year 1997, the Authority authorized the creation of a Projects' Stabilization Fund. Deposits may be made to the fund from budget under-runs, after authorization of individual participants, or by direct contributions from the participants. Participants have discretion over the use of their deposits within SCPPA project purposes. This fund is not a project-related fund; therefore, it is not governed by any project Indenture of Trust. The members participate in the Projects' Stabilization Fund by making deposits to the fund at their discretion.

SCPPA Fund – In June 2011, the Authority acquired an 11,500 sq. ft. building located in the City of Glendora to be used as SCPPA office facilities. In January 2018, the Authority acquired the building adjacent to the SCPPA office facilities, as a training facility. Acquisition and construction costs were financed by contributions from SCPPA members. All costs associated with the management, administration, and ongoing operations of the buildings are deemed to be the Authority's overhead costs, which are budgeted and paid in accordance with the SCPPA projects' annual budgets.

The Authority's net pension and postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) liabilities, pension expense, overhead costs and depreciation expense relating to the SCPPA buildings, are reported in the SCPPA Fund.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting and presentation – The combined and individual financial statements of the Authority are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), GASB is applicable to governmental entities that use proprietary fund accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The format of the Statement of Net Position follows the inverted approach which is consistent with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC).

Regulatory asset – The Authority has other noncurrent assets to be received to future periods when the expenses are included for rate-making purposes. The regulatory asset relates to five components with operational dates ranging from 2024 to 2028 and represents a portion of deferred outflows of resources totaling \$3.77 million as of June 30, 2024.

Regulatory liability – The Authority has other noncurrent liabilities to be received to future periods when the expenses are included for rate-making purposes. The regulatory liability relates to five components with operational dates ranging from 2024 to 2028 and represents a portion of deferred inflows of resources totaling \$0 as of June 30, 2024.

Net position – The Authority's net position is classified as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net
 of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, other borrowings,
 and advances from participants that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or
 improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end,
 the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net
 investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position
 component as the unspent proceeds.
- **Restricted** This component of net position consists of items on which constraints are placed as to their use. Constraints include those imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or through enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted** This component of net position consists of items that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combined financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Utility plant – The Authority's share of construction and betterment costs, natural gas reserves, intangibles, and nuclear fuel associated with PVNGS, STS, STSR, Mead-Phoenix, Mead-Adelanto, SJGS, Magnolia Power Project, the Natural Gas Pinedale Project and the Natural Gas Barnett Project (together the Natural Gas Projects), Canyon Power, Tieton Hydropower, Linden Wind Energy, and the Apex Power Projects are included as utility plant and recorded at cost. Utility plant also includes the SCPPA Building. Costs include labor, materials, as well as allocated indirect charges such as engineering, supervision, transportation and construction equipment, retirement plan contributions, health care costs, and certain administrative and general expenses. The costs of routine maintenance, repairs, and minor replacements to maintain the plant in operating condition are charged to the appropriate operations and maintenance expense accounts in the period they are incurred. The original cost of property retired, net of removal and salvage costs, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated service lives, principally 35 years for PVNGS, STS, Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto; 30 years for Magnolia and Canyon Power Project; 50 years for the Tieton Hydropower Project; 25 years for Linden Wind Energy Project; 24 Years for the Apex Power Project; and 35 years for the SCPPA Building Fund. In June 2018, due to the Authority's divestiture from the SJGS Project, the Authority decided to write down the utility plant (see Note 1).

Natural gas reserve depletion – Depletion expense for the Natural Gas Projects is computed using the unit of production method based on the future production of the proven producing wells, estimated at 50 years for the Natural Gas Pinedale Project and 50 years for the Natural Gas Barnett Project. The estimate is based on site specific studies prepared by independent consultants as of December 2022 for Natural Gas Pinedale project and January 2023 for Natural Gas Barnett project. The depletion rate for the Natural Gas Pinedale Project was \$4.32/MMBtu and \$4.71/MMBtu for fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively; and the estimated total net revenue volume was 4,571,455 MMBtu for both fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The depletion rate for the Natural Gas Barnett Project was \$4.52/MMBtu and \$4.97/MMBtu for fiscal years 2024 and 2023; and the estimated total net revenue volume was 5,148,275 MMBtu for both fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Nuclear fuel – Nuclear fuel is amortized and charged to expense on the basis of actual thermal energy produced relative to total thermal energy expected to be produced over the life of the fuel. Under the provisions of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, the federal government assesses each entity with nuclear operations, including the participants in PVNGS, \$1 per MW hour of nuclear generation. The Authority records this charge as a current year expense. See Note 12 for information about spent nuclear fuel disposal.

Reclamation and Decommissioning Obligation – SCPPA records reclamation and decommissioning obligations where there is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. A reclamation and decommissioning obligation is measured based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. The current value is adjusted annually for the effects of general inflation or deflation. All relevant factors should be evaluated annually to determine if those factors significantly increase or decrease the estimated outlays associated with the reclamation and decommissioning obligation. The related reclamation and decommissioning obligation balances included on the statements of net position are as follows:

- Noncurrent liabilities reclamation and decommissioning obligation A reclamation and decommissioning obligation is measured based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred, including probability weighting of potential outcomes. The statement requires the current value of an entity's reclamation and decommissioning obligations be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. It also requires entities to evaluate all relevant factors, including internal events and external laws, regulations, or contracts, at least annually to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated liability. An entity should remeasure a reclamation and decommissioning obligation only when the result of the evaluation indicates there is a significant change in the estimated outlays.
- Deferred outflows of resources reclamation and decommissioning obligation GASB 83 requires recognition of deferred outflows of resources associated with a reclamation and decommissioning obligation based on the useful life of the asset and estimated liability at the time of recognition. The deferred outflows of resources are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital assets.

Net Lease Asset and Lease Liability – SCPPA records net lease asset and lease liability for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions stated in the contracts. In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain leased assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of the information about governments' leasing activities.

The related balances included on the statements of net position are as follows:

- **Net Lease Asset** An intangible net lease asset is measured based on present value of future lease payments for the lease term plus any prepayments, initial direct costs necessary to place asset in use; reduced by amount of any incentives received from the lessor. The statement requires amortization of the intangible lease asset over the shorter of useful life or lease term. The asset is being amortized using the straight-line method.
- Long-term Lease Liability GASB 87 requires recognition of a lease liability which is measured based on the present value of future lease payments for the lease term. The lease liability is amortized by lease payments less the amount for interest expense.

Investments – Investments include United States government and governmental agency securities, guaranteed investment contracts, medium term notes, and money market accounts. These investments are reported at fair value and changes in unrealized gains and losses are recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position with the exception of the guaranteed investment contracts which are recorded at amortized cost. Gains and losses realized on the sale of investments are generally determined using the specific identification method.

The Bond Indentures for the projects require the use of trust funds to account for the Authority's receipts and disbursements. Cash and investments held in these funds are restricted to specific purposes as stipulated in the Bond Indentures.

Accounts receivable – Accounts receivable consists primarily of participant receivables. As such, no allowance is deemed necessary.

Prepaid and other assets – SCPPA entered into a prepaid gas contract with a supplier for a 30-year gas supply at a fixed discount and simultaneously entered into a contract with each of the project participants for the delivery of natural gas. The prepaid contracts were subsequently restructured and the term of the agreements were shortened to 27 years. SCPPA has also entered into prepaid contracts for all of the energy generated by the Milford I Wind, Milford II Wind, Windy Point/Windy Flats and Clean Energy Projects, with corresponding power sales contracts with each project participant (see Note 1).

Advance to IPA – Advance to IPA consists of cash transferred to IPA for reserve, contingency, and self-insurance funding and relates to the STS Project. In addition, Advance to IPA consists of cash transferred to IPA for reserve as it relates to the STS Renewal Project's construction expenditures.

Unamortized premiums and discounts – Unamortized premiums and discounts are recorded as part of long-term debt and amortized over the life of the related debt issue using the effective interest method.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

Restricted cash and investments – Restricted cash and investments are set aside to meet externally imposed legal and contractual obligations. Restricted cash and investments are used in accordance with their requirements and include certain proceeds of the Authority's revenue bonds, as well as resources set aside for their repayment, and participant advances restricted for costs of certain capital projects.

Deferred outflow and inflow of resources – Losses and gains on refunding related to bonds redeemed by refunding bonds are reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the statement of net position. The losses and gains are amortized over the life of the refunding bonds or the remaining term of refunded bonds, whichever is shorter.

In addition, the accumulated decrease in the fair value of effective hedging derivative instruments is reported as deferred outflow of resources. Under hedge accounting, the changes in the fair value of an effective hedging derivative instrument, in asset or liability positions, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources or deferred outflow of resources, respectively, on the statements of net position.

See Note 11 for a description of the deferred outflows of resources and the deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB.

Deferred outflows of resources related to reclamation and decommissioning obligation are recognized and amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset.

Materials and supplies – Materials and supplies consist primarily of items for construction and maintenance of plant assets and are stated at the lower of cost or market.

Arbitrage rebate and yield restrictions – The unused proceeds from the issuance of tax-exempt debt have been invested in taxable financial instruments. The excess of earnings on investments, if any, over the amount that would have been earned if the investments had a yield equal to the bond yield or yield restricted rate, is payable to the IRS within five years of the date of the bond offering and each consecutive five years thereafter until final maturity of the related bonds.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of SCPPA's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), Miscellaneous plans (Plans), and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) – For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB's plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the OPEB plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Revenues – Revenues consist of billings to participants for the sales of electric energy, natural gas, and transmission service in accordance with the participation agreements. Generally, revenues are fixed at a level to recover all operating and any debt service costs over the commercial life of the property.

Transportation costs – As a result of the sales and purchases agreements for natural gas entered into by SCPPA, the participants receive less volume than processed incurring embedded transportation costs. These costs are recorded as participants' revenue and expense to the Natural Gas Pinedale Project. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, transportation costs were approximately \$105,531 and \$321,112, respectively, for the Natural Gas Pinedale Project.

Non-exchange contribution – Each participant of the Magnolia Power Plant is responsible for its own share of natural gas. They may elect to bring fuel to the plant or purchase fuel from Conoco Phillips (Conoco). Conoco computes the daily imbalances of fuel volume per participant using the daily consumption data that the operating manager provides. Monthly, actual fuel burnt is reported together with the daily imbalances, participants' in-kind contribution, and fuel purchases from Conoco.

Non-exchange contributions are valued at fair market value and recorded as participant revenue and fuel expense to the Magnolia Power Project. SCPPA values the participants' fuel contribution using monthly average pricing from the Project's Conoco fuel purchases. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the participants' contribution in kind was approximately 10 million MMBtu and was valued at approximately \$40.6 million and \$100.2 million, respectively.

Build America Bonds (BABs) – These are taxable municipal bonds that were created under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and carry special tax credits and federal subsidies for either the bond issuer or the bondholder. BABs provide for a subsidy payment from the Department of the Treasury to be paid directly to the issuer (Direct Payment) or the bondholder (Tax Credit BABs) in an amount equal to 35% of the bond's interest. On September 28, 2010, SCPPA issued \$41.5 million of the Linden Wind 2010 Series B, Direct Payment BABs.

The budget sequestration or automatic spending cuts of the United States Government that went into effect in 2013 resulted in a 7.2% decrease of the BABs subsidies received by the Authority for the related bonds. During fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, BABs subsidy received remained at 5.7% for debt service payments made on July 1 and January 1. On January 19, 2024, SCPPA refunded the 2010 Series B bonds. As a result of this refunding, SCPPA will no longer receive the federal BABs subsidies.

Reclassifications – Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. Such reclassifications had no impact on the Authority's total financial condition, operating results, cash flows or net position.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement provides guidance in the accounting and financial reporting for accounting changes and error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period, and (d) reclassification in the financial statements resulting from a change in accounting principle or an error correction by reclassifying all prior periods presented, if practicable. This Statement also requires that the aggregate amount of adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position, as applicable, be displayed by reporting unit in the financial statements. SCPPA adopted GASB Statement No. 100 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Restatement Due to Error Corrections in the Magnolia Power Project – During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, prior period errors were identified which, as required by GASB Statement No. 100, resulted in the restatement of fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 in the Magnolia Power Project. The error was a result of improper amortization of certain deferred credits over a period of the previous nine years.

The changes to related balances on the individual financial statements for the Magnolia Power Project for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are:

• Statement of Net Position: Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year — Starting in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, SCPPA recorded expenses based on estimates provided by the project operator. These entries were recorded over a span of nine years resulting in an accumulated \$16.1 million understatement of deferred credit for major maintenance (see Note 8). The change in notes payable and other liabilities due within one year due to the restatement was an increase of \$13.9 million from \$22.0 million to \$35.9 million from the true-up to actual expenses incurred. \$2.2 million of the accumulated difference was related to fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and restated as part of operating revenues.

- Statement of Net Position: Advances from participants due within one year Starting in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, SCPPA recorded expenses based on estimates provided by the project operator. These entries were recorded over a span of nine years resulting in an accumulated \$1.1 million understatement of deferred credit for capital (see Note 9). The change in advances from participants due within one year due to the restatement was an increase of \$674,000 from \$21.5 million to \$22.1 million from the true-up to actual expenses incurred. \$431,000 of the accumulated difference was related to fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and restated as part of operating revenues.
- When these expenses were recorded, the deferred credit and advances from participants accounts were debited and a corresponding credit was recorded to income, resulting in an overstatement of operating revenues of \$2.7 million in fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The change in operating revenues due to the restatement was an increase of \$2.7 million from \$148.7 million to \$151.4 million from the true-up to actual expenses incurred. This overstatement was an accounting entry only and did not affect billings to participants.
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position: Net position The change in operating revenues increased net position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 by \$2.7 million. SCPPA also corrected beginning net position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The correction resulted in a \$17.2 million decrease in beginning net position. The overall impact to net position was a decrease of \$14.5 million. Accordingly, ending net position at June 30, 2023 changed from negative \$61.3 million to negative \$75.8 million as a result of the restatement.
- Statement of Cash Flows SCPPA corrected operating income and changes in other assets in the reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities. The correction resulted in \$2.7 million increase in operating income and a \$2.7 million decrease in changes to other assets. This restatement did not impact cash position as the change in operating income was offset by the change in the deferred credit adjustment. There was no overall change in net cash provided by operating activities in the statement of cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 3 – Utility Plant

At June 30, 2024, Net utility plant consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

				GENER	RATIC	N				GREEN	POWI	ER	TRA	NSMISSION
	Pa	alo Verde	N	Magnolia Power		Canyon Power	Ap	oex Power		Tieton dro-power		den Wind Energy	Т	Southern ransmission System
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$	795,843 20,331 5,854	\$	289,783 15,247 16,765	\$	257,600 31,879 704	\$	372,292 - 1,010 -	\$	36,290 13,371 11	\$	123,082 23,431 -	\$	770,498 44,400 -
Less accumulated depreciation		822,028 682,401		\$321,795 205,552		290,183 122,545		373,302 151,910		49,672 21,669		146,513 80,180		814,898 726,949
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost		139,627 53,510 44,060		116,243 986 -		167,638 - -		221,392 2,607 -		28,003 - -		66,333 - -		87,949 - -
Net utility plant	\$	237,197	\$	117,229	\$	167,638	\$	223,999	\$	28,003	\$	66,333	\$	87,949
			TRA	NSMISSION				NATUR	AL GA	S		THERS		
	Tra	outhern nsmission em Renewal	Mea	ad- Phoenix	Mea	id- Adelanto	F	Pinedale	<u> </u>	3arnett	;	SCPPA Fund		Total
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$	- 51,172 - -	\$	82,448 3,170	\$	209,362 510	\$	32,635 44,747	\$	39,232 46,274	\$	- - 7,467 -	\$	1,874,890 1,217,739 151,758 91,021
Less accumulated depreciation		51,172 -		85,618 52,442		209,872 140,966		77,382 58,666		85,506 64,290		7,467 1,825		3,335,408 2,309,395
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost	51,172 550,585			33,176 728 -		68,906 - -		18,716 3 -		21,216 16 -		5,642 - -		1,026,013 608,435 44,060
Net utility plant	\$	601,757	\$	33,904	\$	68,906	\$	18,719	\$	21,232	\$	5,642	\$	1,678,508

At June 30, 2023, Net utility plant consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

				GENE	RATIC	N				GREEN	POWI	ER	TRA	NSMISSION
	Pa	alo Verde		lagnolia Power		Canyon Power	Ap	ex Power		Tieton dro-power		nden Wind Energy	Т	Southern ransmission System
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$	789,618 20,066 5,857	\$	289,742 15,247 16,765	\$	257,614 31,853 704	\$	366,332 - 935 -	\$	36,290 13,371 11	\$	123,082 23,431 -	\$	770,498 44,400
Less accumulated depreciation		815,541 664,002		321,754 196,342		290,171 113,298		367,267 134,530		49,672 20,171		146,513 74,366		814,898 722,903
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost		151,539 49,612 43,769		125,412 684 -		176,873 - -		232,737 2,607 -		29,501 - -		72,147 - -		91,995 - -
Net utility plant	\$	244,920	\$	126,096	\$	176,873	\$	235,344	\$	29,501	\$	72,147	\$	91,995
			TRAI	NSMISSION				NATUR	AL GA	s		OTHERS		
	Tra	outhern nsmission em Renewal	Mea	ıd- Phoenix	Mea	ıd- Adelanto	F	Pinedale		3arnett	;	SCPPA Fund		Total
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$	- - - -	\$	82,311 3,161	\$	208,883 509	\$	32,623 44,747	\$	39,171 46,274	\$	- - 7,449 -	\$	1,862,678 1,165,660 151,585 91,021
Less accumulated depreciation		<u>-</u>		85,472 49,650		209,392 134,635		77,370 57,006		85,445 62,246		7,449 1,620		3,270,944 2,230,769
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost		- 215,801 -		35,822 514 -		74,757 - -		20,364 12 -		23,199 61 -		5,829 - -		1,040,175 269,291 43,769
Net utility plant	\$	\$ 215,801		36,336	\$	74,757	\$	20,376	\$	23,260	\$	5,829	\$	1,353,235

A summary of changes in Utility Plant follows (amounts in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Transfers / Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2024
Nondepreciable utility plant Land Construction work in progress Construction work in progress – gas Nuclear fuel	\$ 56,704 269,218 73 43,769	\$ - 401,418 19 11,325	\$ - - (11,034)	\$ - (62,220) (73)	\$ 56,704 608,416 19 44,060
Total nondepreciable utility plant	369,764	412,762	(11,034)	(62,293)	709,199
Depreciable utility plant Production					
Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Gas-fired plant (Mag, Apex, CPP) Green power (Linden, Tieton) Transmission General Natural gas reserves	788,697 908,830 158,200 1,116,837 78,861 162,815	6,058 - 907 103	(4,823) (71) - - (3)	11,048 - - 51,172 - 73	794,922 914,817 158,200 1,168,916 78,961 162,888
Total depreciable utility plant	3,214,240	7,068	(4,897)	62,293	3,278,704
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,230,769)	(83,113)	4,487		(2,309,395)
Total utility plant, net	\$ 1,353,235	\$ 336,717	\$ (11,444)	\$ -	\$ 1,678,508
	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Transfers / Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2023
Nondepreciable utility plant Land Construction work in progress Construction work in progress – gas Nuclear fuel Total nondepreciable utility plant		Additions \$ - 230,311 73 10,721 241,105	Disposals \$ (11,380) (11,380)		
Land Construction work in progress Construction work in progress – gas Nuclear fuel Total nondepreciable utility plant Depreciable utility plant Production	July 1, 2022 \$ 56,704 45,763 140 44,428 147,035	\$ - 230,311 73 10,721	\$ - (11,380) (11,380)	### Adjustments \$ (6,856) (140)	\$ 56,704 269,218 73 43,769 369,764
Land Construction work in progress Construction work in progress – gas Nuclear fuel Total nondepreciable utility plant Depreciable utility plant	July 1, 2022 \$ 56,704 45,763 140 44,428	\$ - 230,311 73 10,721	\$ - - (11,380)	* - (6,856) (140) -	\$ 56,704 269,218 73 43,769
Land Construction work in progress Construction work in progress – gas Nuclear fuel Total nondepreciable utility plant Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Gas-fired plant (Mag, Apex, CPP) Green power (Linden, Tieton) Transmission General	July 1, 2022 \$ 56,704 45,763 140 44,428 147,035 783,409 904,487 158,200 1,116,695 78,479	\$ - 230,311 73 10,721 241,105	\$ - (11,380) (11,380) (1,568) (66) -	Adjustments \$	\$ 56,704 269,218 73 43,769 369,764 788,697 908,830 158,200 1,116,837 78,861
Land Construction work in progress Construction work in progress – gas Nuclear fuel Total nondepreciable utility plant Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Gas-fired plant (Mag, Apex, CPP) Green power (Linden, Tieton) Transmission General Natural gas reserves	July 1, 2022 \$ 56,704 45,763 140 44,428 147,035 783,409 904,487 158,200 1,116,695 78,479 162,675	\$ - 230,311 73 10,721 241,105	\$ - (11,380) (11,380) (1,568) (66) - (82)	Adjustments \$	yune 30, 2023 \$ 56,704 269,218 73 43,769 369,764 788,697 908,830 158,200 1,116,837 78,861 162,815

Note 4 - Investments

The Authority's investment function operates within a legal framework established by Sections 6509.5 and 53600 et. seq. of the California Government Code, Indentures of Trust, and instruments governing financial arrangements entered into by the Authority to finance and operate Projects and the Authority's Investment Policy.

Guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) are contracts that guarantee the owner principal repayment and a specified interest rate for a predetermined period of time. GICs are typically issued by insurance companies and marketed to institutions that qualify for favorable tax status under federal laws. These types of securities provide institutions with guaranteed returns. GICs are negotiated on a case-by-case basis.

Based on SCPPA's Investment Policy, certain vehicles such as GICs, flexible repurchase agreements or forward debt service agreements, may be entered into only upon approval of the SCPPA Board. In addition, eligible securities and general limitations are derived from each Project's Indenture of Trust, the Government Code and SCPPA's evolving investment practices.

The operative Indentures of Trust in which securities are authorized for investment purposes relate to the Southern Transmission System Project Bonds, the Southern Transmission System Renewal Project Bonds, the Mead-Phoenix Project Bonds, the Mead-Adelanto Project Bonds, the Magnolia Power Project Bonds, the Pinedale Project Bonds, the Barnett Project Bonds, the Prepaid Natural Gas Project Bonds, the Canyon Power Project Bonds, the Clean Energy Project, the Milford Wind Phase I Project Bonds, the Milford Wind Phase II Project Bonds, the Linden Wind Project Bonds, the Tieton Hydropower Project Bonds, the Windy Point/Windy Flats Project Bonds, and the Apex Power Project Bonds. Authorized investments for the Projects' Stabilization Fund are set forth in a resolution approved by the Board in 1996 and amended and approved in 2016.

Eligible securities include:

- United States Treasury Securities, which are bonds or other obligations secured by the full faith and credit of the United States of America:
- Federal Agency Obligations, which have the full financial backing of the U.S. Government;
- Government Sponsored Enterprise Obligations, which are created by acts of Congress to provide liquidity for selected lending programs targeted by Congress;
- Repurchase Agreements, which are collateralized loan contracts where the seller includes a written agreement to repurchase the securities at a later date for a specified amount;
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, which are deposit liabilities issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank, a savings or a federal association or by a state-licensed branch of a foreign bank, which has short-term ratings of at least "A-1" by S&P and at least "P-1" by Moody's;

- Bankers' Acceptances, a short-term draft or bill of exchange guaranteed for payment at face value
 to the holder of the instrument on its maturity date, which has a short-term rating of at least "A-1" by
 S&P and at least "P-1" by Moody's;
- Commercial Paper, a short-term unsecured promissory note issued by non-financial or financial firms with a rating of at least "A-1" by S&P and at least "P-1" by Moody's;
- Medium Term Notes rated "A" or better and only those issued by corporations organized and
 operating within the United States, or by depository institutions licensed by the United States or any
 state and operating within the United States;
- Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Obligations, which are secured by a mortgage or collection of
 mortgages, credit card receivables, student and auto loans, which are rated "AA" or its equivalent
 or better by NRSRO and whose issuer have a rating of "A" or higher for the issuer's debt as
 provided by NRSRO;
- State of California Obligations such as warrants, treasury notes, or bonds, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the State of California or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the State of California with a rating of "A" or better;
- California Local Agency Obligations such as notes, warrants, or bonds including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the local agency or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency with a rating of "A" or better;
- State (Other than California) Obligations such as notes or bonds of any of the other 49 states in addition to California was a rating of "A" or better;
- Supranationals, which are United States dollar denominated senior unsecured unsubordinated obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, or Inter-American Development Bank with the rating of "AA" or better;
- Placement Service Deposits placed through a deposit placement service that meet the requirements of Code Section 53601.8, with a maximum term of one year or less; and
- Equity-Linked Notes, which are categorized as medium-term corporate notes and are subject to the constraints set forth in the Government Code and the Authority's Investment Policy.

As of June 30, 2024, the Authority held the following as cash and cash equivalents and investments:

Investment Type	-	-air Value thousands)	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Percent of Portfolio
U.S. Agency Securities	\$	374,167	0.93	21.8%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		37,250	9.11	2.2%
Money Market Funds		104,989	0.08	6.1%
Commercial Paper		9,395	0.01	0.5%
U.S. Treasury Securities		531,449	0.83	30.9%
Medium Term Corporate Notes		14,104	0.67	0.8%
Municipal Bonds		1,610	2.22	0.1%
U.S. Agency Discount Notes	_	647,401	0.12	37.6%
Total	\$	1,720,365	0.71	100.0%

As of June 30, 2023, the Authority held the following as cash and cash equivalents and investments:

Investment Type	-	air Value thousands)	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Percent of Portfolio
U.S. Agency Securities	\$	446,385	0.51	29.3%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		14,869	14.28	1.0%
Money Market Funds		168,441	0.08	11.0%
Supranational Securities		19,710	0.01	1.3%
Commercial Paper		28,419	0.04	1.9%
U.S. Treasury Securities		184,175	1.19	12.1%
Medium Term Corporate Notes		21,187	1.31	1.4%
Negotiable CDs		4,994	0.07	0.3%
Municipal Bonds		3,988	1.15	0.3%
U.S. Agency Discount Notes		633,861	0.29	41.5%
Total	\$	1,526,029	0.58	100.0%

The "weighted average maturity in years" calculation assumes that all investments are held until maturity.

Investments at June 30, 2024, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

				C	SENE	RATION							GREEN	I POV	WER			
	P	alo Verde	S	an Juan		lagnolia Power	Canyon Power	Apex Power	Tieton dropower	N	Milford I Wind	M	lilford II Wind		Windy Point	den Wind Energy	Cle	an Energy
U.S. agencies	\$	194,179	\$	18,610	\$	26,561	\$ 2,497	\$ 2,271	\$ _	\$	998	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Agency discount notes		11,663		1,478		36,136	16,638	21,339	4,414		20,220		10,068		19,975	4,176		-
Supranational securities		-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		-
Negotiable CDs		-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		-
Commercial paper		999		-		2,759	1,550	-	-		1,249		-		-	-		-
GICs		-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		21,612
U.S. Treasury securities		6,697		4,887		14,467	-	8,460	299		995		1,796		6,084	696		-
Medium term corporate notes		7,261		-		1,477	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		-
Municipal bonds		-		-		885	-	-	-		-		-		-	-		-
Money market funds		5,683		1,864		7,249	 532	3,429	 525		1,881		616		859	 1,196		933
Total	\$	226,482	\$	26,839	\$	89,534	\$ 21,217	\$ 35,499	\$ 5,238	\$	25,343	\$	12,480	\$	26,918	\$ 6,068	\$	22,545
Restricted investments	\$	204,155	\$	23,704	\$	48,633	\$ 13,095	\$ 2,263	\$ 2,419	\$	10,193	\$	5,529	\$	-	\$ -	\$	21,612
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents		8,473 13,854		2,479 656		40,901	8,122	3,155 30,081	2,819		- 15,150		- 6,951		6,999 19,919	6,068		933
Total	\$	226,482	\$	26,839	\$	89,534	\$ 21,217	\$ 35,499	\$ 5,238	\$	25,343	\$	12,480	\$	26,918	\$ 6,068	\$	22,545

Investments at June 30, 2024, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

POWER PURCHASE

			Т	RANSMISS	SION				NATURAL G	SAS		AG	REEMENTS		MIS	CEL	LANEOUS		_	
	Tra	outhern nsmission System	Tra	Southern ansmission System Renewal	Mead- Phoenix	Mead- delanto	Pi	nedale	Barnett		Prepaid itural Gas		Combined	De	Project evelopment Fund		Projects' abilization Fund	CPPA Fund	_	Total
U.S. agencies	\$	2,592	\$	-	\$ 499	\$ 499	\$	-	\$34,826	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	90,635	\$ -	\$	374,167
Agency discount notes		31,510		406,299	1,669	1,940		2,915	2,785		999		32,352		-		20,825	-		647,401
Supranational securities		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Negotiable CDs		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Commercial paper		-		-	380	460		-	-		-		-		-		1,998	-		9,395
GICs		-		-	-	-		-	-		15,638		-		-		-	-		37,250
U.S. Treasury securities		-		453,676	550	500		-	-		-		25,554		-		6,788	-		531,449
Medium term corporate notes		1,958		-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		3,408	-		14,104
Municipal bonds		-		-	-	-		-	725		-		-		-		-	-		1,610
Money market funds		498		13,457	1,401	 982		4,290	5,147		5,076		36,634		822		11,915	 -		104,989
Total	\$	36,558	\$	873,432	\$ 4,499	\$ 4,381	\$	7,205	\$43,483	\$	21,713	\$	94,540	\$	822	\$	135,569	\$ -	\$	1,720,365
Restricted investments	\$	26,710	\$	537,631	\$ 877	\$ 1,459	\$	498	\$ 36,751	\$	16,637	\$	-	\$	-	\$	123,654	\$ -	\$	1,075,820
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents		9,848		335,801	3,622	2,922		700 6,007	6,732		5,076		94,540		822		- 11,915	 -		21,806 622,739
Total	\$	36,558	\$	873,432	\$ 4,499	\$ 4,381	\$	7,205	\$43,483	\$	21,713	\$	94,540	\$	822	\$	135,569	\$ -	\$	1,720,365

Investments at June 30, 2023, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

					GE	NERATION						(GREE	N POWER	1		
	Pa	alo Verde	Sa	an Juan		lagnolia Power	Canyon Power	Ap	oex Power	Ну	Tieton /dropower	filford I Wind	M	lilford II Wind		Windy Point	den Wind Energy
U.S. agencies Agency discount notes Supranational securities Negotiable CDs Commercial paper GICs U.S. Treasury securities Medium term corporate notes Municipal bonds Money market funds	\$	186,379 5,992 - - - 6,913 10,139 3,129 7,486	\$	20,601 - - - - 1,368 - - 1,675	\$	34,169 24,158 800 1,997 9,465 - 3,984 1,440 859 12,351	\$ 2,988 13,470 2,200 - 3,382 - 1,494 - - 2,221	\$	4,571 16,693 3,800 - 2,999 - 4,993 - - 3,312	\$	4,265 - - - 349 - - 628	\$ 1,983 13,458 1,200 - 1,299 - 2,988 - - 2,952	\$	1,821 8,965 950 - - - - - - 993	\$	45,638 22,871 2,100 1,000 4,148 - 1,988 - - 3,166	\$ 5,456 7,100 1,100 - 599 - - - 1,628
Total	\$	220,038	\$	23,644	\$	89,223	\$ 25,755	\$	36,368	\$	5,242	\$ 23,880	\$	12,729	\$	80,911	\$ 15,883
Restricted investments Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$	197,554 8,393 14,091	\$	23,435 - 209	\$	50,092 14,124 25,007	\$ 16,422 - 9,333	\$	21,073 - 15,295	\$	2,720 - 2,522	\$ 9,945 - 13,935	\$	6,000 420 6,309	\$	61,290 2,957 16,664	\$ 11,876 - 4,007
Total	\$	220,038	\$	23,644	\$	89,223	\$ 25,755	\$	36,368	\$	5,242	\$ 23,880	\$	12,729	\$	80,911	\$ 15,883

Investments at June 30, 2023, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

POWER PURCHASE

				TRANSMISS	SION					NA	TURAL GA	AS		AGI	REEMENTS	MISC	ELLANEOUS	_	
	Tra	Southern nsmission System	Tra	Southern ansmission Renewal System		Mead- Phoenix	Mead- delanto	Pi	nedale		Barnett		Prepaid tural Gas	(Combined		Projects' lization Fund		Total
U.S. agencies Agency discount notes Supranational securities	\$	2,554 55,559 6,330	\$	25,000 396,537	\$	500 1,560	\$ 400 2,340	\$	- - 580	\$	21,147 12,375 650	\$	1,499	\$	6,466 26,648	\$	85,212 21,870	\$	446,384 633,861 19,710
Negotiable CDs Commercial paper		6,527		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		1,997		4,994 28,419
GICs U.S. Treasury securities		4,980		- 107,364		-	-		- 499		-		14,869		- 45,480		- 1,775		14,869 184,175
Medium term corporate notes Municipal bonds		1,866		- -		-	-		-		4,449 -		-		-		3,293		21,187 3,988
Money market funds		1,114		71,047		3,106	 1,746		4,799		3,900		4,068		34,193		8,056		168,441
Total	\$	78,930	\$	599,948	\$	5,166	\$ 4,486	\$	5,878	\$	42,521	\$	20,436	\$	112,787	\$	122,203	\$	1,526,028
Restricted investments Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,682 - 24,248	\$	469,279 - 130,669	\$	1,460 - 3,706	\$ 1,580 - 2,906	\$	1,079 - 4,799	\$	37,041 - 5,480	\$	16,368 - 4,068	\$	28,097 84,690	\$	103,166 - 19,037	\$	1,085,062 53,991 386,975
Total	\$	78,930	\$	599,948	\$	5,166	\$ 4,486	\$	5,878	\$	42,521	\$	20,436	\$	112,787	\$	122,203	\$	1,526,028

Interest rate risk – The Authority's investment policy limits the maturity of its investments to a maximum of five years for investments in the United States Treasury, Federal Agency, and Government Sponsored Enterprise securities, excluding: investments held in Project Debt Service Reserve; long-term commitments or agreements approved by the Authority's Board; five years for medium term corporate notes; 270 days for commercial paper; 180 days for bankers' acceptances; and one year for negotiable certificates of deposits.

Credit risk – Under its investment policy and the State of California Government Code, the Authority is subject to the prudent investor standard of care in managing all aspects of its portfolios. As an investment standard, each investment shall be made with "judgment and care under circumstances then prevailing, which a person of prudence, discretion and intelligence would exercise in the management of his/her affairs, not in regard for speculation, but in regard to the permanent disposition of funds, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of the capital to be invested." The Authority's investment policy does not preclude active management of the portfolio to address market opportunities. All transactions shall be undertaken in the best interest of the Authority and its participants.

The Authority's investment policy specifies that all project funds may be invested in shares of beneficial interest for temporary periods, pending disbursement or reinvestment as allowed under the state of California Government Code (Code). The Code requires that the fund must have either 1) attained the highest ranking or highest letter and numerical rating provided by no less than two or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO) or 2) retained an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with no less than five years' experience managing money market mutual funds with assets under management in excess of \$500 million. As of June 30, 2024, money market funds in the portfolios with Bank of New York Mellon have attained the following ratings: AAAm by Standard and Poor's, and Aaa-mf by Moody's Investors Service; while money market funds in the portfolios with US Bank have attained ratings of AAAm by Standard and Poor's, Aaa-mf by Moody's Investors Service, and AAAmmf by Fitch Ratings.

The U.S. government agency securities in the portfolio consist of securities issued by government-sponsored enterprises, which are not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the U.S. government agency securities in the portfolio carried the highest possible credit ratings by the NRSRO that rated them.

The Guaranteed Investment Contracts in the portfolio with American International Group (AIG) consist of securities issued by corporations and carry a rating of Baa2 by Moody's Investors Service, BBB+ by Standard and Poor's, and BBB+ by Fitch Ratings.

The Guaranteed Investment Contracts in the portfolio with Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company (MassMutual) consist of securities issued by corporations and carry a rating of Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service, AA+ by Standard and Poor's, and AA+ by Fitch Ratings.

The Guaranteed Investment Contracts in the portfolio with Societe Generale, New York Branch consist of securities issued by corporations and carry a rating of A1 by Moody's Investors Service, A by Standard and Poor's, and A- by Fitch Ratings.

The Investment Agreement Contract with American General Life consists of securities issued by corporations and carries a rating of A+ by Standard and Poor's, A2 by Moody's and A+ by Fitch Ratings.

The Investment Agreement Contract in the portfolio with Assured Guaranty (formerly Financial Security Assurance) consists of securities issued by corporations and carries a rating of A by Standard and Poor's, and Baa1 by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of credit risk – The Authority's investment policy specifies a 100% percentage limitation on the amount that can be invested in U.S. government agency securities.

Of the Authority's total investments as of June 30, 2024, \$622.4 million (36.2%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; \$157.6 million (9.2%) was invested with Farm Credit Bank; \$61.8 million (3.6%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association; \$179.8 million (10.5%) was invested with Federal Home Loan Mortgage; \$531.4 million (30.9%) was invested in US Treasuries; \$9.4 million (0.5%) was invested in Commercial Paper; \$37.3 million (2.2%) was invested in GICs; \$14.1 million (0.8%) was invested in Medium Term Corporate Notes; and \$1.6 million (0.1%) was invested in Municipal Bonds.

Of the Authority's total investments as of June 30, 2023, \$813.3 million (53.3%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; \$109.5 million (7.2%) was invested with Farm Credit Bank; \$38.5 million (2.5%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association; \$118.9 million (7.8%) was invested with Federal Home Loan Mortgage; \$184.2 million (12.1%) was invested in US Treasuries; \$5.0 million (0.3%) was invested in Certificates of Deposit; \$28.4 million (1.9%) was invested in Commercial Paper; \$14.9 million (1.0%) was invested in GICs; \$19.7 million (1.3%) was invested in Supranational Securities; \$21.2 million (1.4%) was invested in Medium Term Corporate Notes; and \$4.0 million (0.3%) was invested in Municipal Bonds.

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments

Objective of the swaps – SCPPA uses derivative instruments to hedge its exposure to changing interest rates through the use of interest rate swaps and also to manage its exposure to fluctuating natural gas prices through the use of natural gas hedge contracts. An interest rate swap is the exchange of payments between SCPPA and a counterparty in order to potentially obtain a lower cost of funding than traditional fixed rate bonds, or to hedge interest rate exposure on SCPPA's assets or liabilities. The Authority has entered into separate pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps and four basis swaps to produce savings or to result in lower costs over the life of each transaction rather than what the Authority would have paid using fixed-rate debt.

The Authority has adopted GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*. This Statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments. In accordance with GASB 53, the Authority recognizes the changes in fair values of effective hedging derivative instruments as either deferred inflows or outflows of resources on the Authority's Statements of Net Position and recognizes the changes in fair values of an ineffective derivative instrument in earnings.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the balance for the swaps deemed to qualify for effective hedge accounting under GASB 53 was a net liability and corresponding deferred outflows of resources of \$2.5 million. Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$1.4 million from the balance of \$3.9 million at June 30, 2023. In addition, a noncurrent asset (fair value of derivative instruments) of \$0.6 million was recognized for the Canyon Power swap.

For the swaps that were deemed ineffective derivative instruments under GASB 53, the changes were reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The net asset balance for the ineffective derivative instruments at June 30, 2024 was \$1.7 million, an increase of \$0.6 million from the net asset balance of \$1.1 million at June 30, 2023.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the balance for the swaps deemed to qualify for effective hedge accounting under GASB 53 was a net liability and corresponding deferred outflows of resources of \$3.9 million. It is a decrease of \$5.4 million from the liability balance of \$9.3 million at June 30, 2022. In addition, a noncurrent asset (fair value of derivative instrument) of \$0.2 million was recognized for the Canyon Power swap.

For the swaps that were deemed ineffective derivative instruments under GASB 53, the changes were reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The net asset balance for the ineffective derivative instruments at June 30, 2023 was \$1.1 million, compared to a liability balance of \$5.2 million at June 30, 2022.

Terms, fair values, and credit risk – The terms, including the fair values and credit ratings of the counterparties under the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2024, are included in the following table (in thousands). In most cases, and with the exclusion of basis swaps, the notional amount of any swap matches the principal amount of the associated debt. Except as discussed under the rollover risk, and when associated with basis swaps, the Authority's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated "bonds payable" category.

The terms, including the fair values and credit ratings of the counterparties under the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2024, are included in the following table (in thousands):

	Notional Amount (in thousands) Effective Date		Fixed Rate Paid Variable Rate Received			r Values (in usands)	Swap Termination Date	Counterparty Credit Rating*
MAG 2010-1 Swap (Barclays)	\$ -	7/1/2023	SIFMA	80.4% of SOFR + 0.21033%	\$	925	7/1/2036	A+/A1/A+
MAG 2010-2 Swap (RBC)	-	7/1/2023	SIFMA	81% of 3-month Fallback SOFR		869	7/1/2036	AA-/Aa1/AA
MAG 2020-1 Swap (JPMorgan)	60,550	7/1/2020	3.139%	SIFMA		(76)	7/1/2036	A+/Aa2/AA
MAG 2020-3 Swap (BNYMellon)	77,345	5/1/2020	3.125%	SIFMA		(87)	7/1/2036	AA-/Aa2/AA
PNG 2007 Swap (J. Aron)	36,000	5/1/2009	5.0475%	67% of 3-Month CME Term SOFR + 1.64528%		(2,455)	11/1/2035	BBB+/A2/A
CPP 2022B Swap (Goldman Sachs)	72,415	10/27/2022	3.110%	70% of SOFR		629	7/1/2036	A+/A1/A+
	\$ 246,310				\$	(195)		

^{*} S&P/Moody's/Fitch ratings

The terms, including the fair values and credit ratings of the counterparties under the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2023, are included in the following table (in thousands):

	Notional Amount (in thousands)	Effective Date	Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate Received	Fair Values (in thousands)	Swap Termination Date	Counterparty Credit Rating*
MAG 2010-1 Swap (Barclays) MAG 2010-2 Swap (RBC) MAG 2017-1 Swap (JPMorgan) MAG 2020-3 Swap (BNYMellon) PNG 2007 Swap (J. Aron) CPP 2022B Swap (Goldman Sachs)	\$ - 63,360 82,095 36,000 72,415 \$ 253,870	7/1/2023 7/1/2023 7/1/2020 5/1/2020 5/1/2009 10/27/2022	SIFMA SIFMA 3.139% 3.125% 5.0475% 3.110%	80.4% of 3-month LIBOR 81% of 3-month LIBOR SIFMA SIFMA 67% of 3-Month LIBOR plus 1.47% 70% of SOFR	\$ 651 820 (372) (303) (3,579) 223 \$ (2,560)	7/1/2036 7/1/2036 7/1/2036 7/1/2036 11/1/2035 7/1/2036	A+/A1/A+ AA-/Aa1/AA- A+/Aa2/AA AA-/Aa2/AA BBB+/A2/A BBB+/A2/A

^{*} S&P/Moody's/Fitch ratings

MAG 2020-3 Swap (amended/restated) – On April 28, 2020, the MAG 2020-3 swap amended and
partially terminated the MAG 2009-1 swap. SCPPA paid the counterparty a partial termination fee
of \$9.6 million.

On April 21, 2009 the MAG 2009-1 swap amended the MAG 2007-1 Swap, which had an original trade date of April 30, 2007. The transaction was amended and restated as of April 21, 2009. The Authority pays its counterparty a fixed rate of 3.125% in exchange for receiving 100% of the SIFMA on a notional amount of \$109.0 million. In order to provide more favorable terms to the participants, SCPPA made a payment of \$15.7 million to the counterparty which has been deferred and is being amortized as an interest yield adjustment over the life of the swap. The amendment allowed the parties to re-coupon the swaps, change the collateral posting requirements, and to move to uninsured swaps. In May 2012, the swap was novated to a new counterparty and the swap documents were amended to raise the collateral threshold.

• MAG 2017-1 Swap (amended/restated) – This swap transaction amends and restates the MAG 2009-2 Swap which amended the MAG 2007-1 Swap. The original transaction was novated from Bear Stearns to JP Morgan on November 6, 2008 and was amended and restated on April 21, 2009. Under the MAG 2009-2 Swap, the Authority was paying its counterparty a fixed rate of 3.139% in exchange for receiving 100% of the SIFMA Index on a notional amount of \$109.9 million. In order to provide more favorable terms to the participants, SCPPA made a payment of \$15.7 million to the counterparty which has been deferred and is being amortized as an interest yield adjustment over the life of the swap. The amendment allowed the parties to re-coupon the swaps, change the collateral posting requirements, and to move to uninsured swaps. In August 2012, the swap documents were amended to raise the collateral threshold.

On September 22, 2017 the MAG 2017-1 Swap restructured the MAG 2009-2 Swap. Under the MAG 2017-1 Swap, SCPPA makes scheduled monthly payments to the counterparty commencing on October 1, 2017 through July 1, 2020. Beginning July 1, 2020, SCPPA recommenced making fixed rate payments at 3.139% and receive floating rate payments at 100% of the SIFMA Index on an initial notional amount of \$63,840,000. Additionally, a portion of the MAG 2009-2 swap was terminated and SCPPA paid the counterparty a partial termination fee of \$7.3 million.

• MAG 2010-1 Swap (amended/restated) – In May 2010, SCPPA executed \$100 million Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association Swap Index (SIFMA)/LIBOR floating-to-floating basis swap related to Magnolia Power Project A Refunding Bonds 2009-1. SCPPA pays the 6-month average of the weekly reset SIFMA Municipal Swap Index semi-annually on an Actual/Actual basis in exchange for receiving 80.4% of average 3-Month LIBOR, reset quarterly and paid semi-annually on an Actual/360-day basis. The swap expires on July 1, 2036.

On November 16, 2018, SCPPA suspended the swap for a period of five years. SCPPA received \$1.2 million from Barclays Bank PLC, the swap counterparty, as full consideration of the suspension. No cash flows occurred from January 1, 2019 through July 1, 2023.

On March 5, 2024, SCPPA suspended the swap until July 1, 2026. SCPPA received \$1.2 million from Barclays Bank PLC, the swap counterparty, as full consideration of the suspension. No cash flows occurred from January 2, 2024 through July 1, 2026.

 MAG 2010-2 Swap (amended/restated) – In May 2010, SCPPA executed \$100 million SIFMA/LIBOR floating-to-floating basis swap related to Magnolia Power Project A Refunding Bonds 2009-2. SCPPA pays the 6-month average of the weekly reset SIFMA Municipal Swap Index semi-annually on an Actual/Actual basis in exchange for receiving 81.0% of average 3-Month LIBOR, reset quarterly and paid semi-annually on an Actual/360-day basis. The swap expires on July 1, 2036.

On November 13, 2018, the SCPPA suspended the swap for a period of five years. SCPPA received \$1.4 million from the Royal Bank of Canada, the swap counterparty, as full consideration of the suspension. No cash flows occurred from January 1, 2019 through July 1, 2023.

On January 19, 2024, SCPPA suspended the swap until July 1, 2026. SCPPA received \$1.1 million from the Royal Bank of Canada, the swap counterparty, as full consideration of the suspension. No cash flows will occur from January 2, 2024 through July 1, 2026.

- **PNG 2007 Swap** In October 2007, SCPPA entered into an interest rate swap agreement in connection with the issuance of the Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1 Series 2007B Bonds. The swap hedges the interest-rate risk on the LIBOR Floating-rate bonds, where SCPPA pays a fixed rate of 5.0475% in exchange for receiving 67% of three-month LIBOR plus 1.47%. The floating index on the swap exactly matches the coupon on the Bonds and therefore provides a hedge with no tax or basis risk. The swap expires on November 1, 2035.
- PNG 2007 Commodity Swap At the same time, SCPPA also entered into five commodity price swap agreements, on behalf of each of the Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1 Participants, in order to hedge against reductions to its gas sale revenues resulting from changes in monthly market index prices. SCPPA pays a floating natural gas price over a 30-year period and receives specified fixed natural gas prices at an agreed pricing point as determined in the Prepaid Natural Gas No. 1 Agreements. The swaps became effective on July 1, 2008 and will all expire on September 30, 2035.
- CPP 2022B Swap In October 2022, SCPPA entered into an interest rate swap agreement in connection with the issuance of the Canyon Power Project Series 2022B Bonds. The swap hedges the interest-rate risk on the SOFR floating-rate bonds, where SCPPA pays a fixed rate of 3.11% in exchange for receiving 70% of SOFR. The swap expires July 1, 2036, but is cancellable starting July 1, 2027.

Fair value – The Authority reports its derivative instruments in accordance with GASB 53 and records its fair values in accordance with GASB 72 (see Note 6).

While some of SCPPA's current mark-to-market values are negative, this valuation would be realized only if the swaps were terminated at the valuation date, and only SCPPA retains the right to optionally terminate most of the transactions.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair values of SCPPA's financial instruments or cash flows. SCPPA is exposed to interest-rate risk on its pay-fixed, receive variable interest rate swaps. As the LIBOR or the SIFMA swap index decreases, SCPPA's net payment on swaps increases. In addition, SCPPA is exposed to interest rate risk if the counterparty to the swap defaults or if the swap is terminated.

Market access risk – Market access risk is the risk that SCPPA will not be able to enter credit markets or that credit will become more costly. SCPPA's financial rating is tied to the credit strength of the major participants of the specific project for which each financial instrument is issued. SCPPA is also exposed to market access risks caused by disruptions in the municipal bond market.

Credit risk – As of June 30, 2024, the net fair values of the Authority's applicable swaps for which payments were made were negative for each counterparty except for the CPP 2022B swap. However, should interest rates change and the fair values of the swaps become positive, the Authority may be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivatives' fair value.

The swap agreements contain varying collateral agreements with the counterparties. The swaps require full collateralization of the swap's fair value should the counterparty's (or if applicable, the guarantors of the counterparty's) credit rating fall below A as issued by Standard & Poor's or A2 as issued by Moody's Investors Service for the PNG 2007 Commodity Swap; A-/A3 for the MAG 2010-1, MAG 2010-2, and MAG 2020-3 swaps; and BBB+/Baa1 for the CPP 2022B swap. Collateral on all swaps is to be in the form of U.S. government securities held by a third-party custodian.

The swap agreements provide that when the Authority has more than one derivative transaction with a given counterparty involving the same Authority project (and having the same swap/bond insurer), should one party become insolvent or otherwise default on its obligations, close-out netting provisions permit the non-defaulting party to accelerate and terminate all such related transactions and net the transactions' fair values so that a single sum will be owed by, or owed to, the non-defaulting party.

Basis risk – Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the Authority on underlying variable rate bonds to bondholders exceeds the variable swap rate received from the counterparty, and the risk that both legs of a basis swap are not exactly equal. With the exception of the PNG 2007 Swap, the Authority bears basis risk on each of its swaps. The PNG 2007 Swap is perfectly hedged since the counterparty pays the Authority its actual variable bond rate on the related bonds.

All the other swaps have a basis risk since under each of those swaps the Authority received a percentage of LIBOR or a percentage of, or spread to, SIFMA to offset the actual variable bond rate or variable swap rate the Authority pays on any related bonds or on any basis swap. The Authority is exposed to basis risk should the floating rate that it receives on a swap be less than the actual variable rate the Authority pays on any related bonds; or in the case of the floating-to-floating fixed-spread basis swap, less than the variable rate paid to the swap counterparty.

Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost savings from a swap may not be fully realized.

The following is a summary of interest rates paid to and received from the counterparties as of June 30, 2024:

	MAG 2010-1 Swap	MAG 2010-2 Swap	MAG 2020-1 Swap	MAG 2020-3 Swap	PNG 2007 Swap	CPP 2022 Swap
Payments to counterparty Less, variable payments from counterparty	0.000% 0.000%	0.000% 0.000%	3.139% 3.448%	3.125% 3.448%	5.048% 5.214%	3.110% 3.735%
Net interest-rate swap payments	0.000%	0.000%	-0.309%	-0.323%	-0.166%	-0.625%
Add, variable-rate bond coupon payments	N/A	N/A	4.850%	4.850%	5.214%	3.260%
Synthetic interest rate on bonds	0.000%	0.000%	4.541%	4.527%	5.048%	2.635%

^{*} MAG 2010-1 and MAG 2010-2 were suspended starting January 2024

Termination risk – The Authority or the counterparty may terminate any of the swaps if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If any of the swaps were terminated, any associated variable rate bonds would no longer be hedged to a fixed rate. If, at the time of termination, the swap has a negative fair value, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Rollover risk – Rollover risk is the risk that the swap contract is not co-terminus with the related bonds. In the event that this type of swap terminates, the Authority would be exposed to variable interest rates on the underlying bonds.

Swap payments and associated debt – Using rates as of June 30, 2024, debt service requirements of the Authority's outstanding variable rate debt and net swap payments are as follows. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

	(amounts in thousands)								
	Variable-Rate Bonds				Inte	rest-Rate			
	Principal		Interest		Swaps, Net			Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
2025	\$	9,175	\$	8,195	\$	(824)	\$	7,371	
2026		8,515		7,782		(797)		6,985	
2027		66,070		7,117		(724)		6,393	
2028		17,245		6,408		(645)		5,763	
2029		18,165		5,663		(560)		5,103	
2030-2033		167,540		15,785		(1,562)		14,223	
2034-2036		150,410		3,686		(244)		3,442	
		_				_		_	
	\$	437,120	\$	54,636	\$	(5,356)	\$	49,280	

The following table shows the changes in fair value of derivative instruments (amounts in thousands):

Description	June	e 30, 2023	Change in Fair Value		June 30, 2024	
Assets				_		
Magnolia – Derivative instruments Canyon – Derivative instruments	\$	1,471 223	\$	323 406	\$	1,794 629
	\$	1,694	\$	729	\$	2,423
Deferred inflows of resources Canyon – Deferred inflows	\$	223	\$	406	\$	629
Deferred outflows of resources Magnolia – Deferred outflows Prepaid Natural Gas – Deferred outflows	\$	303 3,579	\$	(216) (1,124)	\$	87 2,455
Liabilities	\$	3,882	\$	(1,340)	\$	2,542
Magnolia – Derivative instruments Prepaid Natural Gas – Derivative instruments	\$	675 3,579	\$	(512) (1,124)	\$	163 2,455
	\$	4,254	\$	(1,636)	\$	2,618

Note 6 - Fair Value Measurement

In accordance with GASB 72, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). Fair value is a market-based measurement for a particular asset or liability based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Such assumptions include observable and unobservable inputs of market data, as well as assumptions about risk and the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique.

Valuation inputs are assumptions that market participants use in pricing an asset or liability. The hierarchy of inputs used to generate the valuation is classified into three different levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs from the asset or liability where there is very little market activity and they should be used only when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable.

The Authority's fair value measurements are performed on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the Authority's mission, the Authority determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value of SCPPA's swaps reflect the nonperformance risk of their client counterparty relating to that liability, and the nonperformance risk of the bank counterparty relating to that asset. The tables on pages 105 and 106 present fair value balances and their levels within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The investment balances presented exclude amounts related to Government Money Market Funds and Guaranteed Investment Contracts.

Fair value of SCPPA's investments – Debt and other securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued through the evaluation of information obtained from live data sources, including active market makers and inter-dealer brokers and the use of prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Level 2 Securities are valued using a multi-dimensional relationship model or matrix pricing model utilizing market data including, but not limited to, benchmark yields, reported trades, and broker/dealer quotes.

Fair value of SCPPA's swaps – Fair values take into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment and the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction. The expected swap cash flows are calculated using the zero-coupon discounting method which takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction, and the assumption that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. The income approach is then used to obtain the fair value of the swaps, where future amounts (the expected swap cash flows) are converted to a single current (discounted) amount using a rate of return that takes into account the relative risk of nonperformance associated with the cash flows and time value of money. Where applicable under the income approach, the option pricing model technique, such as the Black-Derman-Toy model, or other appropriate option pricing models are used. The observability of inputs used to perform the measurement results in the swap fair values are categorized as Level 2.

The Authority has the following fair value measurements at June 30, 2024, (amounts in thousands):

			ı	Fair	Value Using			
	June 30,	i M Iden	oted Prices n Active arkets for tical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs	Unobs Inj	ificant servable puts	Not
land the safe has followed as larger	 2024	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Le	vel 3)	 lassified
Investments by fair value level Debt securities								
U.S. government securities U.S. agencies	\$ 531,449 1,021,568	\$	531,449 -	\$	- 1,021,568	\$	-	\$ -
Supranational securities Municipal bonds	- 1,610		-		1,610		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total debt securities	1,554,627		531,449		1,023,178			
Other								
Commercial paper Certificate of deposit	9,395		-		9,395		-	-
Guaranteed investment contracts	37,250		-		37,250		-	-
Money market funds	104,989		-		-		-	104,989
Medium term corporate notes	 14,104		-		14,104			
Total other	 165,738		_		60,749			 104,989
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 1,720,365	\$	531,449	\$	1,083,927	\$		\$ 104,989
Derivative instruments by fair value level Investment derivative	\$ 1,718	\$	-	\$	1,718	\$	-	\$ _
Effective hedge	 (1,913)		-		(1,913)			
Total derivative instruments by fair value level	\$ (195)	\$	_	\$	(195)	\$		\$

The Authority has the following fair value measurements at June 30, 2023, (amounts in thousands):

	Fair Value Using								
			Qι	oted Prices		Significant			
				in Active		Other		gnificant	
				/larkets for	(Observable		bservable	
		June 30,		ntical Assets		Inputs		nputs	
		2023		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(L	evel 3)	
Investments by fair value level Debt securities									
U.S. government securities	\$	184,175	\$	184,175	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. agencies		1,080,245		-		1,080,245		-	
Supranational securities		19,710		-		19,710		-	
Municipal bonds		3,988				3,988		-	
Total debt securities		1,288,118		184,175		1,103,943			
Other									
Commercial paper		28,419		-		28,419		-	
Certificate of deposit		4,994		-		4,994		-	
Medium term corporate notes		21,187		-		21,187			
Total other		54,600		_		54,600			
Total investments by fair									
value level	\$	1,342,718	\$	184,175	\$	1,158,543	\$		
Derivative instruments by fair value level									
Investment derivative	\$	1,099	\$	_	\$	1,099	\$	_	
Effective hedge		(3,659)		-		(3,659)			
Total derivative instruments by									
fair value level	\$	(2,560)	\$		\$	(2,560)	\$	-	

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2024, consisted of "new money" bonds, refunding bonds, and subordinate refunding bonds due in varying annual amounts through July 1, 2055. The new money bonds were issued to finance the purchase and construction or acquisition of the Authority's interest in each of the Projects. The refunding and subordinate refunding bonds were issued to refund specified new money bonds.

In accordance with the bond indentures, new money bonds and refunding bonds are special, limited obligations of the Authority. With the exception of the Magnolia Power Project B, Lease Revenue Bonds (City of Cerritos, California) 2003-1 (Project B Bonds), the bonds issued by each project are payable solely from and secured solely by interests in that project as follows:

- Proceeds from the sale of bonds;
- All revenues, incomes, rents, and receipts attributable to that project and interest earned on securities held under the bond indenture or indentures; and

• All funds established by the bond indenture or indentures.

The Authority has agreed to certain covenants with respect to bonded indebtedness, including the requirement to enforce the natural gas, power, and transmission sales agreements with the participants. At the option of the Authority, all outstanding new money bonds and refunding bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, except as follows:

- Southern Transmission System portions of the 2015 Series C Subordinate Refunding bonds;
- Southern Transmission System Renewal portions of the 2023-1, 2023-1A and 2024-1 Series Revenue bonds;
- Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto portions of 2016 Series A Revenue bonds;
- Prepaid Natural Gas 2007 Series A and B Revenue bonds;
- Canyon Power portions of 2020 Series A, B, and C Refunding Revenue Bonds;
- Milford II Wind 2021-1 Refunding Revenue bonds;
- Milford I Wind 2019-1 Refunding Revenue bonds;
- Magnolia Power portions of the 2020-1 Refunding Revenue bonds;
- Tieton Hydropower portions of the 2020 Series A Refunding Revenue bonds;
- Windy Point/Windy Flats 2023-1 Refunding Revenue bonds; and
- Apex Power 2024 Series A Refunding Revenue bonds.

Variable rate debt includes debt with rates based on daily, weekly, and long-term rates as determined by a remarketing or calculation agent.

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows (amounts in thousands):

		GENERATION		GREEN POWER									
	Magnolia Power	Canyon Power	Apex Power	Tieton Hydropower	Milford I Wind	Milford II Wind	Windy Point	Linden Wind	Clean Energy				
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2023 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2023	\$ 234,085 10,760	\$ 262,437 13,245	\$ 238,132 10,830	\$ 35,968 1,225	\$ 85,723 10,590	\$ 78,686 6,620	\$ 249,290 12,265	\$ 82,923 4,735	\$ - -				
Total debt at June 30, 2023	244,845	275,682	248,962	37,193	96,313	85,306	261,555	87,658	-				
Principal payments Bonds refunded/defeased Refunding bonds issued Change in unamortized premiums and discounts	(10,760) - - (2,005)	(13,245) - - - (965)	(10,830) (230,035) 192,625 13,890	(1,225) - - (583)	(10,590) - - (2,821)	(6,620) - - (2,697)	(12,265) (237,590) 161,845 (4,736)	(4,735) (81,870) 74,765 (1,053)	- - 592,270 32,149				
Total debt at June 30, 2024	232,080	261,472	214,612	35,385	82,902	75,989	168,809	74,765	624,419				
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2024	(11,325)	(13,560)		(1,300)	(11,115)	(6,950)	(13,340)						
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2024	\$ 220,755	\$ 247,912	\$ 214,612	\$ 34,085	\$ 71,787	\$ 69,039	\$ 155,469	\$ 74,765	\$ 624,419				
	Southern Transmission System	TRANSM Southern Transmission System Renewal	Mead-Phoenix	Mead- Adelanto	Pinedale	NATURAL GAS Barnett	Prepaid Natural Gas	Total					
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2023 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2023	\$122,166 62,825	\$785,311 -	\$14,218 1,535	\$17,510 1,870	\$9,299 1,270	\$21,891 2,985	\$248,278 11,250	\$2,485,917 152,005					
Total debt at June 30, 2023	184,991	785,311	15,753	19,380	10,569	24,876	259,528	2,637,922					
Principal payments Bonds refunded/defeased Refunding bonds issued Change in unamortized premiums and discounts	(62,825) - - (2,427)	- - 562,855 56,208	(1,535) - - (332)	(1,870) - - (408)	(1,270) - - -	(2,985) - - -	(11,250) - - (175)	(152,005) (549,495) 1,584,360 84,045					
Total debt at June 30, 2024	119,739	1,404,374	13,886	17,102	9,299	21,891	248,103	3,604,827					
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2024	(27,055)		(1,595)	(1,965)	(1,201)	(2,824)	(12,850)	(105,080)					
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2024	\$ 92,684	\$ 1,404,374	\$ 12,291	\$ 15,137	\$ 8,098	\$ 19,067	\$ 235,253	\$ 3,499,747					

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows (amounts in thousands):

	GENERATION											GREE	N PO	WER			
	Magno	olia Power	Cany	on Power	Аре	ex Power		Tieton dropower	Mil	ford I Wind	Mi	ilford II Wind	W	indy Point	L	inden Wind	Clean Energy
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2022 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2022	\$	246,957 13,245	\$	283,888 5,855	\$	249,709 10,490	\$	37,776 1,165	\$	99,550 10,105	\$	88,321 6,300	\$	269,350 11,680	\$	89,240 4,510	\$ - -
Total debt at June 30, 2022		260,202		289,743		260,199		38,941		109,655		94,621		281,030		93,750	-
Principal payments Bonds refunded/defeased		(13,245)		(5,855) (70,090)		(10,490) -		(1,165)		(10,105)		(6,300)		(11,680)		(4,510) -	
Refunding bonds issued Change in unamortized premiums and discounts		- (2,112)		72,415 (10,531)		- (747)		(583)		(3,237)		(3,015)		- (7,795)		- (1,582)	- -
Total debt at June 30, 2023		244,845		275,682		248,962		37,193		96,313		85,306		261,555		87,658	-
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2023		(10,760)		(13,245)		(10,830)		(1,225)		(10,590)		(6,620)		(12,265)		(4,735)	
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2023	\$	234,085	\$	262,437	\$	238,132	\$	35,968	\$	85,723	\$	78,686	\$	249,290	\$	82,923	\$ -
				TRANSM	/ISSIC	ON					N	ATURAL GAS					
	Trans	uthern smission ystem	Tran S	outhern smission ystem enewal	Mea	ıd-Phoenix	Mea	d-Adelanto	ı	Pinedale		Barnett		Prepaid atural Gas		Total	
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2022 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2022	\$	189,317 59,415	\$	- -	\$	16,125 1,475	\$	19,856 1,780	\$	10,569 1,345	\$	24,876 3,160	\$	259,714 9,705	\$	1,885,248 140,230	
Total debt at June 30, 2022		248,732		-		17,600		21,636		11,914		28,036		269,419		2,025,478	
Principal payments Bonds refunded/defeased Refunding bonds issued		(59,415) - -		- - 686,190		(1,475) - -		(1,780) - -		(1,345) - -		(3,160)		(9,705) - -		(140,230) (70,090) 758,605	
Change in unamortized premiums and discounts		(4,326)		99,121		(372)		(476)		<u> </u>		-		(186)		64,159	
Total debt at June 30, 2023		184,991		785,311		15,753		19,380		10,569		24,876		259,528		2,637,922	
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2023		(62,825)		-		(1,535)		(1,870)		(1,270)		(2,985)		(11,250)		(152,005)	
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2023	\$	122,166	\$	785,311	\$	14,218	\$	17,510	\$	9,299	\$	21,891	\$	248,278	\$	2,485,917	

Magnolia Power Project – Debt consists of revenue and refunding series bonds with variable and fixed interest rates between 3.125% and 5.00% with final maturities occurring in 2036.

Of the outstanding Magnolia Power Project Revenue Bonds, \$8.9 million of "Project B Bonds" are secured by lease rental payments to be made by the City of Cerritos (the City) in connection with the lease of certain facilities and premises owned by the City to the Authority and the leaseback of such facilities and premises to the City. The Base Rental Payments will be equal to the principal and interest on the Project B Bonds. In accordance with the Assignment Agreement between the Authority and the Trustee, the Authority will assign certain of its rights under the lease, including its right to receive the Base Rental Payments, to the Trustee for the benefit of the owners of the Project B Bonds.

The City has covenanted to budget and appropriate sufficient funds to make all payments required to be made under the lease. The lease has a term of 55 years.

Canyon Power Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with variable and fixed interest rates ranging from 0.53% to 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2040.

Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On October 27, 2022, SCPPA issued \$72,415,000 of Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series B (the 2022 Bonds). The 2022 Bonds were issued to refund and redeem a portion of the Authority's outstanding Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A in the aggregate principal amount of \$58,710,000 and a portion of the Authority's outstanding Canyon Power Project, Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series B in the aggregate principal amount of \$11,380,000 and to pay costs of issuance relating to the 2022 Bonds. The refunding resulted in debt service savings of \$5.2 million.

Apex Power Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2035.

Apex Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On June 4, 2024, SCPPA issued \$192,625,000 of Apex Power Project Refunding Revenue 2024 Series A Bonds (the 2024A Bonds). The 2024A Bonds were issued to refund and redeem the Authority's outstanding Apex Power Project Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series A and Apex Power Project Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B and pay costs of issuance relating to the 2024A Bonds. The refinancing resulted in debt service savings of \$27.9 million.

Tieton Hydropower Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with fixed interest rates between 4.00% and 5.80% and final maturity occurring in 2040.

Milford I Wind Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2029.

Milford II Wind Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2031.

Linden Wind Energy Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with variable interest rates and final maturity occurring in 2035.

Linden Wind Energy Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On January 19, 2024, SCPPA issued \$74,765,000 of Linden Wind Energy Project Refunding Revenue 2024 Series A Bonds (the 2024A Bonds). The 2024A Bonds were issued to refund the Authority's outstanding Linden Wind Energy Project Revenue, 2010 Series B Bonds and Linden Wind Energy Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A and pay costs of issuance relating to the 2024A Bonds.

Southern Transmission System Project – Debt consists of subordinate refunding series bonds with fixed interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% and final maturities occurring in 2027.

Southern Transmission System Renewal Project – Debt consists of revenue bonds with fixed interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 5.25% and final maturities occurring in 2053.

Southern Transmission System Renewal Project Revenue Bonds – On May 2, 2023 SCPPA issued \$254,695,000 of Southern Transmission System Renewal Project Revenue Bonds (the 2023-1 Bonds). The 2023-1 Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance the initial costs of acquisition and construction of capital improvements to the Southern Transmission System, fund capitalized interest on the 2023-1 Bonds, and to pay costs of issuance of the 2023-1 Bonds.

On May 9, 2023, SCPPA issued \$431,495,000 of Southern Transmission System Renewal Project Revenue Bonds (the 2023-1A Bonds). The 2023-1A Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance the initial costs of acquisition and construction of capital improvements to the Southern Transmission System, fund capitalized interest on the 2023-1A Bonds, and to pay costs of issuance of the 2023-1A Bonds.

On May 9, 2024, SCPPA issued \$562,855,000 of Southern Transmission System Renewal Project Revenue Bonds (the 2024-1 Bonds). The 2024-1 Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance a portion of the costs of acquisition and construction of capital improvements to the Southern Transmission System, fund capitalized interest on the 2024-1 Bonds, and to pay costs of issuance of the 2024-1 Bonds.

Windy Point/Windy Flats Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2030.

Windy Point/Windy Flats Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On November 14, 2023, SCPPA issued \$161,845,000 of Windy Point/Windy Flats Project Refunding Revenue Bonds (the 2023-1 Bonds). The 2023-1 Bonds were issued to refund the Authority's outstanding Windy Point/Windy Flats Project, Refunding Revenue Bonds 2020-1 Bonds and to pay costs of issuance relating to the 2023-1 Bonds. The refinancing resulted in debt service savings of \$11.7 million.

Mead Phoenix/Mead Adelanto Projects – Debt consists of revenue bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2030.

Natural Gas Projects – Debt consists of revenue bonds with fixed interest rates ranging from 5.51% to 6.03% and final maturities occurring in 2032.

Prepaid Natural Gas Project – Debt consists of revenue bonds with variable and fixed interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 5.25% and final maturity occurring in 2035.

Clean Energy Project (Prepaid PPA) – Debt consists of revenue bonds with a fixed interest rate of 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2055.

Clean Energy Project Revenue Bonds – On May 30, 2024, SCPPA issued \$592,270,000 of Clean Energy Project Revenue Bonds (the 2024A Bonds). The 2024A Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance the Clean Energy Project to assist the project participant in procuring a long-term supply of electricity at favorable prices.

Premiums/Discounts – Unamortized premiums and discounts, net, are included in the statements of net position as a component of long-term debt (amounts in thousands):

Unamortized (Premium) Discount, Net		e 30, 2024 um) Discount
Magnolia Power Project Canyon Power Project Apex Power Project Tieton Hydropower Project Milford I Wind Project Milford II Wind Project Windy Point Project Southern Transmission System Project Southern Transmission System Renewal		
Mead-Phoenix Project Mead-Adelanto Project Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1 Clean Energy Project		(911) (1,122) (892) (32,149)
	\$	(264,031)
Unamortized (Premium) Discount, Net		e 30, 2023 um) Discount
	·	
Magnolia Power Project Canyon Power Project Apex Power Project Tieton Hydropower Project Milford I Wind Project Milford II Wind Project Windy Point Project Linden Wind Energy Project Southern Transmission System Project Southern Transmission System Renewal Mead-Phoenix Project Mead-Adelanto Project Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1	\$	(15,080) (7,897) (8,097) (5,168) (10,098) (12,301) (11,700) (1,053) (5,631) (99,121) (1,243) (1,530) (1,067)

Defeasance of debt – The Authority has defeased specified revenue bonds by placing the proceeds from the issuance of subordinate refunding bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The trust investments and related liability for bonds that are considered legally defeased are not included in the Authority's financial statements. At June 30, 2024, \$230.0 million of revenue bonds were considered legally defeased while as of June 30, 2023, there were no revenue bonds outstanding that were considered legally defeased.

The refunded bonds constitute a contingent liability of the Authority only to the extent that cash and investments presently in the control of the refunding trustees are not sufficient to meet debt service requirements and are therefore excluded from the combined financial statements because the likelihood of additional funding requirements is considered remote.

Debt service – The scheduled debt service payments for future years ending June 30 are included in the table on the following page. As of June 30, 2024, the variable rate was 4.85% for the Magnolia 2020-3 bonds, 3.26% for the Canyon 2022-B bonds, and 4.65% for the Linden 2024A bonds.

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requirements, SCPPA presents future principal and interest debt service requirements on a cash basis. Future principal and interest payments are as follows (amounts in thousands):

			GEN	NERATION			GREEN POWER											
	N	/lagnolia		Canyon				Tieton		Milford I	N	∕lilford II			Lind	den Wind		
FISCAL YEAR		Power		Power	Ap	ex Power	Ну	dropower		Wind		Wind	Wi	indy Point		Energy	Cle	an Energy
2025 Principal	\$	11,325	\$	13,560	\$	-	\$	1,300	\$	11,115	\$	6,950	\$	13,340	\$	-	\$	-
2025 Interest		8,164		5,862		5,538		1,467		3,503		3,146		7,758		1,675		22,292
2026 Principal		11,905		13,695		12,915		2,915		11,675		7,300		21,830		-		550
2026 Interest		7,733		6,545		9,308		1,345		2,934		2,789		6,879		3,733		29,600
2027 Principal		12,530		10,785		14,285		1,235		12,255		7,665		22,925		-		2,320
2027 Interest		7,278		7,222		8,268		1,229		2,335		2,415		5,761		3,738		29,528
2028 Principal		13,185		10,910		15,000		1,300		12,870		8,050		24,070		-		2,630
2028 Interest		6,798		7,016		7,896		1,166		1,707		2,022		4,589		3,738		29,404
2029 Principal		13,870		12,670		15,750		1,360		13,520		8,450		25,275		-		2,955
2029 Interest		6,291		6,641		7,128		1,099		1,048		1,610		3,352		3,743		29,265
2030-2034 Principal		81,030		71,490		91,395		7,900		14,190		27,970		54,405		-		6,970
2030-2034 Interest		22,789		24,922		22,691		4,378		355		2,143		2,754		18,685		144,568
2035-2039 Principal		75,160		83,770		43,280		10,085		-		-		-		74,765		-
2035-2039 Interest		5,174		10,776		2,190		2,151		-		-		-		7,476		144,210
2040-2044 Principal		-		37,660		-		4,705		-		-		-		-		-
2040-2044 Interest		-		947		-		191		-		-		-		-		144,210
2045-2049 Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
2045-2049 Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		144,210
2050-2054 Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
2050-2054 Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		144,210
2055-2059 Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		576,845
2055-2059 Interest		-		-						-						-		31,246
Principal	\$	219,005	\$	254,540	\$	192,625	\$	30,800	\$	75,625	\$	66,385	\$	161,845	\$	74,765	\$	592,270
Interest	\$	64,227	\$	69,931	\$	63,019	\$	13,026	\$	11,882	\$	14,125	\$	31,093	\$	42,788	\$	892,743

			TRANSM	ISSI	ON		NATURAL GAS						
	 Southern		Southern ansmission										
	nsmission	- ''	System		Mead-	Mead-						Prepaid	
FISCAL YEAR	System		Renewal		Phoenix	delanto	F	Pinedale		Barnett		atural Gas	Total
2025 Principal	\$ 27,055	\$	_	\$	1,595	\$ 1,965	\$	1,201	\$	2,824	\$	12,850	\$ 105,080
2025 Interest	5,032		53,031		609	750		515		1,215		12,193	132,749
2026 Principal	28,390		1,135		1,675	2,060		1,144		2,691		14,805	134,685
2026 Interest	3,655		63,065		527	649		447		1,055		11,467	151,731
2027 Principal	29,805		3,415		1,755	2,165		1,098		2,582		15,655	140,475
2027 Interest	2,204		62,951		441	543		380		899		10,668	145,861
2028 Principal	31,285		6,975		1,845	2,270		1,053		2,477		17,750	151,670
2028 Interest	731		62,692		351	433		317		748		9,791	139,399
2029 Principal	-		20,375		1,935	2,385		1,020		2,400		19,965	141,930
2029 Interest	-		62,008		257	316		255		603		8,826	132,442
2030-2034 Principal	-		139,070		4,170	5,135		3,784		8,918		130,185	646,612
2030-2034 Interest	-		290,787		211	260		443		1,044		26,447	562,476
2035-2039 Principal	-		184,245		-	-		-		-		36,000	507,305
2035-2039 Interest	-		250,762		-	-		-		-		1,815	424,553
2040-2044 Principal	-		228,435		-	-		-		-		-	270,800
2040-2044 Interest	-		199,218		-	-		-		-		-	344,566
2045-2049 Principal	-		291,580		-	-		-		-		-	291,580
2045-2049 Interest	-		134,325		-	-		-		-		-	278,535
2050-2054 Principal	-		373,815		-	-		-		-		-	373,815
2050-2054 Interest	-		49,872		-	-		-		-		-	194,082
2055-2059 Principal	-		-		-	-		-		-		-	576,845
2055-2059 Interest	 				-	-							 31,246
Principal	\$ 116,535	\$	1,249,045	\$	12,975	\$ 15,980	\$	9,300	\$	21,892	\$	247,210	\$ 3,340,797
Interest	\$ 11,622	\$	1,228,711	\$	2,396	\$ 2,951	\$	2,357	\$	5,564	\$	81,207	\$ 2,537,640

Note 8 - Notes Payable and Other Liabilities

Notes payable and other liabilities consist mainly of an allowance for future major maintenance expenses and swap-related transaction fees for Magnolia Power Project (MPP), and the Authority's net pension and OPEB liabilities.

Notes payable and other liabilities rollforward (amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2024								
Description	J	une 30, 2023	Additions	Adj	ustments		ayments/ nortization	J	une 30, 2024
Current liability - notes payable and other: MPP major maintenance	\$	35,956	\$ 10,572	\$	-	\$	(12,170)	\$	34,358
Noncurrent liabilities - notes payable and other: MPP 2010-1 and 2010-2 swap suspension Net pension and OPEB liabilities		225 2,930	3,211 280		- -		(745)		2,691 3,210
	\$	3,155 39,111	3,491 \$ 14,063	\$	- -	\$	(745) (12,915)	\$	5,901 40,259
				Jui	ne 30, 202	:3			
Description	J 	une 30, 2022	Additions	Adj	ustments		ayments/ nortization		une 30, 2023
Current liability - notes payable and other: MPP major maintenance	\$	13,249	\$ 11,627	\$	13,876	\$	(2,796)	\$	35,956
Noncurrent liabilities - notes payable and other: MPP 2010-1 and 2010-2 swap suspension Net pension and OPEB liabilities		724 1,836 2,560	1,094 1,094		- - -		(499) - (499)		225 2,930 3,155
	\$	15,809	\$ 12,721	\$	13,876	\$	(3,295)	\$	39,111

Note 9 – Advances from Participants

Advances from participants under current liabilities in the statements of net position consist mainly of billings to participants related to acquisition, inventory, and working capital reserves wherein the matching operating expenses will be recognized at a future date. Advances from participants under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position are advances held by the Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects mainly from LADWP and TID for their share of operating costs and capital expenditures pursuant to their respective Agency Agreements.

Advances from participants' rollforward (amounts in thousands):

Description	Jun	e 30, 2023		Activity	June 30, 2024		
Noncurrent:							
Pinedale Project	\$	8,474	\$	(659)	\$	7,815	
Barnett Project		3,824		(339)		3,485	
Total noncurrent advances from participants	\$	12,298	\$	(998)	\$	11,300	
Current:							
Magnolia Power Project	\$	22,129	\$	252		22,381	
Canyon Power Project	·	5,721	·	(2,506)		3,215	
Apex Power Project		22,960		2,945		25,905	
Tieton Hydropower Project		202		-		202	
Milford I Wind Project		2,770		_		2,770	
Milford II Wind Project		250		_		250	
Windy Point Project		54,831		(53,831)		1,000	
Linden Wind Energy Project		10,724		(8,720)		2,004	
Mead-Phoenix Project		504		(0,: 20)		504	
Mead-Adelanto Project		504		_		504	
Pinedale Project		1,408		1,883		3,291	
Barnett Project		927		(30)		897	
MWD Small Hydro Project		500		(00)		500	
Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas Project		400		_		400	
Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal Project		960		_		960	
Columbia 2 Solar Project		400		_		400	
Don A. Campbell 2 Geothermal Project		960		_		960	
Kingbird Solar Project		171		_		171	
Heber-1 Geothermal Project		400		_		400	
Springbok 1 Solar Project		2,000		_		2,000	
Springbok 2 Solar Project		2,000		_		2,000	
Summer Solar Project		600		_		600	
Astoria 2 Solar Project		800		_		800	
Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar Project		300		_		300	
Antelope DSR 1 Solar Project		900		_		900	
Antelope DSR 2 Solar Project		90		_		90	
Puente Hills Landfill Gas Project		420		_		420	
Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal Project		2,738		(2,338)		400	
Springbok III Solar Project		2,000		(2,000)		2,000	
Whitegrass Geothermal Project		400		_		400	
Pebble Springs Wind Project		1,650		_		1,650	
ARP Loyalton Biomass Project		400		_		400	
Desert Harvest Solar Project		400		_		400	
Roseburg Biomass Project		12		_		12	
Red Cloud Wind Project		4,600		_		4,600	
Ormesa Geothermal Project		7,000				-,000	
Coso Geothermal Energy Project		174		_		174	
Star Peak Geothermal Project		500		-		500	
Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal Project		504		-		504	
Dagget Solar 2 + Storage Project	_	-		374		374	
Total current advances from participants	\$	147,209	\$	(61,971)	\$	85,238	

Note 10 - Net Position

The Authority's billing amounts to the participants are determined by its Board of Directors and are subject to review and approval by the participants. Billings to participants are designed to recover "costs" as defined by the power sales, natural gas sales, and transmission service agreements. The billings are structured to systematically provide for debt service requirements, operating funds, and reserves in accordance with these agreements. The accumulated difference between billings and the Authority's expenses calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are presented as Net Position. It is intended that this difference will be recovered in the future through billings for repayment of principal on the related bonds.

Net position is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2022			scal Year 23 Activity	1	une 30, 2023		scal Year 24 Activity	June 30, 2024	
	Ju	116 30, 2022	202	23 Activity	- 01	une 30, 2023	202	24 Activity	- 30	ine 30, 2024
GAAP items not included in billings to participants										
Depreciation of plant	\$	(2,452,476)	\$	(84,923)	\$	(2,537,399)	\$	(83,113)	\$	(2,620,512)
Nuclear fuel amortization		(5,860)		-		(5,860)		-		(5,860)
Decommissioning expense		(133,777)		(1,812)		(135,589)		(1,812)		(137,401)
Inflation gain (loss)		(38,285)		(6,361)		(44,646)		(6,555)		(51,201)
Amortization of bond discount, debt issue costs,										
and loss on refundings		(750,083)		21,742		(728,341)		72,855		(655,486)
Amortization of lease		(1,074)		(536)		(1,610)		(535)		(2,145)
Interest expense		(54,452)		-		(54,452)		-		(54,452)
Loss on defeasance of bonds		(87,509)		-		(87,509)		-		(87,509)
Derivatives and related charges		(2,447)		6,263		3,816		619		4,435
Pension expense		(2,601)		(16)		(2,617)		(173)		(2,790)
Bond requirements included in billings to participants										
Operations and maintenance, net of investment										
income		(239,870)		(29,415)		(269,285)		(23,834)		(293,119)
Costs of acquisition of capacity		(167)		-		(167)		-		(167)
Billings to amortize costs recoverable		382,050		-		382,050		-		382,050
Reduction in debt service billings due to transfer		-		-		-		-		-
of excess funds		(94,543)		-		(94,543)		-		(94,543)
Principal repayments		3,291,597		151,490		3,443,087		128,778		3,571,865
Withdrawal of funds		(27,792)		-		(27,792)		-		(27,792)
Other		268,194		(866)		267,328		(1,161)		266,167
		E0 00E		FF F00		400 474		05.000		404 540
5 1 1 2 2 1 111 11 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		50,905		55,566		106,471		85,069		191,540
Projects' Stabilization Fund net position		113,388		9,550		122,938		13,544		136,482
Cumulative effect of prior period adjustment		(17,211)				(17,211)				(17,211)
	\$	147,082	\$	65,116	\$	212,198	\$	98,613	\$	310,811

Note 11 - Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans

Pension Plan

Plan descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in SCPPA's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans and Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and SCPPA resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service.

The death benefit is one of the following: The Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	Hire	Date
	Prior to	On or after
	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 – 55	52 – 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	8.0%	8.0%
Required employer contribution rates	14.7%	7.9%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following a notice of a change in rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. SCPPA is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, contributions to the Plans were \$399,171 and \$399,748, respectively, and were recorded as deferred outflows of resources for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Pension liabilities, pension expenses, and deferred outflows / inflows of resources related to pensions — As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, SCPPA reported a net pension liability of \$2.23 million and \$2.05 million, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. SCPPA's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023, using standard update procedures. SCPPA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of SCPPA's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. SCPPA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans were 0.04065% and 0.04007% as of the June 30, 2023 and 2022 measurement dates, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, SCPPA recognized pension expense of \$445,934 and \$335,819, respectively. SCPPA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	June	une 30,		
	2024		2023	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$399,171	\$	399,748	
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's				
contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	-		-	
Differences between actual and expected experience	103,840		37,653	
Changes in assumptions	122,721		192,129	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	 329,107		343,444	
Total	\$ 954,839	\$	972,974	
	<u> </u>			
	June	e 30,		
	2024		2023	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's				
contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	\$ -	\$	-	
Differences between actual and expected experience	(16,108)		(25,218)	
Changes in assumptions	- (=====)		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	(58,327)		(145,791)	
Total	\$ (74,435)	\$	(171,009)	

\$399,171 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

For the Period Ended June 30,	2024		\$ 168,932
	2025		84,432
	2026		223,324
	2027		(3,278)
	Thereafter	-	7,823
		<u>-</u>	\$ 481,233

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age
	and Service
Investment Rate of Return	6.90% (1)
	Derived using
	CalPERS' Membership
Mortality	Data

⁽¹⁾ Net pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2000 to 2019. Further details of the 2021 Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the Plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a,b)
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30.0%	4.54%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High Yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.0%	-0.59%
Total	100.0%	

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents SCPPA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what SCPPA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	June 30,				
	2024			2023	
1% Decrease		5.90%		5.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,280,289	\$	3,046,616	
Current Discount Rate		6.90%		6.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,234,369	\$	2,049,381	
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$	7.90% 1,005,772	\$	7.90% 910,989	

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the Plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the pension plan – At June 30, 2024, SCPPA did not have an outstanding amount of contributions payable to the pension plan.

⁽b) Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) – SCPPA's defined benefit OPEB plan provides health care benefits for eligible employees. SCPPA's plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the SCPPA Board. The authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing is accomplished through the SCPPA Board of Directors.

SCPPA's plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees. The benefit terms vary depending on the employee's date of hire. Below is a brief summary of employee eligibility and benefits provided:

- 1. Employee must retire within 120 days from date of separation.
- 2. The retiree must be receiving benefits from CalPERS (California Public Employees' Retirement System).
- 3. In addition, employee who was either hired before December 18, 2014, or has at least 10 years of service, is eligible for a supplemental contribution upon retirement.

Net OPEB Liability – At June 30, 2023, the most recent measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	17
Total	24

SCPPA's net OPEB liability of \$937,146 and \$880,816 was measured on June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2023 Measurement Date: June 30, 2023

Measurement Period: July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

Reporting Date: June 30, 2024

Discount Rate: 3.86% Inflation Rate: 2.30%

Payroll Growth: 2.80% wage inflation plus seniority, merit, and promotion salary increases

based on CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial

Assumptions published in November 2021.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Base on 2023 Getzen model that reflects actual premium increases

from 2023 to 2024 followed by 7.00% (non-Medicare) / 5.84%

(Medicare) in 2024, decreasing gradually to an ultimate rate of 3.94%

(non-Medicare) / 4.00% (Medicare).

Retirees are required to pay the applicable retiree premiums, less any direct subsidies provided by SCPPA. Retiree premiums can vary from \$325 to \$1,314 for the retiree and \$650 to \$2,629 for the retiree plus spouse depending on the care provider selected.

The discount rate was based on the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt municipal bonds.

Mortality rates used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation were based on the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions published in November 2021 for Public Agency Miscellaneous members. The rates are projected fully generationally using 80% of MP-2020 mortality improvement scale.

		June 30,		
	2024			2023
Beginning balance	\$	880,816	\$	1,039,491
Changes for the year				
Service cost		82,083		120,275
Interest		34,631		21,934
Differences between expected and actual experience		(15,926)		(425)
Changes of assumptions		4,772		(265,745)
Benefit payments		(49,231)		(34,714)
Net changes		56,329	_	(158,675)
Ending balance	\$	937,145	\$	880,816

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability – There were no changes to benefit terms during the year. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.69% percent as of June 30, 2022 to 3.86% as of June 30, 2023, measurement date. In addition, changes of assumptions were made to update healthcare costs and trends.

Benefit payments in the measurement period included \$33,894 in direct subsidy payments to retirees and \$15,337 estimated implicit subsidy costs incurred during measurement period ended June 30, 2023.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of SCPPA, as well as what SCPPA's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	June 30,		
	 2024		2023
Discount rate	-		
1% Decrease	2.86%		2.69%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,071,924	\$	1,017,558
Current Discount Rate	3.86%		3.69%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 937,145	\$	880,816
1% Increase	4.86%		4.69%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 826,706	\$	771,109

The following presents the net OPEB liability of SCPPA, as well as what SCPPA's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rates that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	June 30,			
	 2024		2023	
Healthcare cost trend rates 1% Decrease Net OPEB Liability	\$ 816,310	\$	752,133	
Healthcare Trend Rates Net OPEB Liability	\$ 937,145	\$	880,816	
1% Increase Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,088,752	\$	1,048,361	

SCPPA recognized OPEB expense of \$115,320 as of June 30, 2024. SCPPA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	June 30,			
		2024	20	23
Deferred Outflows of Resources		_		
Employer contribution subsequent to measurement date	\$	38,249	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		4,175		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments				
Total	\$	42,424	\$	
		June	e 30,	
		2024	20	23
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	(13,935)	\$	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		-		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB				
plan investments				
Total	\$	(13,935)	\$	

\$38,249 referred as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

For the Period Ended June 30,		
2024	\$	(1,394)
2025		(1,394)
2026		(1,394)
2027		(1,394)
2028		(1,394)
Thereafter		(2,790)
	•	(0.700)
	\$	(9,760)

Note 12 – Commitments and Contingencies

Public benefits – The Project Participants continue to collect the public benefit charge through existing rate structures and have instituted programs to benefit their customers including conservation and energy efficiency programs, public educational programs, research and development, and low-income rate subsidies, totaling a combined \$2.0 billion since their inception in 1997. The decisions on how these funds are allocated are made by the local governing authority, in most cases this is the city council.

Executive action and state legislation – A number of bills affecting the electric industry have been introduced or enacted by the California Legislature. In general, these bills regulate greenhouse gas emissions and provide for greater investment in energy efficiency and environmentally friendly generation and storage alternatives, principally through more stringent renewable resource portfolio standard requirements and more aggressive emissions reduction programs to combat the effects of climate change. The following is a brief summary of some of bills that have been enacted:

Greenhouse gas emissions – Global Warming Solutions Act – The Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (Assembly Bill 32, the GWSA) prescribed a statewide cap on global warming pollution with a goal of reaching 1990 greenhouse gas emission levels by 2020. In 2016, the GWSA was amended by Senate Bill 32 to establish the goal of reducing greenhouse gas emissions to at least 40% below the 1990 level no later than December 31, 2030. In 2022, AB 1279 further amended the GWSA by establishing the following state policies: (1) achieve net-zero greenhouse gas emissions as soon as possible, but no later than 2045, and achieve and maintain net negative greenhouse gas emissions thereafter, and (2) ensure that by 2045, statewide anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 85% below the 1990 levels.

Greenhouse gas emissions – cap-and-trade program – Pursuant to the GWSA, CARB adopted a series of regulations implementing a cap-and-trade program through the end of 2020. The cap-and-trade regulations impose aggregate emissions limitations on various sectors in California, including the electricity generation industry. The cap-and-trade regulations require all regulated entities to obtain and submit to CARB compliance instruments (allowances and/or offsets) with respect to greenhouse gas emissions. The cap-and-trade program includes the distribution of carbon allowances equal to the annual emissions cap. The Project Participants, like other electric utilities, receive administrative allocations of allowances for some of their expected greenhouse gas emissions. Additional allowances are auctioned quarterly. Entities that emit greenhouse gases at levels above those for which they receive administrative allocations, if any, must purchase the additional allowances they require at the CARB auctions or on the secondary market from other covered entities with surplus allowances. In July 2017, the California Legislature passed Assembly Bill 398, extending the cap-and-trade program until 2030 and the distribution of allocated carbon allowances is continued for certain industrial sectors from 2021-2030 following a formal rulemaking adopted by the California Air Resources Board in 2018.

Greenhouse gas emissions – emissions performance standard – Senate Bill 1368 signed on January 1, 2007, provides for an emission performance standard, restricting new investments in baseload fossil fuel electric generating resources that exceed the rate of greenhouse gas emissions for existing combined-cycle natural gas baseload generation.

Energy procurement and efficiency reporting – Senate Bill 1037 requires that each publicly owned utilities (POUs), including the Project Participants, prior to procuring new energy generation resources, first acquire all available energy efficiency, demand reduction, and renewable resources that are cost effective, reliable and feasible, then report annually to its customers and to the CEC its investment in energy efficiency and demand reduction programs. Each Project Participant has complied with such reporting requirements.

Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) – Senate Bill X1 2 (SBX1-2), the "California Renewable Energy Resources Act," was signed into law on April 12, 2011. SBX1-2 codified the RPS target for retail electricity sellers to serve 33% of their loads with eligible renewable energy resources by 2020.

Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015 – Senate Bill 350 (SB 350) extended and expanded the RPS requirement for POUs to 40% by December 31, 2024, 45% by December 31, 2027, and 50% by December 31, 2030.

100 Percent Clean Energy Act of 2018 – Senate Bill 100 (SB 100) amended SB 350 by increasing the RPS requirement for POUs to 44% of retail sales by December 31, 2024, 52% of retail sales by December 31, 2027, and 60% of retail sales by December 31, 2030. SB 100 also set a state goal of 100% "clean energy" by the year 2045.

The Clean Energy, Jobs, and Affordability Act of 2022 – Senate Bill 1020 (SB 1020) set interim clean energy goals for SB 100's state policy of 100% clean energy by 2045. Under the SB 1020 state policy, renewable energy resources and zero-carbon resources would supply (1) 90% of all retail sales by December 31, 2035; (2) 95% of all retail sales by December 31, 2040, and (3) 100% of all retail sales by December 31, 2045. Additionally, SB 1020 requires all state agencies to be served by 100% clean energy by December 31, 2035.

Biomass Legislation – Senate Bill 859 (SB 859), signed in September 2016, requires investor-owned utilities (IOUs) and POUs that serve more than 100,000 customers, including certain of the Project Participants, to procure, through financial commitments of five years, their proportionate shares (based on the ratio of the utility's peak demand to the total statewide peak demand), of 125 MW of cumulative rated capacity from existing bioenergy projects that generate energy from wood harvested from high-fire-hazard zones. Senate Bill 901 (SB 901), signed into law in September 2018, requires POUs with certain biomass contracts to seek to extend their term five years past the original expiration date. Senate Bill 1109 (SB 1109), signed into law in September 2022, extends SB 859 contracts so the cumulative term of each contract totals 15 years. SB 1109 does not apply to a POU if it entered into five-year financial commitments pursuant to SB 859 and those commitments include (1) a contract with a facility operator that was, on June 1, 2022, in bankruptcy or (2) a contract for a project that does not deliver energy to the POU. The requirements of SB 1109 do not apply to those Project Participants with SB 859 contracts since those contracts fall under the SB 1109 exemptions.

Legislation Relating to Wildfires – SB 901, signed in September 2018, requires POUs to prepare wildfire mitigation measures if the utilities' overhead electrical lines and equipment are located in an area that has a significant risk of wildfire resulting from those electrical lines and equipment. Under SB 901, each POU or electric cooperative was required to prepare before January 1, 2020, and is required to prepare annually thereafter, a wildfire mitigation plan. SB 901 requires specified information and elements to be considered as necessary, at minimum, in the wildfire mitigation plan. The POU or electric cooperative is required to present each wildfire mitigation plan in an appropriately noticed public meeting, and to accept comments on its wildfire mitigation plan from the public, other local and state agencies, and interested parties. In addition, SB 901 requires the POU to contract with a qualified independent evaluator with experience in assessing the safe operation of electrical infrastructure to review and assess the comprehensiveness of its wildfire mitigation plan. The report of the independent evaluator is to be made available to the public and to be presented at a public meeting of the POU's governing board.

Assembly Bill 1054 (AB 1054) was signed into law on July 12, 2019. AB 1054 was enacted as an urgency statute to take effect immediately. SB 1054 establishes a Wildfire Fund of approximately \$21 billion to provide liquidity for IOUs (only) to facilitate payment of eligible, uninsured third-party damage claims resulting from future catastrophic wildfires. AB 1054 revises the cost recovery review of wildfire costs and expenses for IOUs before the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC), and establishes safety certification protocols that IOUs must meet in order to participate in the Wildfire Fund. AB 1054 provides for a cap on an IOU's obligations to reimburse the Wildfire Fund and a presumption of reasonableness if a utility develops and maintains a valid safety certification from the Wildfire Safety Division, which is established in the CPUC pursuant to companion legislation, Assembly Bill 111, also signed into law on July 12, 2019. To receive the safety certification from the CPUC, the IOU must develop and implement an approved wildfire mitigation plan, implement the findings of its safety culture assessments, establish a safety committee of its board of directors, establish board level reporting to the CPUC on safety issues, and adopt a compensation structure tied to safety performance, among other requirements.

AB 1054 expands on the existing requirements established under SB 901 for POUs to develop and implement wildfire mitigation plans. AB 1054 also establishes the California Wildfire Safety Advisory Board, which is required to provide advice and recommendations related to wildfire safety, including on the content and sufficiency of wildfire mitigation plans. AB 1054 requires that after January 1, 2020, each POU or electrical cooperative submit, by July 1 of each year, its plan to the Wildfire Advisory Board for review and comment. Under AB 1054, the Wildfire Advisory Board is required to provide comments and an advisory opinion to each POU regarding the content and sufficiency of its plan and to make recommendations on how to mitigate wildfire risks. AB 1054 requires each POU to comprehensively revise its plan at least once every three years.

A number of wildfires occurred in California since 2017. Under the doctrine of inverse condemnation (a legal concept that entitles property owners to just compensation if their property is damaged by a public use), California courts have imposed liability on utilities in legal actions brought by property holders for damages caused by the utility's infrastructure. Thus, if the facilities of a utility, such as its electric distribution and transmission lines, are determined to be the substantial cause of a fire, and the doctrine of inverse condemnation applies, the utility could be liable for damages without having been found negligent. SB 1028, SB 901 or AB 1054 do not address the existing legal doctrine relating to utilities' liability for wildfires. How any future legislation addresses California's inverse condemnation and "strict liability" issues for utilities in the context of wildfires in particular could be significant for the electric utility industry.

Future regulation – The electric industry is subject to continuing legislative and administrative reforms. States routinely consider changes to the way they regulate the electric industry. Historically, both further deregulation and forms of additional regulation have been proposed for the industry, which has been highly regulated throughout its history. Additional regulations or legislative mandates may be proposed or considered for the industry such as higher reliance on renewable energy and tighter regulations for greenhouse gas emission reductions.

The Authority and the Project Participants are unable to predict at this time the impact any such proposals may have on the operations and finances of the Project Participant's electric utility or the electric utility industry generally.

Impact of developments on the Project Participants – The effect of these developments in the California energy markets on the Project Participants cannot be fully ascertained at this time. Also, volatility in energy price in California may return due to a variety of factors which affect both the supply and demand for electric energy in the western United States.

This price volatility may contribute to greater volatility in the revenues of their respective electric systems from the sale (and purchase) of electric energy and, therefore, could materially affect each Project Participant's financial condition. Each Project Participant undertakes resource planning, risk management activities, and manages its resource portfolio to mitigate such price volatility and spot market rate exposure.

Federal policy on cybersecurity – In September 2018, "National Cyber Strategy" was signed which sought to update the nation's cyber strategy for the first time in 15 years – and identified "energy and power" as one of the seven key areas for protection. In March 2023, the Biden administration adopted the 2023 Cybersecurity Strategy, replacing but building upon the 2018 National Cybersecurity Strategy. In addition, the FERC has also sought to expand reporting rules for incidents involving attempts to compromise operation of the electric grid (not just when an incident to compromise or disrupt one or more reliability tasks actually occurs).

Federal energy legislation

Energy Policy Act of 2005 – Under the Federal Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005), FERC was given refund authority over municipal utilities if they sell into short-term markets, like the International Organization for Standardization or ISO markets, and sell eight million MWhs or more of electric energy on an annual basis.

NERC reliability standards – On February 3, 2006, FERC issued Order 672, which certified the NERC as the Electric Reliability Organization or ERO. Many reliability standards have since been approved by FERC. Such standards pertain not only to the planning, operations, and maintenance of Bulk-Power System facilities, but also to the cyber and physical security of certain critical facilities.

Federal regulation of transmission access – EPAct 2005 authorizes FERC to compel "open access" to the transmission systems of certain utilities that are not generally regulated by FERC, including municipal utilities if the utility sells more than four million MWhs of electricity per year. Under open access, a transmission provider must allow all customers to use the system under standardized rates, terms and conditions of service.

Transmission Reform and Cost Recovery –On May 13, 2024, the FERC issued a final rule (Order 1920) to address regional electric transmission planning and cost allocation processes. Order No 1920 establishes a framework and a requirement for transmission providers in each planning region to undertake comprehensive, long-term regional transmission planning.

Clean Energy Tax Incentives – On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (H.R. 5376) was signed into law. Among other things, the act extends and expands various federal clean energy tax incentives and gives POUs (for the first time) direct access to such credits through a refundable direct payment equal to the credit an Investor Owned Utility or other private party would receive for the same purpose.

In addition to solar and wind tax incentives, the act expands the availability of the tax credits/direct pay option for standalone energy storage, hydrogen, nuclear power, and carbon capture projects. By the end of 2025, the clean energy tax incentives would evolve from energy sources specific (i.e. wind, solar) to broader categories (i.e. transportation, conservation etc.) that are deemed technology neutral and an outcome measure will be added (i.e. granting of the credits would be based on greenhouse gas emissions reductions that can be achieved).

Generally, direct payment elections for POUs are permitted for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, through December 31, 2032. However, the timing of the availability of the underlying credits may vary.

The act also includes additional programmatic funding through various programs for renewables development and deployment, transmission projects, and federal permitting staff. The intent of the act's tax credits and funding is to achieve the President's goal of achieving a decarbonized electricity grid by 2035 and a decarbonized economy by 2050, as well as elimination of federal financial incentives and support for fossil fuel production.

The Internal Revenue Service is currently developing and issuing rules and processes for implementing the direct pay provisions. On March 5, 2024, the Internal Revenue Services and the U.S. Treasury Department issued final regulations related to the elective payment election (Direct Pay) in Section 6417 of the Internal Revenue Code. The regulations became effective on May 10, 2024.

Other legislation – Congress has considered bills addressing domestic energy policies and various environmental matters, including a wide range of bills aimed at achieving a decarbonized electricity grid by 2035 and a decarbonized economy by 2050.

Many of these bills, if enacted into law, could have a material impact on the Authority, the Project Participants, and the electric utility industry as a whole. The Authority and the Project Participants are unable to predict the outcome or potential impacts of any possible legislation at this time.

Environmental issues – Electric utilities are subject to continuing environmental regulation. Federal, state and local standards and procedures which regulate the environmental impact of electric utilities are subject to change. There is no assurance that any Authority or Project Participant facility or project will remain subject to the laws and regulations currently in effect, will always be in compliance with future laws and regulations, or will always be able to obtain all required operating permits. In addition, the upcoming presential election and resulting change in the presidency may impact substantially the current environmental standards and regulations and other matters described herein.

An inability to comply with environmental standards could result in, for example, additional capital expenditures, reduced operating levels or the shutdown of individual units not in compliance. In addition, increased environmental laws and regulations may create certain barriers to new facility development, may require modification of existing facilities and may result in additional costs for affected resources.

Greenhouse gas regulations under the Clean Air Act – The United States Environmental Protection Agency (the EPA) regulates greenhouse gas emissions under existing law by imposing monitoring and reporting requirements, and through its permitting programs. Like other air pollutants, greenhouse gases are regulated under the Clean Air Act through the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permit Program and the Title V Permit Program. A PSD permit is required before commencement of construction of new major stationary sources or major modifications of a major stationary source and requires best available control technologies (BACT) to control emissions at a facility. Title V permits are operating permits for major sources that consolidate all Clean Air Act requirements (arising, for example, under the Acid Rain, New Source Performance Standards, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, and/or PSD programs) into a single document and the permit process provides for review of the documents by the EPA, state agencies and the public. Greenhouse gases from major natural gasfired facilities are regulated under both permitting programs through performance standards imposing efficiency and emissions standards.

In May 2023, the EPA proposed new regulations under the Clean Air Act that would establish greenhouse gas emission limits, based on pollution control technology or lower-carbon fuels, for new gas plants, existing gas plants, and existing coal plants, as specified. In February 2024, the EPA removed the elements that would have applied to existing natural gas-fired power plants from the final version of the rule. Instead, the EPA announced a new rulemaking process to apply to natural gas-fired plants and to regulate additional pollutants. The rule relating to new gas plants and existing coal plans was finalized on April 25, 2024.

National Ambient Air Quality Standards – The Clean Air Act requires that the EPA establish National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for certain air pollutants. Once NAAQS have been established, each state must identify areas that do not meet the EPA standard ("non-attainment areas") and develop regulatory measures in its state implementation plan to reduce or control the emissions of that air pollutant in order to meet the applicable standard and become an "attainment area." The EPA periodically reviews the NAAQS for various air pollutants and has in recent years increased, or proposed to increase, the stringency of the NAAQS for certain air pollutants. These developments may result in stringent permitting processes for new sources of emissions and additional state restrictions on existing sources of emissions, such as power plants. For example, on January 6, 2023, the EPA proposed regulations imposing tighter limits on particulate matter emissions. The proposed rule is not yet final.

Mercury and Air Toxic Standards (MATS) – On December 16, 2011, the EPA Administrator signed a rule establishing new standards to reduce air pollution from coal- and oil-fired power plants under sections 111 (new source performance standards) and 112 (toxics program) of the Clean Air Act. In April 2019, California joined a multi-state comment letter opposing EPA's proposal that they believe would undermine emissions standards for power plants as it "would unlawfully remove justification for Clean Air Act regulation of mercury and air toxics emissions from coal- and oil-fired power plants."

On June 29, 2015, following litigation, the Supreme Court directed EPA to determine whether its standards were appropriate and necessary. The Obama administration determined that the standards were appropriate and necessary.

However, under the Trump administration, EPA withdrew the appropriate and necessary finding—the legal justification for enforcing the MATS standard, which may limit future regulation of air pollutants from coal- and oil-fired power plants. Then, on April 16, 2020, the Trump Administration finalized the Residual Risk and Technology Review (RTR) retaining the MATS standards. Environmental, civil rights, and public health groups, states, cities, counties, power companies, and utilities challenged the new finding in the D.C. Circuit.

On January 20, 2021, as part of a sweeping review of all Trump Administration actions, President Biden directed EPA to revisit the 2020 rule by August 2021. In addition, EPA has asked the D.C. Circuit to suspend the ongoing litigation as it does so.

On January 31, 2022, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposed to reaffirm that it remains appropriate and necessary to regulate hazardous air pollutants (HAP), including mercury, from power plants after considering cost. This action revokes a 2020 finding that it was not appropriate and necessary to regulate coal- and oil-fired power plants under Clean Air Act (CAA) section 112, which covers toxic air pollutants. EPA reviewed the 2020 finding and considered updated information on both the public health burden associated with HAP emissions from coal- and oil-fired power plants as well as the costs associated with reducing those emissions under the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS).

In April 2023, EPA proposed a rule to revise and update the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Coal- and Oil-Fired Electric Utility Steam Generating Units (EGUs), also known as the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS) for power plants, to reflect recent developments in control technologies and the performance of these plants. The rule was finalized on April 25, 2024.

Other proposals – On August 14, 2019, EPA formally noticed a proposed rule to make "targeted" revisions to Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) rules from electric utilities – intended to enhance public access to information, reconsider beneficial use criteria, make revisions to the annual groundwater monitoring and corrective action report requirements, amongst others; stakeholder comments were due October 15, 2019. In April 2020, the EPA extended a comment period on their proposal to establish a federal CCR permit program to May 20, 2020.

Other factors – The electric utility industry in general has been, or in the future may be, affected by a number of other factors which could impact the financial condition and competitiveness of many electric utilities, and the level of utilization of generating and transmission facilities. Such factors, including but not limited to those discussed above, could have an adverse effect on the financial condition of any given electric utility and likely will affect individual utilities in different ways.

The Authority is unable to predict what impact such factors will have on the business operations and financial condition of its members but the impact could be significant. Extensive information on the electric utility industry is available from the legislative and regulatory bodies and other sources in the public domain.

Nuclear spent fuel and waste disposal – Under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act, the Department of Energy (DOE) was to develop the facilities necessary for the storage and disposal of spent fuel and to have the first such facility in operation by 1998. DOE collected a fee of 0.1 cents/kWh of electric generation from the nuclear plant operators to fund the development and operation of the disposal facility.

In 2009, under a new administration, the federal government decided to cut off all the appropriated funds for the development of the repository at the Yucca Mountain at the urging of the Congress, except a small budget allocation for the closing of the project.

The Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS) operating agent (operating agent), on behalf of the co-owners, has litigated the DOE to recover the costs of storing spent fuel at Palo Verde because the DOE failed to honor the contract to remove and dispose of spent fuel as scheduled. On August 18, 2014, the operating agent and DOE entered into a settlement agreement stipulating to a dismissal of the lawsuit and payment by DOE to the Palo Verde owners for certain specified costs incurred by Palo Verde during the period January 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011. In addition, the settlement agreement, as amended, provides the operating agent with a method for submitting claims and getting recovery for costs incurred through December 31, 2022.

The operating agent has submitted nine claims pursuant to the terms of the 2014 settlement agreement (settlement agreement), for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2022. The DOE has approved and paid \$138.1 million for these claims (Authority's share is \$8.16 million). On October 31, 2023, the operating agent filed its tenth claim pursuant to the terms of the August 18, 2014 settlement agreement. On February 6, 2024, the DOE approved a payment of \$18.4 million (Authority's share is \$1.08 million) and in June 2024, SCPPA received this payment.

The spent fuel storage in the wet pool at Palo Verde exhausted its capacity in 2003. A Dry Cask Storage Facility (the Facility) was built and completed in 2003. The Facility has the capacity to store all the spent fuel generated by the Palo Verde plant until 2027.

To date, over 152 casks, each containing 24 spent fuel assemblies were placed in the Facility. Beginning in 2019, PVNGS began to use the newly designed "Magnastor" casks that contain 36 spent fuel assemblies allowing the dry cask storage facility to accept more spent fuel. Storing spent fuel at Palo Verde is now considered indefinite with undetermined costs until spent fuel is removed from the plant site. Thirteen Magnastor systems have been placed in the facility. One Magnastor is currently being loaded. Procurement for batch two, 12 Magnastor systems, has begun and loading of Batch two will need to begin in 2029 to maintain adequate facility capacity.

Nuclear insurance – The Price-Anderson Act (the Act) requires that all utilities with nuclear generating facilities share in the payment for liability claims resulting from a nuclear incident. The Act limits liability from third-party claims to approximately \$16.26 billion per incident. Participants in the PVNGS currently insure potential claims and liability through commercial insurance with a \$500 million limit; the remaining balance of approximately \$15.76 billion is covered by the industry-wide retrospective assessment program provided under the Act. This program limits assessments to approximately \$165.9 million per operating reactor for each licensee (there are 95 enrolled reactors in the U.S.) for each nuclear incident occurring at any nuclear reactor in the United States; retrospective payments under the program are limited to approximately \$24.7 million per reactor, per incident, per year to be indexed for inflation every five years. Based on the Authority's 5.91% interest in Palo Verde, the Authority would be responsible for a maximum retrospective premium of \$29.4 million per incident for all three units, with a maximum annual retrospective premium of approximately \$38 million.

In addition to the above, the Authority may be subject to retroactive insurance assessments for its participation in the NEIL Property Insurance Program.

PVNGS participants maintain insurance for property damage to, and decontamination of, property at Palo Verde in the aggregate amount of approximately \$2.8 billion. The participants have also secured accidental outage insurance for a sudden and unforeseen accidental outage of any of the three units. The property damage, decontamination, and accidental outage insurance are provided by Nuclear Electric Insurance Limited (NEIL). The Authority is subject to retrospective premium adjustments under all NEIL policies if NEIL's losses, in any policy year, exceed accumulated funds.

The maximum amount the Authority could incur under the current NEIL policies totals approximately \$3.84 million for each retrospective premium assessment declared by NEIL's Board of Directors due to losses. The insurance coverage discussed in this, and the previous paragraph is subject to certain policy conditions, sublimits, and exclusions.

Other legal matters – The Authority is also involved in various other legal matters. In the opinion of management, the outcome of such matters will not have a material effect on the financial position or the results of operations of the Authority or the respective separate Projects.

Note 13 - Reclamation and Decommissioning Obligations

The Authority has reclamation and decommissioning obligations in the following projects:

GENERATION PROJECTS

Palo Verde Project – PVNGS is located approximately 50 miles west of Phoenix, Arizona. PVNGS consists of three nuclear electric generating units (numbered 1, 2 and 3). PVNGS's combined design capacity is 4,003 MWs and its combined dependable capacity is 3,937 MWs. Each PVNGS generating unit has been operating under 40-year Full-Power Operating Licenses granted by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) expiring in 2025, 2026, and 2027, respectively. In April 2011, NRC extended the operation for an additional 20 years until 2045, 2046 and 2047, respectively.

Nuclear Regulatory Commission – The NRC has broad authority under federal law to impose licensing and safety-related requirements for the operation of nuclear generation facilities. In 1988, NRC issued the General Requirements for Decommissioning Nuclear Facilities. The regulation addressed decommissioning planning needs, timing, funding methods, and environmental review requirements. The intent of the rule was to ensure that decommissioning would be accomplished in a safe and timely manner and that adequate funds would be available for this purpose.

Decommissioning Study – In April 2017, APS, the operating agent for PVNGS has availed of the services of an independent consultant to prepare the 2016 Decommissioning Cost Study. This study is conducted every three years with the most recent study conducted in 2019, and the report being issued in July 2020. The objective of this study is to prepare an estimate of the cost, schedule and waste volume generated to decommission Palo Verde, including all common and supporting facilities. The study considered the integration of the three-unit dismantling, and the dismantling of the Water Facilities and Reservoirs, Evaporation Ponds, Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation, Steam Generators, Reactor and Storage Facilities. However, the site's Transmission and Distribution System will remain in place and is not considered part of the decommissioning estimate.

The methodology used to develop the estimates are based on numerous fundamental assumptions such as the estimating basis, labor costs, design conditions, including regulatory requirements, project contingencies, low level radioactive waste disposal practices, high-level radioactive waste management options, and site restoration requirements. The decommissioning scenarios assume continued operation of the plant's spent fuel pool for a minimum of six years following the cessation of operations for continued cooling of the assemblies. The primary cost contributors are either labor-related or associated with the management and disposition of the radioactive waste. Program management is the largest single contributor to the overall cost. Removal costs reflect the labor-intensive nature of the decommissioning process, as well as the management controls required to ensure a safe and successful program. Decontamination and packaging costs also have a large labor component that is based upon prevailing union wages. License termination survey costs are associated with the labor intensive and complex activity of verifying that contamination has been removed from the site to the levels specified by the regulating agency.

The cost projected to promptly decommission Palo Verde is estimated to be \$2.96 billion (2019 dollars), of which the Authority's interest which is at 5.91% is estimated to be \$174.9 million (2019 dollars). The Authority is providing for its share of the estimated future decommissioning costs over the remaining life of the nuclear power plant through annual charges to expense, which amounted to \$1.4 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023. The estimated remaining useful life for Unit 1, Unit 2 and Unit 3 are 21 years, 22 years and 23 years, respectively. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$6.1 million and \$5.9 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The reclamation and decommissioning obligation reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$211 million and \$204.9 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The owners of PVNGS have created external trusts in accordance with the PVNGS participation agreement and NRC requirements to fund the costs of decommissioning PVNGS. As of June 30, 2024, the Authority's decommissioning funds totaled approximately \$189 million, including approximately \$1.6 million of interest receivable.

San Juan Project – On July 1, 1993, the Authority purchased a 41.80% interest in Unit 3 and related common facilities of the SJGS from Century Power Corporation. Unit 3, a 497-MW unit, is one unit of a four-unit coal-fired power generating station in New Mexico.

Environmental Protection Agency – SJGS was subject to the statutory obligations of the Federal Clean Air Act to reduce visibility impacts. On October 9, 2014, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued a final rule approving a plan to provide a Best Available Retrofit Technology path to comply with federal visibility rules at SJGS, which among other things resulted in the shutdown of Units 2 and 3 in December 2017. The EPA rule became effective on November 10, 2014.

To meet the 2017 closure deadline, the Authority and other owners who participated in Unit 3 entered into various negotiations and agreements that ultimately entitled the Authority and the other owners to exit the Project at the end of 2017. Unit 3 closed on December 18, 2017, and the Authority exited the SGJS Project on December 31, 2017.

Decommissioning Study – In 2013, the operating agent of SJGS availed the services of an independent engineering firm to conduct a decommissioning study for the Project. The study included three retirements, decommissioning and demolition scenarios, and the impact of the different assumptions on these scenarios. The cost estimates were based on direct and indirect cost assumptions and material estimations using a contracting approach by the operating agent and other SJGS owners. Direct cost assumptions include wage rates based on the prevalent rates in the labor sector, costs associated with equipment rental, demolition and all contractor services, and contingency costs included as an allowance for site unknowns, among others. Indirect costs assumptions include utilities used during demolition, liability insurance and performance bond. Material quantity estimation was based on major demolition activities including complete dismantling of all four units and restoring the site to the original condition.

The reclamation and decommissioning of SJGS Unit 3 commenced in January 2018 and July 2018, respectively. The SJGS decommissioning obligation reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$5.8 million and \$3.5 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, actual decommissioning expenses totaled \$0.4 and 0.2 million, respectively.

The Authority recognized \$20.4 million and \$19.7 million reclamation liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively; and reported it under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position. For fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, actual reclamation expenses totaled \$5.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

The Decommissioning and Reclamation Trust Funds were fully funded based on the requirements set forth by the Trust Fund Agreements in December 2017. As of June 30, 2024, decommissioning and reclamation trust funds totaled \$4.5 million and \$19.3 million, respectively.

Apex Power Project – On March 26, 2014, the Authority acquired the Apex Power Project pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2013. The Apex Generating Station, located in North Las Vegas, Nevada, is owned by SCPPA with all power generated sold to LADWP. The station is natural gas combined cycle consisting of combustion turbine generators and a steam turbine generator. The facility is interconnected through a 3.13-mile 500 kV radial generation tie line owned by Nevada Power Company that connects the Facility to the Nevada Power Company's transmission system at its Harry Allen 500 kV Substation. LADWP is the project manager and operating agent of the Project.

Contractual Obligation – In accordance with the Asset Purchase Agreement, Schedule 2.07, the Authority assumed liabilities arising after the closing of the facility. The liabilities include among others, those related to environmental conditions on the real property and remediation obligations.

Decommissioning Study – In 2019, the Authority and LADWP contracted an independent consultant to perform a study of decommissioning costs and to begin allocating the funds necessary for station decommissioning. The study presented demolition of all equipment and structures as well as removal of all paved roads and foundations to a depth of two feet below grade. The study may ultimately be required by local or state authorities in the future and was used by the Authority to recognize its decommissioning obligation. The study developed a labor-hour estimate for disassembling the station using standard techniques for wholesale demolition and associated unit cost factors applicable for installed equipment and structures. Costs were calculated for removal and demolition of existing station structures, equipment and associated site restoration costs, scrap value of valuable metals, indirect contingency, escalation and owner's costs.

Total decommissioning cost recognized amounted to \$9.9 million (2019 dollars). The estimated remaining useful life for the tangible capital assets is approximately 14 years.

The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$9.2 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.37 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.35 million and \$0.34 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The reclamation and decommissioning obligation reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$12.2 million and \$11.8 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

GREEN POWER PROJECTS

Tieton Hydropower Project – The Tieton Hydropower Project is a "run of the reservoir" hydroelectric facility, comprised of a powerhouse constructed at the base of the USBR Tieton Dam on the Tieton River, and a 21-mile 115 kV transmission line from the power plant substation to the point of interconnection with the electrical grid. The powerhouse comprised of two Francis turbines and accompanying generators and has a nameplate capacity of 13.6 MW with a maximum capacity of approximately 20 MW.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission – In accordance with Article 30 of the FERC, if the Authority shall abandon or discontinue the operation of the Project, it may require the Authority to remove any or all structures, equipment and power lines within the boundary and to take any such other action necessary to restore the waters, lands and facilities remaining within the boundary to a condition satisfactory to the United States agency having jurisdiction over its lands or the FERC's authorized representative as appropriate or to provide for the continued operation and maintenance of non-power facilities and fulfill such other obligations under the license as the FERC may prescribe.

Decommissioning Obligation – The operating manager for the Project availed the services of an independent consultant to perform an estimate for decommissioning and restoration. The preliminary cost estimate presented a list of the work that will be performed on the site such as concrete and foundation work, mechanical and electrical work. The estimate assumed that the powerhouse will be removed up to the top of the caisson. It also assumed that the concrete trust block and the two inlet pipes will remain along with the existing valve house. Cost estimates include both labor and materials.

Total cost recognized amounted to \$0.85 million (2019 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of purchase is 30 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$0.72 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.02 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.03 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The reclamation and decommissioning obligation reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$1.05 million and \$1.02 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Linden Wind Energy Project – Linden Wind is a wind farm facility that is located near the town of Goldendale in Klickitat County, Washington. It has an approximately 50 MW nameplate capacity comprised of: (i) 25 Repower MM 92, 60 HZ, three-bladed, 92.5 meter rotor diameter wind energy converters (WECs); (ii) one 50 meter tall meteorological tower; (iii) a 34.5-kV power underground collection system linking the WECs to the collector substation; (iv) 25 pad-mount 2.25 MVA transformers; (v) a substation and transmission line intertie; (vi) fiber optic underground communication cables from the WEC's to the substation control building; (vii) a supervisory control and data acquisition system; (viii) operation, maintenance and storage buildings, structures and facilities; and (ix) all equipment and other personal property related to the operation and support of the facility. The facility achieved commercial operation on June 30, 2010.

On September 15, 2010, the Authority completed its acquisition pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement. LADWP is the operating manager of the Project.

Environmental Matters – The lead agency for environmental review and land use permitting is Klickitat County. The facility is located within the Klickitat County Energy Overlay Zone (EOZ) for wind energy development and EOZ requires compliance with numerous other laws and regulations, including the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Endangered Species Act, hazardous materials and waste management requirements, fire and building codes, health and safety regulations, Federal Aviation Administration limitations, and historical, cultural and archeological requirements. The EOZ Permit authority will continue so long as the facility remains in compliance with all permit requirements, including habitat mitigation and financial assurance requirements for final decommissioning of facility structures. The decommissioning of turbines on federal lands is regulated by the Bureau of Land Management.

Wind Turbine Decommissioning Costs – The Authority has used a market survey from an independent consultant considering key cost components on decommissioning, restoration of project site, and salvage value. The survey used a case-by-case approach to analyze and estimate costs given numerous variables relating to equipment, geography, commodity market, etc. An internal cost assessment was made to identify the wind farm that is closest to the Linden Wind Energy Project and the cost was used to recognize the decommissioning liability.

Total cost recognized amounted to \$0.70 million (2019 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of purchase is 26 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$0.60 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.02 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.025 million and \$0.024 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The reclamation and decommissioning obligation reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$0.86 million and \$0.83 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

NATURAL GAS PROJECTS

Natural Gas Project – The Natural Gas Project includes the Authority's leasehold interests in (i) certain natural gas reserves, leases, wells and related facilities located near Pinedale, Wyoming and (ii) certain natural gas reserves, leases, wells and related facilities in (or near) the Barnett Shale geological formation in Texas. There are currently 130 proved, developed producing (PDP) wells on the Pinedale Leases. The Barnett Shale leases currently have 117 PDP wells, including condensing equipment to remove water and oil from the gas.

Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission (Supervisor) – Pinedale Field is controlled by the Supervisor which administers the Wyoming Conservation Act. The Supervisor sets the manner for supervising the field in conjunction with the federal government which also issued leases for federal land within the outline of the field.

Abandonment Work – The Authority has availed of the services of an independent engineering firm to estimate the costs of abandonment on idle wells. Abandonment costs include detailed statement of proposed work such as kind, location, length of plugs, plans for mudding, cementing, shooting, testing and removing casing, as well as other pertinent information. The final abandonment consists of restoring the land to its natural state. The operator will contour the land to fit its natural environment and the area will be seeded to restore the native vegetation. Abandonment costs used in the study are the operator's cost estimates to abandon the wells and production facilities, net of any salvage value. The costs are held constant, and then escalated 1 percent on January 1 of each year to the date of expenditure.

For Pinedale, Wyoming total cost recognized amounted to \$1.38 million (2018 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of acquisition is 28 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$1.07 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.04 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.050 million and \$0.048 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The reclamation and decommissioning obligation reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$1.72 million and \$1.67 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

For Barnett, Texas, total cost recognized amounted to \$0.29 million (2018 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of acquisition is 27 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$0.23 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.009 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.011 million and \$0.010 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The reclamation and decommissioning obligation reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$0.365 million and \$0.354 million at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

TRANSMISSION PROJECTS

Southern Transmission System, Mead-Phoenix, and Mead-Adelanto Projects – These projects are generally located upon land that is leased from federal and certain state governments. Upon termination of the leases, the structures, improvements, and equipment are to be removed and the land is to be restored. Because these leases are expected to be renewed indefinitely and because the inherent value of the transmission corridors, the leases have no foreseeable termination date, and therefore, reclamation and decommissioning obligations related to the transmission facilities cannot be reasonably estimated.

A summary of reclamation and decommissioning obligation information as of June 30, 2024, follows (amounts in thousands):

Project Name	Asset Types	Remaining Useful Life (yrs)	 red Outflows Resources	Deco	amation and mmissioning Obligation
Palo Verde	Nuclear power plant	21/22/23	\$ 29,885	\$	211,017
San Juan*	Coal power plant	-	-		26,207
Apex Power	Natural Gas turbine generators	14	5,406		12,184
Tieton Hydropower	Hydro Powerhouse	16	365		1,046
Linden Wind Energy	Wind turbines	11	258		857
Natural Gas - Pinedale	Oil Wells	8	306		1,722
Natural Gas - Barnett	Oil Wells	8	72		365
			\$ 36,292	\$	253,398

^{*}Decommissioning and reclamation commenced in 2018.

Note 14 - Leases

GENERATION

Magnolia Power Project – In April 2002, the Authority and the City of Burbank (Burbank) entered into the Magnolia Power Project Site Lease and Services Agreement. The lease was amended in March 2004. The Authority pays a monthly installment to Burbank of \$27,183 for the site and has the option to expand the site for an additional monthly installment of \$8,735. The lease expires on December 31, 2035, unless such term is extended or sooner terminated as provided in the agreement.

Canyon Power Project – In October 2009, the Authority and the City of Anaheim (Anaheim) entered into the Canyon Power Project Site Lease and Services Agreement. The lease was amended in March 2013. The Authority pays a monthly installment of \$15,000 to Anaheim. The lease expires on July 1, 2037, provided if on July 1, 2037, the Authority has outstanding bonds maturing after July 1, 2037, then to such later date as the Authority has bonds outstanding but in no event later than July 1, 2045.

GREEN POWER

Linden Wind Project – In January 2011, the Authority and Triple L Wind LLC entered into the Wind Turbine Project Lease Agreement. The Authority pays a yearly installment to Triple L Wind LLC of \$125,000 for the land. This payment installment has a 5% increase every five years. The lease expires on December 31, 2035, unless such term is extended or sooner terminated as provided in the agreement.

In June 2011, the Authority and Mary Anne Enyeart entered into the Real Property and Well Lease Agreement. The Authority pays a yearly installment to Mary Anne Enyeart of \$60,480 for the land. This payment installment has a 2.5% annual increase. The lease expires on June 21, 2041, unless such term is extended or sooner terminated as provided in the agreement.

In November 2011, the Authority and Washington Department of Natural Resources (DNR) entered into the Lease No. 60-079358 Agreement (Section 9). The Authority pays a yearly installment to DNR of \$2,400 for the land. This payment installment has decade incremental increases of \$3, \$4, and \$5 per acre. The lease expires on December 31, 2046, unless such term is extended or sooner terminated as provided in the agreement.

In January 2010, the Authority and DNR entered into the Lease No. 60-079461 Agreement (Section 16). The Authority pays a yearly installment to DNR of \$10,000 for the land. This payment installment increases to \$15,000 after 10 years of the commencement of the lease agreement. The lease expires on December 31, 2031, unless such term is extended or sooner terminated as provided in the agreement.

Net lease asset activity for the year ended June 30, was as follows (amounts in thousands):

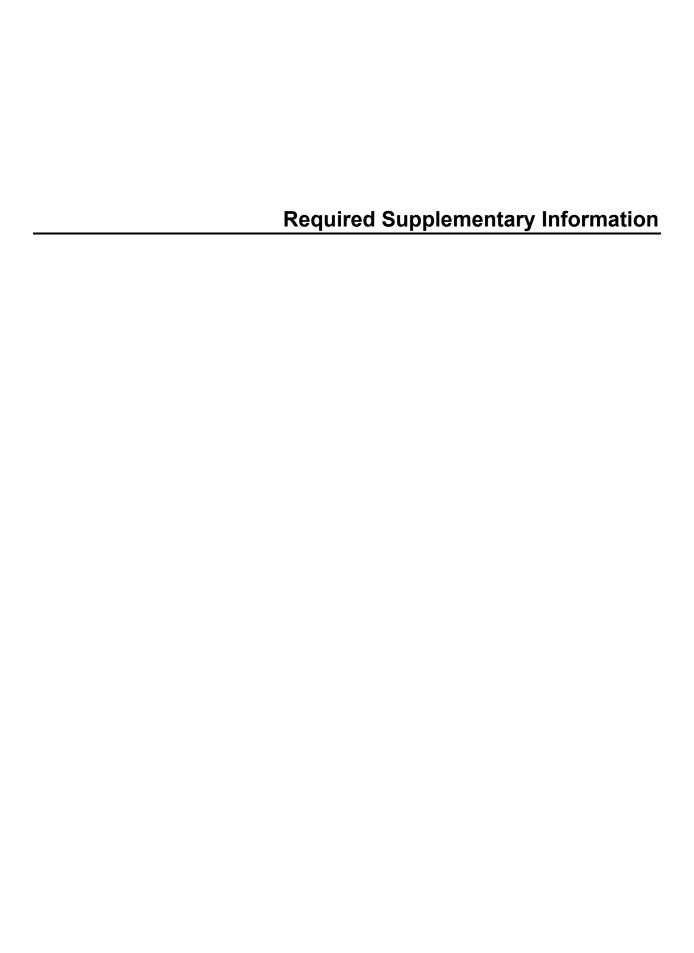
Project Name	Asset Type	_	alance 30, 2023	_	alance 30, 2024
Canyon Power Project	Building Site	\$	1,869	\$	1,759
Less accumulated amortization			(110)		(109)
Net lease asset			1,759		1,650
Magnolia Power Project	Building Site		3,584		3,319
Less accumulated amortization:			(265)		(266)
Net lease asset			3,319		3,053
Linden Wind Project	Land:				
	Triple L Wind		1,260		1,163
	Mary Anne Enyeart		923		871
	DNR Section 9		48		46
	DNR Section 16		95		85
Less accumulated amortization			(161)		(161)
Net lease asset			2,165		2,004
Total net lease asset		\$	7,243	\$	6,707

Lease liability activity for the year ended June 30, was as follows (amounts in thousands):

		GENER	ATIO	N	GREEN F	POWER	
	Magnolia Power			anyon Power	Linden	Wind	Total
Total long-term lease liability at June 30, 2023 Total lease due within one year at June 30, 2023	\$	3,292 (237)	\$	1,807 (76)	\$	2,293 (132)	\$ 7,392 (445)
Total lease liability at June 30, 2023		3,529		1,883		2,425	7,837
Principal payments		(237)		(76)		(98)	(411)
Total lease liability at June 30, 2024		3,292		1,807		2,327	7,426
Total lease due within one year at June 30, 2024		(250)		(81)		(148)	(479)
Total long-term lease liability debt at June 30, 2024	\$	3,042	\$	1,726	\$	2,179	\$ 6,947

Future principal and interest payments are as follows (amounts in thousands):

		GENER	RATI	ON	GR	EEN POWER	
	Mag	gnolia Power	Ca	anyon Power	L	inden Wind	
Fiscal Year Ending J	une 30	Project		Project		Energy	 Total
2025 Princi		250	\$	81	\$	114	\$ 445
Intere		181		99		126	406
2026 Princi	pal	264		85		122	471
Intere		167		95		120	382
2027 Princi	pal	278		90		131	499
Intere	st	153		90		113	356
2028 Princi	pal	294		95		140	529
Intere	st	137		85		106	328
2029 Princi	pal	310		100		150	560
Intere	st	121		80		98	299
2030-2035 Princi	pal	1,896		725		1,141	3,762
2030-2035 Intere	st	338		354		392	1,084
2036-2041 Princi	pal	-		631		471	1,102
2036-2041 Interes	st	-		89		90	179
2042-2047 Princi	pal	-		-		58	58
2042-2047 Intere	st	-		-		5	5
Grand Total Princi	pal <u>\$</u>	3,292	\$	1,807	\$	2,327	\$ 7,426
Grand Total Intere	st <u>\$</u>	1,097	\$	892	\$	1,050	\$ 3,039



Southern California Public Power Authority Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2024 Last Ten Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.04065%	0.04007%	0.04193%	0.04155%	0.04174%	0.03976%	0.03880%	0.03779%	0.03604%	0.01404%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,234,369	\$ 2,049,381	\$ 796,168 \$	\$ 1,717,325	\$ 1,562,437	\$ 1,418,393	1,472,764 \$	1,263,624 \$	1,010,974 \$	873,857
Covered - employee payroll	\$2,770,200	\$ 2,612,726	\$ 2,454,472	\$ 2,462,265	\$ 2,414,315	\$ 2,270,923	2,455,761 \$	2,373,992 \$	2,258,941 \$	1,091,557
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	80.66%	78.44%	32.44%	69.75%	64.72%	62.46%	59.97%	53.23%	44.75%	80.06%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 17,692,895,076	\$ 16,770,671,339	\$ 18,065,791,524 \$	\$ 14,702,361,183	\$ 13,979,687,268	\$ 13,122,440,092	12,074,499,781 \$	10,923,476,287 \$	10,896,036,068 \$	24,607,503,000 (1)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	77.97%	78.19%	90.49%	77.71%	77.73%	77.69%	75.39%	75.87%	79.89%	79.82%

Plan's fiduciary net position for 2015 includes the total fiduciary net position for both the Miscellaneous Risk Pool and the Safety Risk Pool as the audited statements did not separate fiduciary net position by pool type. 2016 through 2021 includes the fiduciary net position for only the Miscellaneous Risk Pool.

Notes to Schedule

Changes in assumptions – In 2016, GASB 68 was modified to state that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate was changed from 7.15 percent to 6.90 percent as of June 30, 2023, measurement date.

Southern California Public Power Authority Schedule of Contributions as of June 30, 2024

Last Ten Years

	2024	2023	2022	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 298,991 (399,171)	\$ 348,572 (399,748)	\$ 297,936 (354,911)	\$ 272,940 (334,412)	\$ 241,784 (326,501)	\$ 198,739 (263,137)	\$ 177,260 (269,886)	\$ 251,133 (229,160)	\$ 265,844 (278,896)	\$ 699,279 (699,279)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (100,180)	\$ (51,176)	\$ (56,975)	\$ (61,472)	\$ (84,717)	\$ (64,398)	\$ (92,626)	\$ 21,973	\$ (13,052)	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,770,200	\$ 2,612,726	\$ 2,454,472	\$ 2,462,265	\$ 2,414,315	\$ 2,270,923	\$ 2,455,761	\$ 2,373,992	\$ 2,258,941	\$ 1,091,557
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	10.79%	13.34%	12.14%	11.08%	10.01%	8.75%	7.22%	10.58%	11.77%	64.06%
Notes to Schedule										
Valuation date:	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age Mortality Entry age Level percentage of payroll Differ by employer Market Value 2.30% Varies by Entry age and service

6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

57 yrs.

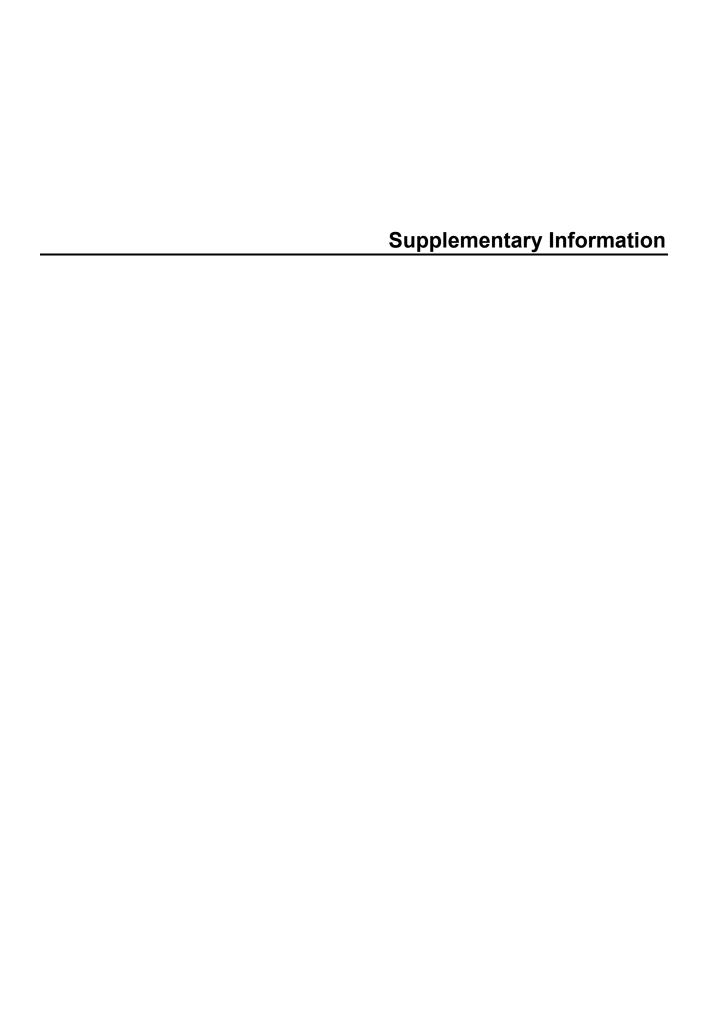
Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds

Southern California Public Power Authority Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios as of June 30, 2024

Last Ten Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
T / / ODED / : / '''	2021	2020	LULL	2021	2020	2010	2010
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost Interest cost	\$ 82,084 34,631	\$ 120,275 21,934	\$ 138,160 32,910	\$ 109,469 33,971	\$ 85,925 35,531	\$ 80,882 31,913	\$ 86,517 26,114
Differences between expected	(45.000)	(405)	(054.000)	(0.550)	(00.000)		
and actual experience Change in assumptions	(15,926) 4,772	(425) (265,745)	(351,800) 32,501	(3,556) 123,131	(29,666) 17,925	(7,876)	(82,085)
Benefit payments	(49,231)	(34,714)	(34,741)	(32,870)	(25,995)	(23,734)	(21,879)
Net change in total OPEB liability	56,330	(158,675)	(182,970)	230,145	83,720	81,185	8,667
Total OPEB liability, beginning	880,816	1,039,491	1,222,461	992,316	908,596	827,411	818,744
Total OPEB liability, ending	937,146	880,816	1,039,491	1,222,461	992,316	908,596	827,411
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions Employer contributions Benefit payments	49,231 (49,231)	34,714 (34,714)	34,741 (34,741)	32,870 (32,870)	25,995 (25,995)	23,734 (23,734)	21,879 (21,879)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning					_		
Plan fiduciary net position, ending							
Net OPEB liability, ending	\$ 937,146	\$ 880,816	\$ 1,039,491	\$ 1,222,461	\$ 992,316	\$ 908,596	\$ 827,411
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$2,612,726	\$2,454,472	\$ 2,462,265	\$ 2,414,315	\$2,270,923	\$2,491,466	\$ 2,217,802
Measurement date:	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Net OPEB liability as a percent of covered payroll	35.90%	35.90%	42.20%	50.60%	43.70%	36.50%	37.30%

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.



Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2024

	Ormat Geothermal Energy	MWD Small Hydro	Pebble Springs Wind	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal	Copper Mountain Solar 3	Columbia Two Solar	Heber-1 Geothermal	Kingbird Solar	Don A. Campbell II Geothermal	Springbok I Solar	Springbok II Solar	Summer Solar
ASSETS Noncurrent assets Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total noncurrent assets													
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets	- - - -	- 661 1 104	2,927 10 1,494 5	783 1 - 1	3,039 6 - 2	7,198 11 - 10	914 - 91 3	5,253 15 4,500 10	703 1 142 5	1,906 6 - 1	5,164 8 - 2	5,764 9 - 3	1,511 2 241 5
Total current assets		766	4,436	785	3,047	7,219	1,008	9,778	851	1,913	5,174	5,776	1,759
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 766	\$ 4,436	\$ 785	\$ 3,047	\$ 7,219	\$ 1,008	\$ 9,778	\$ 851	\$ 1,913	\$ 5,174	\$ 5,776	\$ 1,759
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$ - -	\$ 500 265	\$ 1,650 2,766	\$ 400 384	\$ 960 2,076	\$ - 7,163	\$ 400 607	\$ 400 9,361	\$ 171 679	\$ 960 945	\$ 2,000 3,136	\$ 2,000 3,736	\$ 600 1,157
Total current liabilities		765	4,416	784	3,036	7,163	1,007	9,761	850	1,905	5,136	5,736	1,757
Total liabilities		765	4,416	784	3,036	7,163	1,007	9,761	850	1,905	5,136	5,736	1,757
NET POSITION Unrestricted		1	20	1	11	56	1	17	1	8	38	40	2
Total net position		1	20	1	11	56	1	17	1	8	38	40	2
Total liabilities and net position	\$ -	\$ 766	\$ 4,436	\$ 785	\$ 3,047	\$ 7,219	\$ 1,008	\$ 9,778	\$ 851	\$ 1,913	\$ 5,174	\$ 5,776	\$ 1,759

Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2024

	Astoria 2 Solar	Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	Antelope DSR I Solar	Antelope DSR II Solar	Puente Hills Landfill Gas	Ormat Northern Nevada	Ormesa Geothermal	ARP Loyalton Biomass	Springbok III Solar	Whitegrass Geothermal	Desert Harvest Solar II	Roseburg Biomass	Red Cloud Wind	Coso Geothermal	Star Peak Geothermal	Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal	Daggett Solar 2	Totals
ASSETS Noncurrent assets Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -
Total noncurrent assets		-																
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets	2,684 3 186 7	976 1 127 5	2,657 3 294 5	302 - - 3	1,971 2 292 13	6,572 12 647 10	3,180 6 - 5	9,182 19 6	3,636 7 14	1,417 1 632 1	1,576 1 - 1	12 129 1 16	13,738 16 - 4	1,902 3 - 10	4,427 4 2,065	2,038 1 200 7	2,318 2 499	12 94,528 152 11,550
Total current assets	2,880	1,109	2,959	305	2,278	7,241	3,191	9,207	3,657	2,051	1,578	159	13,758	1,915	6,499	2,246	2,819	106,364
Total assets	\$ 2,880	\$ 1,109	\$ 2,959	\$ 305	\$ 2,278	\$ 7,241	\$ 3,191	\$ 9,207	\$ 3,657	\$ 2,051	\$ 1,578	\$ 159	\$ 13,758	\$ 1,915	\$ 6,499	\$ 2,246	\$ 2,819	\$ 106,364
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$ 800 2,077	\$ 300 808	\$ 900 2,056	\$ 90 215	\$ 420 1,856	\$ 400 6,808	\$ - 3,179	\$ 400 8,787	\$ 2,000 1,640	\$ 400 1,641	\$ 400 1,177	\$ 12 146	\$ 4,600 9,062	\$ 174 1,739	\$ 500 5,993	\$ 504 1,740	\$ 374 2,443	\$ 22,315 83,642
Total current liabilities	2,877	1,108	2,956	305	2,276	7,208	3,179	9,187	3,640	2,041	1,577	158	13,662	1,913	6,493	2,244	2,817	105,957
Total liabilities	2,877	1,108	2,956	305	2,276	7,208	3,179	9,187	3,640	2,041	1,577	158	13,662	1,913	6,493	2,244	2,817	105,957
NET POSITION Unrestricted	3	1	3		2	33	12	20	17	10	1	1	96	2	6	2	2	407
Total net position	3	1	3		2	33	12	20	17	10	1	1	96	2	6	2	2	407
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 2,880	\$ 1,109	\$ 2,959	\$ 305	\$ 2,278	\$ 7,241	\$ 3,191	\$ 9,207	\$ 3,657	\$ 2,051	\$ 1,578	\$ 159	\$ 13,758	\$ 1,915	\$ 6,499	\$ 2,246	\$ 2,819	\$ 106,364

Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2023

	Orm Geothe Ener	rmal	MWD Small Hy		Pebble Springs Wind	Chiqui	eresco ita Landfill Gas	Don A Campbell Rose Geother	/ Wild	Copper Mountain Solar 3	Columbia Two Solar	Heber-1 Geothermal	Kingbird Solar	Don A. Campbell II Geothermal	Springbok I Solar	Springbok II Solar	Summer Solar	Astoria 2 Solar
ASSETS Noncurrent assets Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ - 1	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - 2	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total noncurrent assets		-			1					2		5	_			_		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets		- - - -	1	- ,099 1 - 1	6,319 4 - 6		1,011 1 - 2	4	4,559 5 - 2	8,341 17 - 10	1,308 1 34 3	17	756 1 58 4	2,487 5 - 1	4,390 7 - 2	5,127 7 - 3	1,771 1 42 5	2,134 2 139 11
Total current assets			1	,101	6,329		1,014		4,566	8,368	1,346	19,106	819	2,493	4,399	5,137	1,819	2,286
Total assets	\$		\$ 1	,101	\$ 6,330	\$	1,014	\$ 4	4,566	\$ 8,370	\$ 1,346	\$ 19,111	\$ 819	\$ 2,493	\$ 4,399	\$ 5,137	\$ 1,819	\$ 2,286
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$	- -	\$	500 600	\$ 1,650 4,644	\$	400 613	\$	960 3,588	\$ - 8,330	\$ 400 945		\$ 171 647	\$ 960 1,522	\$ 2,000 2,378	\$ 2,000 3,112	\$ 600 1,217	\$ 800 1,484
Total current liabilities			1	,100	6,294		1,013		4,548	8,330	1,345	18,985	818	2,482	4,378	5,112	1,817	2,284
Total liabilities			1	,100	6,294		1,013		4,548	8,330	1,345	18,985	818	2,482	4,378	5,112	1,817	2,284
NET POSITION Unrestricted				1	36		1_		18	40	1	126	1	11	21	25	2	2
Total net position				1	36		1		18	40	1	126	1	11	21	25	2	2
Total liabilities and net position	\$		\$ 1	,101	\$ 6,330	\$	1,014	\$ 4	4,566	\$ 8,370	\$ 1,346	\$ 19,111	\$ 819	\$ 2,493	\$ 4,399	\$ 5,137	\$ 1,819	\$ 2,286

Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	Antelope DSR I Solar	Antelope DSR II Solar	Puente Hills Landfill Gas	Ormat Northern Nevada	Ormesa Geothermal	ARP Loyalton Biomass	Springbok III Solar	Whitegrass Geothermal	Desert Harvest Solar II	Roseburg Biomass	Red Cloud Wind	Coso Geothermal	Star Peak Geothermal	Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal	Daggett Solar 2	Totals
Noncurrent assets																	
Investments – restricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Ÿ	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investments – unrestricted							7,414				-	20,675	<u>-</u>				28,097
Total noncurrent assets							7,414		-		-	20,675					28,097
Current assets																	
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted					<u>.</u>		4	<u> </u>			23		.			-	27
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable	1,309 1	2,652	224	4,522 5	374 4	1,884 6	2,157 9	3,386	1,308 2	1,107 1	767 3	639 62	1,409 1	3,371 3	1,172 2	-	84,663 177
Accounts receivable	49	116	-	-	9,731	-	11	-	482	-	-	-	-	1,310	293	-	12,265
Prepaid and other assets	5	8	2	14	13	6		2	1	2	2	7	10	4			135
Total current assets	1,364	2,779	226	4,541	10,122	1,896	2,181	3,394	1,793	1,110	795	708	1,420	4,688	1,467		97,267
Total assets	\$ 1,364	\$ 2,779	\$ 226	\$ 4,541	\$ 10,122	\$ 1,896	\$ 9,595	\$ 3,394	\$ 1,793	\$ 1,110	\$ 795	\$ 21,383	\$ 1,420	\$ 4,688	\$ 1,467	\$ -	\$ 125,364
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$ 300 1,063	\$ 900 1,876	\$ 90 136	\$ 420 4,116	\$ 2,738 7,380	\$ - 1,889	\$ 400 9,121	\$ 2,000 1,380	\$ 400 1,391	\$ 400 709	\$ 12 780	\$ 4,600 16,624	\$ 174 1,245	\$ 500 4,185	\$ 504 961	\$ -	\$ 24,279 100,521
Total current liabilities	1,363	2,776	226	4,536	10,118	1,889	9,521	3,380	1,791	1,109	792	21,224	1,419	4,685	1,465		124,800
Total liabilities	1,363	2,776	226	4,536	10,118	1,889	9,521	3,380	1,791	1,109	792	21,224	1,419	4,685	1,465	-	124,800
NET POSITION Unrestricted	1	3		5	4	7	74	14	2	1	3	159	1	3	2		564
Total net position	1	3		5	4	7	74	14	2	1	3	159	1	3	2		564
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,364	\$ 2,779	\$ 226	\$ 4,541	\$ 10,122	\$ 1,896	\$ 9,595	\$ 3,394	\$ 1,793	\$ 1,110	\$ 795	\$ 21,383	\$ 1,420	\$ 4,688	\$ 1,467	\$ -	\$ 125,364

Power Purchase Agreements

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Ormat Geothermal Energy	MWD Small Hydro	Pebble Springs Wind	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal	Copper Mountain Solar 3	Columbia 2 Solar	Heber-1 Geothermal	Kingbird Solar	Don A. Campbell II Geothermal	Springbok I Solar	Springbok II Solar	Summer Solar
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ -	\$ 416	\$ 22,662	\$ 1,291	\$ 11,711	\$ 57,891	\$ 3,832	\$ 32,076	\$ 5,468	\$ 8,205	\$ 20,140	\$ 23,349	\$ 4,529
Total operating revenues	_	416	22,662	1,291	11,711	57,891	3,832	32,076	5,468	8,205	20,140	23,349	4,529
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance		426	22,958	1,303	11,924	58,273	3,851	32,873	5,476	8,344	20,362	23,601	4,551
Total operating expenses	_	426	22,958	1,303	11,924	58,273	3,851	32,873	5,476	8,344	20,362	23,601	4,551
Operating income (loss)	_	(10)	(296)	(12)	(213)	(382)	(19)	(797)	(8)	(139)	(222)	(252)	(22)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income		10	280	12	206	398	19	688	8	136	239	267	22
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	10	280	12	206	398	19	688	8	136	239	267	22
Change in net position	-	-	(16)	-	(7)	16	-	(109)	-	(3)	17	15	-
Net position – beginning of year	_	1	36	1	18	40	1	126	1	11	21	25	2
Net position – end of year	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 20	\$ 1	\$ 11	\$ 56	\$ 1	\$ 17	\$ 1	\$ 8	\$ 38	\$ 40	\$ 2

Power Purchase Agreements

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Astoria 2 Solar	Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	Antelope DSR I Solar	Antelope DSR II Solar	Puente Hills Landfill Gas	Ormat Northern Nevada	Ormesa Geothermal	ARP Loyalton Biomass	Springbok III Solar	Whitegrass Geothermal	Desert Harvest Solar II	Roseburg Biomass	Red Cloud Wind	Coso Geothermal	Star Peak Geothermal	Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal	Daggett Solar 2	Totals
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ 10,368	\$ 5,005	\$ 9,134	\$ 676	\$ 18,637	\$ 108,239	\$ 19,096	\$ (433)	\$ 12,127	\$ 1,192	\$ 4,089	\$ 1,359	\$ 49,785	\$ 10,228	\$ 3,074	\$ 12,369	\$7,409	\$ 463,924
Total operating revenues	10,368	5,005	9,134	676	18,637	108,239	19,096	(433)	12,127	1,192	4,089	1,359	49,785	10,228	3,074	12,369	7,409	463,924
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance	10,397	5,021	9,168	679	18,673	108,583	19,230	65	12,304	1,201	4,104	1,390	50,987	10,247	3,118	12,390	7,429	468,928
Total operating expenses	10,397	5,021	9,168	679	18,673	108,583	19,230	65	12,304	1,201	4,104	1,390	50,987	10,247	3,118	12,390	7,429	468,928
Operating income (loss)	(29	(16)	(34)	(3)	(36)	(344)	(134)	(498)	(177)	(9)	(15)	(31)	(1,202)	(19)	(44)	(21)	(20)	(5,004)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income	30	16	34	3	33	373	139	444	180	17	15	29	1,139	20	47	21	22	4,847
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	30	16	34	3	33	373	139	444	180	17	15	29	1,139	20	47	21	22	4,847
Change in net position	1	-	-	-	(3)	29	5	(54)	3	8	-	(2)	(63)	1	3	-	2	(157)
Net position – beginning of year	2	1	3	<u> </u>	5	4	7	74	14	2	1	3	159	1	3	2	-	564
Net position – end of year	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 33	\$ 12	\$ 20	\$ 17	\$ 10	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 96	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 407

Power Purchase Agreements

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Ormat Geothermal Energy	MW Small I		Pebble Springs Wind	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal	Copper Mountain Solar 3	Columbia 2 Solar	Heber-1 Geothermal	Kingbird Solar	Don A. Campbell II Geothermal	Springbok I Solar	Springbok II Solar	Summer Solar	Astoria 2 Solar
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ -	\$	315	\$ 21,169	\$ 2,333	\$ 12,603	\$ 56,577	\$ 4,066	\$ 12,464	\$ 6,987	\$ 9,026	\$ 20,197	\$ 23,981	\$ 5,638	\$ 15,206
Total operating revenues			315	21,169	2,333	12,603	56,577	4,066	12,464	6,987	9,026	20,197	23,981	5,638	15,206
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance			318	21,359	2,336	12,760	56,821	4,070	12,942	6,989	9,117	20,332	24,132	5,643	15,214
Total operating expenses			318	21,359	2,336	12,760	56,821	4,070	12,942	6,989	9,117	20,332	24,132	5,643	15,214
Operating income (loss)			(3)	(190)	(3)	(157)	(244)	(4)	(478)	(2)	(91)	(135)	(151)	(5)	(8)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income (loss)			4	222	4	173	279	5	602	3	101	152	172	7	10
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)			4	222	4	173	279	5	602	3	101	152	172	7	10
Change in net position	-		1	32	1	16	35	1	124	1	10	17	21	2	2
Net position – beginning of year			-	4	-	2	5		2		1	4	4		
Net position – end of year	\$ -	\$	1	\$ 36	\$ 1	\$ 18	\$ 40	\$ 1	\$ 126	\$ 1	\$ 11	\$ 21	\$ 25	\$ 2	\$ 2

Power Purchase Agreements

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	Antelope DSR I Solar	Antelope DSR II Solar	Puente Hills Landfill Gas	Ormat Northern Nevada	Ormesa Geothermal	ARP Loyalton Biomass	Springbok III Solar	Whitegrass Geothermal	Desert Harvest Solar II	Roseburg Biomass	Red Cloud Wind	Coso Geothermal	Star Peak Geothermal	Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Geothermal	Daggett Solar 2	Totals
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ 5,851	\$12,181	\$ 772	\$ 28,411	\$ 101,843	\$ 21,170	\$ (118)	\$ 12,599	\$ 1,110	\$ 13,800	\$ 1,002	\$ 44,453	\$ 10,800	\$ 3,325	\$ 19,231	\$ -	\$ 466,992
Total operating revenues	5,851	12,181	772	28,411	101,843	21,170	(118)	12,599	1,110	13,800	1,002	44,453	10,800	3,325	19,231	_	466,992
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance	5,855	12,190	773	28,419	102,192	21,243	116	12,727	1,112	13,802	1,027	44,964	10,804	3,332	19,237		469,826
Total operating expenses	5,855	12,190	773	28,419	102,192	21,243	116	12,727	1,112	13,802	1,027	44,964	10,804	3,332	19,237		469,826
Operating income (loss)	(4)	(9)	(1)	(8)	(349)	(73)	(234)	(128)	(2)	(2)	(25)	(511)	(4)	(7)	(6)		(2,834)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income (loss)	5	12	1	13	383	79	313	139	4	3	28	666	5	10	8		3,403
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	5	12	1	13	383	79	313	139	4	3	28	666	5	10	8	_	3,403
Change in net position	1	3	-	5	34	6	79	11	2	1	3	155	1	3	2	-	569
Net position – beginning of year					(30)	1	(5)	3				4					(5)
Net position – end of year	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 7	\$ 74	\$ 14	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ 159	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 564

Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

_	Ormat Geothermal Energy	MW Small F		Pebble Springs Wind	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas		Don A. mpbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal	M	Copper ountain Solar 3	lumbia o Solar	eber-1 othermal	gbird olar	Car	on A. npbell II othermal	ngbok I Solar	ngbok II Solar	Summer Solar
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$ -	\$	68 (515) (2)	\$ 18,877 (22,545) (1)	\$ 1,241 (1,479)	9,494 (11,219) -	\$	56,505 (58,052) (1)	\$ 2,300 (3,503) 790	\$ 21,435 (35,954) (4)	\$ 3,293 (4,444) 1,091	\$	7,752 (8,476) 9	\$ 20,821 (20,285)	\$ 23,981 (23,609)	\$ 2,888 (4,080) 910
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities			(449)	(3,669)	(240)	(1,725)		(1,548)	(413)	(14,523)	(60)		(715)	536	372	(282)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net			-				<u> </u>			<u> </u>							
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	- - -		11 - -	277 - -	12 - -		205 - -		405 - -	19 - -	457 (12,261) 12,500	7 - -		134 - -	238 - -	265 - -	22 - -
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	_		11	277	12		205		405	19	696	7		134	238	265	22
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-		(438)	(3,392)	(228)	(1,520)		(1,143)	(394)	(13,827)	(53)		(581)	774	637	(260)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-		,099	6,319	1,011		4,559		8,341	1,308	19,080	756		2,487	4,390	5,127	1,771
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ -	\$	661	\$ 2,927	\$ 783	\$	3,039	\$	7,198	\$ 914	\$ 5,253	\$ 703	\$	1,906	\$ 5,164	\$ 5,764	\$ 1,511
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$ - - -	\$	(10) (104) (335) -	\$ (296) (1,494) (1,878) (1)	\$ (12 - (229		(213) - (1,512)	\$	(382) - (1,166) -	\$ (19) (55) (339)	\$ (797) (4,500) (9,223) (3)	\$ (84) 33 (1)	\$	(139) - (576)	\$ (222) - 758 -	\$ (252) - 624 -	\$ (22) (199) (60) (1)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ -	\$	(449)	\$ (3,669)	\$ (240) \$	(1,725)	\$	(1,548)	\$ (413)	\$ (14,523)	\$ (60)	\$	(715)	\$ 536	\$ 372	\$ (282)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ -	\$	- 661	\$ - 2,927	\$ - 783		3,039	\$	- 7,198	\$ - 914	\$ - 5,253	\$ - 703	\$	- 1,906	\$ 5,164	\$ 5,764	\$ - 1,511
=	\$ -	\$	661	\$ 2,927	\$ 783	\$	3,039	\$	7,198	\$ 914	\$ 5,253	\$ 703	\$	1,906	\$ 5,164	\$ 5,764	\$ 1,511

Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Astoria 2 Solar	Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	Antelope DSR I Solar	Antelope DSR II Solar	Puente Hills Landfill Gas	Ormat Northern Nevada	Ormesa Geotherma	ARP Loyalton Biomass	Springbok III Solar	Whitegrass Geothermal	Desert Harvest Solar II	Roseburg Biomass	Red Cloud Wind	Coso Geothermal	Star Peak Geothermal	Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Energy	Daggett Solar 2	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$ 5,968 (8,074) 2,627	\$ 3,010 (4,343) 984	\$ 5,299 (7,718) 2,390	\$ 795 (727) 7	\$ 5,067 (7,645) (9)	\$ 117,323 (111,495) 4	\$ 20,518 (19,361) (159)	\$ 12,359 (12,289)	\$ 1,336 (1,240) (3)	\$ 2,314 (1,857) (3)	\$ 820 (1,500) (1)	\$ 42,378 (51,138) (2)	\$ 11,136 (10,659) (3)	\$ 4,350 (3,335) (5)	\$ 9,016 (8,174) 3	\$ 5,489 (4,713) 1,522	\$ 415,872 (448,588) 9,592
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	521	(349)	(29)	75	(2,587)	5,832	1,156	(828)	70	93	454	(681)	(8,762)	474	1,010	845	2,298	(23,124)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net																		
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	29 - -	16 - -	34 - -	3 -	36 - -	366 - -	140 - -	287 (2,938) 10,500	180 - -	16 - -	15 - -	32	568 (23,407) 44,700	19 - -	46 - -	21 - -	20 - -	3,880 (38,606) 67,700
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	29	16	34	3	36	366	140	7,849	180	16	15	32	21,861	19	46	21	20	32,974
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	550	(333)	5	78	(2,551)	6,198	1,296	7,021	250	109	469	(649)	13,099	493	1,056	866	2,318	9,850
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,134	1,309	2,652	224	4,522	374	1,884	2,161	3,386	1,308	1,107	790	639	1,409	3,371	1,172		84,690
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,684	\$ 976	\$ 2,657	\$ 302	\$ 1,971	\$ 6,572	\$ 3,180	\$ 9,182	\$ 3,636	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,576	\$ 141	\$ 13,738	\$ 1,902	\$ 4,427	\$ 2,038	\$ 2,318	\$ 94,540
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$ (29) (47) 593 4	\$ (16) (78) (254) (1)	\$ (34) (177) 180 2	\$ (3) - 78	\$ (36) (292) (2,260) 1	\$ (344) 9,084 (2,910) 2	-	5 374	\$ (177) (14) 260 1	\$ (9) (149) 251	\$ (15) - 468 1	\$ (31) (16) (634)	\$ (1,202) - (7,562) 2	\$ (19) (1) 494	\$ (44) (755) 1,808	\$ (21) 93 780 (7)	\$ (20) (499) 2,817	\$ (5,004) 718 (18,130) (708)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 521	\$ (349)	\$ (29)	\$ 75	\$ (2,587)	\$ 5,832	\$ 1,156	\$ (828)	\$ 70	\$ 93	\$ 454	\$ (681)	\$ (8,762)	\$ 474	\$ 1,010	\$ 845	\$ 2,298	\$ (23,124)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ - 2,684	\$ - 976	\$ - 2,657	\$ - 302	\$ - 1,971	\$ - 6,572	\$ - 3,180		\$ - 3,636	\$ - 1,417	\$ - 1,576	\$ 12 129	\$ - 13,738	\$ - 1,902	\$ - 4,427	\$ - 2,038	\$ - 2,318	\$ 12 94,528
	\$ 2,684	\$ 976	\$ 2,657	\$ 302	\$ 1,971	\$ 6,572	\$ 3,180	\$ 9,182	\$ 3,636	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,576	\$ 141	\$ 13,738	\$ 1,902	\$ 4,427	\$ 2,038	\$ 2,318	\$ 94,540

Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Ormat Geothermal Energy	MWD Small Hydro	Pebble Springs Wind	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal	Copper Mountain Solar 3	Columbia Two Solar	Heber-1 Geothermal	Kingbird Solar	Don A. Campbell II Geothermal	Springbok I Solar	Springbok II Solar	Summer Solar
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$ - - -	\$ 107 (453)	\$ 22,900 (21,755)	\$ 2,654 (3,174) 7	\$ 12,809 (12,730) 1,777	\$ 61,209 (56,963)	\$ 1,049 (2,823) 1,827	\$ 21,547 (14,042) (1)	\$ 945 (4,115) 3,087	\$ 9,373 (9,150) 195	\$ 20,847 (20,447)	\$ 25,227 (24,283)	\$ 1,380 (3,375) 2,554
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(346)	1,145	(513)	1,856	4,247	53	7,504	(83)	418	400	944	559
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net	(1,941)					<u>-</u>							
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	- - -	2 -	212 - 2,000	2 -	168 - -	263 - -	3 - -	456 (15,397) 19,000	2 -	97 - -	147 - -	166 - -	4 - -
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		2	2,212	2	168	263	3	4,059	2	97	147	166	4
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,941)	(344)	3,357	(511)	2,024	4,510	56	11,563	(81)	515	547	1,110	563
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,941	1,443	2,962	1,522	2,535	3,831	1,252	7,517	837	1,972	3,843	4,017	1,208
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,099	\$ 6,319	\$ 1,011	\$ 4,559	\$ 8,341	\$ 1,308	\$ 19,080	\$ 756	\$ 2,487	\$ 4,390	\$ 5,127	\$ 1,771
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$ - - -	\$ (3) - (343)	\$ (190) - 1,334 1	\$ (3) 7 (517)	\$ (157) - 2,011 2	\$ (244) 2,097 2,391 3	\$ (4) 148 (92) 1	\$ (478) - 7,977 5	\$ (2) 296 (379) 2	\$ (91) - 508 1	\$ (135) 519 16	\$ (151) 795 299 1	\$ (5) 302 261 1
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ -	\$ (346)	\$ 1,145	\$ (513)	\$ 1,856	\$ 4,247	\$ 53	\$ 7,504	\$ (83)	\$ 418	\$ 400	\$ 944	\$ 559
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ - -	\$ - 1,099	\$ - 6,319	\$ - 1,011	\$ - 4,559	\$ - 8,341	\$ - 1,308	\$ - 19,080	\$ - 756	\$ - 2,487	\$ - 4,390	\$ - 5,127	\$ - 1,771
	\$ -	\$ 1,099	\$ 6,319	\$ 1,011	\$ 4,559	\$ 8,341	\$ 1,308	\$ 19,080	\$ 756	\$ 2,487	\$ 4,390	\$ 5,127	\$ 1,771

Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Astoria 2 Solar	Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	Antelope DSR I Solar	Antelope DSR II Solar	Puente Hills Landfill Gas	Ormat Northern Nevada	Ormesa Geothermal	ARP Loyalton Biomass	Springbok III Solar	Whitegrass Geothermal	Desert Harvest Solar II	Roseburg Biomass	Red Cloud Wind	Coso Geothermal	Star Peak Geothermal	Mammoth Casa Diablo IV Energy	Daggett Solar 2	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$ 1,269 (9,451) 7,404	\$ 1,226 (3,488) 2,518	\$ 520 (6,384) 6,401	\$ 807 (772) 9	\$ 502 (3,220) 3,042	\$ 77,601 (101,104) 2,337	\$ 21,609 (21,098)	\$ 51 (143)	\$ 11,342 (12,645)	\$ 1,611 (1,562)	\$ 3,093 (3,238)	\$ 1,246 (1,087) 2	\$ 57,468 (44,858) 9	\$ 10,800 (12,105) 10	\$ 7,752 (5,375) 988	\$ 1,407 (1,360) 1,120	\$ - - -	\$ 378,351 (401,200) 33,288
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(778)	256	537	44	324	(21,166)	512	(92)	(1,303)	49	(145)	161	12,619	(1,295)	3,365	1,167		10,439
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net																		(1,941)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	6 - -	3 - -	7 - -	1 - -	7 - -	214 (3,446) 22,000	72 - -	139 (21,071) 21,300	134 - -	2 - -	2 -	26 - -	228 (47,597) 27,300	3 -	6 - -	5 - -	- - -	2,377 (87,511) 91,600
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	6	3	7	1	7	18,768	72	368	134	2	2	26	(20,069)	3	6	5		6,466
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(772)	259	544	45	331	(2,398)	584	276	(1,169)	51	(143)	187	(7,450)	(1,292)	3,371	1,172	-	14,964
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,906	1,050	2,108	179	4,191	2,772	1,300	1,885	4,555	1,257	1,250	603	8,089	2,701				69,726
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,134	\$ 1,309	\$ 2,652	\$ 224	\$ 4,522	\$ 374	\$ 1,884	\$ 2,161	\$ 3,386	\$ 1,308	\$ 1,107	\$ 790	\$ 639	\$ 1,409	\$ 3,371	\$ 1,172	\$ -	\$ 84,690
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$ (8) 939 (1,711) 2	\$ (4) 63 196 1	\$ (9) 619 (74) 1	\$ (1) - 43 2	\$ (8) - 326 6	\$ (349) (9,731) (13,425) 2,339	\$ (73) 249 333 3	\$ (234) 2 140	\$ (128) - (1,175)	\$ (2) (443) 493 1	\$ (2) - (143)	\$ (25) 2 184	\$ (511) - 13,128 2	\$ (4) - (1,292) 1	\$ (7) (1,310) 4,686 (4)	\$ (6) (292) 1,465	\$ - - - -	\$ (2,834) (5,738) 16,640 2,371
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (778)	\$ 256	\$ 537	\$ 44	\$ 324	\$(21,166)	\$ 512	\$ (92)	\$ (1,303)	\$ 49	\$ (145)	\$ 161	\$ 12,619	\$ (1,295)	\$ 3,365	\$ 1,167	\$ -	\$ 10,439
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ - 2,134 \$ 2,134	\$ - 1,309 \$ 1,309	\$ - 2,652 \$ 2,652	\$ - 224 \$ 224	\$ - 4,522 \$ 4,522	\$ - 374 \$ 374	\$ - 1,884 \$ 1,884	\$ 4 2,157 \$ 2,161	\$ - 3,386 \$ 3,386	\$ - 1,308 \$ 1,308	\$ - 1,107 \$ 1,107	\$ 23 767 \$ 790	\$ - 639 \$ 639	\$ - 1,409 \$ 1,409	\$ - 3,371 \$ 3,371	\$ - 1,172 \$ 1,172	\$ - - \$ -	\$ 27 84,663 \$ 84,690

Power Purchase Agreements Investments for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	D Small lydro	S	ebble prings Wind	C	neresco hiquita dfill Gas	Ca Wil	on A. mpbell/ d Rose othermal	Mo	opper ountain olar 3		olumbia ⁄o Solar	eber-1 thermal	Kingbi	rd Solar	C	Don A. ampbell II eothermal	ringbok I Solar	Sp	ringbok II Solar	ngbok III Solar	ımmer Solar		storia 2 Solar	ope Big Ranch
U.S. agencies Agency discount notes Supranational securities Guaranteed investment contracts U.S. treasury securities	\$ - - - -	\$	- 2,493 - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- 1,294 - - -	\$	3,690 - - 2,887	\$	-	\$ 2,339 - - 2,499	\$	-	\$	1,493 - - -	\$ 991 - - 3,493	\$	1,189 - - 3,791	\$ - 2,893 - -	\$ -	\$		\$ - - - -
Money market funds	 661		434		783		1,745		621	_	914	 415		703		413	 680		784	 743	 1,511	_	2,684	 976
Total	\$ 661	\$	2,927	\$	783	\$	3,039	\$	7,198	\$	914	\$ 5,253	\$	703	\$	1,906	\$ 5,164	\$	5,764	\$ 3,636	\$ 1,511	\$	2,684	\$ 976
Restricted investments Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - - 661	\$	- - 2,927	\$	- - 783	\$	3,039	\$	- - 7,198	\$	- - 914	\$ - 5,253	\$	- 703	\$	- - 1,906	\$ - - 5,164	\$	- - 5,764	\$ - - 3,636	\$ - - 1,511	\$	2,684	\$ - - 976
Total	\$ 661	\$	2,927	\$	783	\$	3,039	\$	7,198	\$	914	\$ 5,253	\$	703	\$	1,906	\$ 5,164	\$	5,764	\$ 3,636	\$ 1,511	\$	2,684	\$ 976

Power Purchase Agreements Investments

for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	ntelope R I Solar	DS	elope R II olar	ente Hills adfill Gas	Nor	mat thern vada	rmesa othermal	aggett Solar Power	Loyalton omass	itegrass othermal	Desert Harvest	Rose Bion	eburg nass	R	ed Cloud Wind	Coso othermal		r Peak thermal	Casa	mmoth Diablo IV thermal	Total
U.S. agencies Agency discount notes Supranational securities Guaranteed investment contracts	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- 4,779 -	\$ - 1,493 -	\$ -	\$ 5,934 -	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$	-	\$	3,764 -	\$ -	-	-		-	\$ 32,352
U.S. treasury securities Money market funds	- 2,657		302	- 1,971		1,000 793	1,000 687	 2,318	1,700 1,548	- 1,417	 - 1,576		- 141		9,184 790	1,902		4,427		2,038	25,554 36,634
Total	\$ 2,657	\$	302	\$ 1,971	\$	6,572	\$ 3,180	\$ 2,318	\$ 9,182	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,576	\$	141	\$	13,738	\$ 1,902	\$	4,427	\$	2,038	\$ 94,540
Restricted investments Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - - 2,657	\$	- - 302	\$ - - 1,971	Ψ	- - 6,572	\$ - - 3,180	\$ - - 2,318	\$ - - 9,182	\$ - - 1,417	\$ - - 1,576	\$	- - 141	\$	- - 13,738	\$ - - 1,902	\$	- - 4,427	\$	2,038	\$ - - 94,540
Total	\$ 2,657	\$	302	\$ 1,971	\$	6,572	\$ 3,180	\$ 2,318	\$ 9,182	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,576	\$	141	\$	13,738	\$ 1,902	\$	4,427	\$	2,038	\$ 94,540

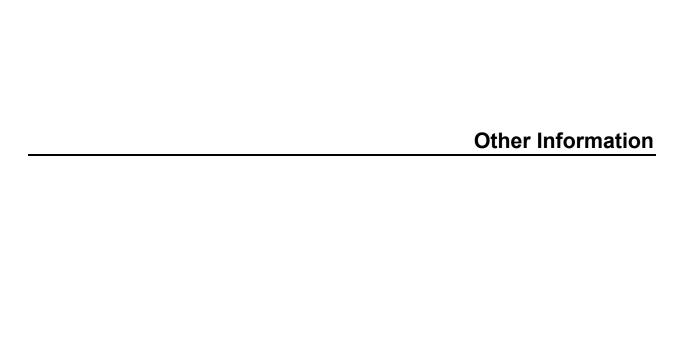
Power Purchase Agreements Investments

for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Amounts in Thousands)

	/D Small Hydro	ebble	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	١	Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Seothermal	Мо	opper ountain olar 3	olumbia vo Solar	Heber-1 eothermal	Kingl	oird Solar	Ca	Don A. Impbell II othermal	ringbok I Solar	ringbok II Solar	ingbok III Solar	ummer Solar	storia 2 Solar	elope Big / Ranch
U.S. agencies	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Agency discount notes	-	-	-		1,999		4,596	-	8,957		-		999	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supranational securities	-	-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. treasury securities	-	5,988	-		1,987		3,171	-	9,452		-		994	3,887	4,487	2,789	-	-	-
Money market funds	1,099	 332	1,011		573		576	 1,308	 676		756		494	503	640	 597	 1,771	 2,134	1,309
Total	\$ 1,099	\$ 6,320	\$ 1,011	\$	4,559	\$	8,343	\$ 1,308	\$ 19,085	\$	756	\$	2,487	\$ 4,390	\$ 5,127	\$ 3,386	\$ 1,771	\$ 2,134	\$ 1,309
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,099	\$ 1 6,319	\$ - 1,011	\$	- 4,559	\$	2 8,341	\$ - 1,308	\$ 5 19,080	\$	- 756	\$	- 2,487	\$ - 4,390	\$ - 5,127	\$ 3,386	\$ - 1,771	\$ - 2,134	\$ - 1,309
Total	\$ 1,099	\$ 6,320	\$ 1,011	\$	4,559	\$	8,343	\$ 1,308	\$ 19,085	\$	756	\$	2,487	\$ 4,390	\$ 5,127	\$ 3,386	\$ 1,771	\$ 2,134	\$ 1,309

Power Purchase Agreements Investments for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		ntelope R I Solar	elope II Solar	ente Hills ndfill Gas	Nort	MAT thern /ada	RMESA othermal	Loyalton iomass	nitegrass othermal	Desert Iarvest	eburg mass	ed Cloud Wind	Coso othermal	ar Park thermal	Cas	mmoth a Diablo IV thermal	Total
U.S. agencies Agency discount notes Supranational securities	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$	-	\$ - 1,199 -	\$ - 5,916 -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 6,466 2,982	\$ - -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,466 26,648
U.S. treasury securities Money market funds	_	2,652	 - 224	 4,522		- 374	 685	 1,498 2,161	 1,308	- 1,107	 - 790	 11,227 639	 1,409	3,371		- 1,172	45,480 34,193
Total	\$	2,652	\$ 224	\$ 4,522	\$	374	\$ 1,884	\$ 9,575	\$ 1,308	\$ 1,107	\$ 790	\$ 21,314	\$ 1,409	\$ 3,371	\$	1,172	\$ 112,787
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,652	\$ - 224	\$ 4,522	\$	- 374	\$ 1,884	\$ 7,414 2,161	\$ 1,308	\$ - 1,107	\$ - 790	\$ 20,675 639	\$ 1,409	\$ 3,371	\$	1,172	\$ 28,097 84,690
Total	\$	2,652	\$ 224	\$ 4,522	\$	374	\$ 1,884	\$ 9,575	\$ 1,308	\$ 1,107	\$ 790	\$ 21,314	\$ 1,409	\$ 3,371	\$	1,172	\$ 112,787



Magnolia Power Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Debt Service Account	Debt Service Reserve Account	Operating Reserve Fund	Reserve and Contingency	Operating Fund	Revenue Fund	Fuel Reserve Fund	GHG Reserve Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 15,060	\$ 862	\$ 4,987	\$ 32,560	\$ 23,537	\$ -	\$ 8,670	\$ 3,180	\$ 88,856
Additions									
Investment earnings	72	11	128	1,224	341	51	272	96	2,195
Discount on investment purchases	324	32	160	414	825	-	195	47	1,997
Distribution of investment earnings	(396)	(43)	(288)	(1,638)	(1,166)	3,531	-	-	-
Receipt from participants	-	-	-	-	-	63,637	-	-	63,637
Distribution of revenues	19,542	-	-	10,387	37,853	(69,538)	1,756	-	-
Other			9	71	2,154	2,319	(1,246)	1	3,308
Total	19,542		9	10,458	40,007		977	144	71,137
Deductions									
Construction expenditures	-	-	-	12,034	-	-	-	-	12,034
Operating expenses	-	-	-	-	39,961	-	-	-	39,961
Payment of principal	10,760	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,760
Interest paid	8,414	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,414
Accrued interest purchased on investments				7				1	8
Total	19,174			12,041	39,961			1	71,177
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 15,428	\$ 862	\$ 4,996	\$ 30,977	\$ 23,583	\$ -	\$ 9,647	\$ 3,323	\$ 88,816

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$40 and \$36 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Canyon Power Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Operating Fund	Del	ot Service Fund	General Reserve Fund	LOC Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ 3,98	32 \$	15,686	\$ 5,769	\$ -	\$ 25,437
Additions							
Investment earnings	13	8	31	53	166	1	314
Discount on investments purchases	-	8	36	391	94	-	571
Distribution of investment earnings	872	(16	67)	(444)	(260)	(1)	-
Receipt from participants	23,888		-	-	-	-	23,888
Distribution of revenues	(24,773)	7,97	72	19,743	(3,287)	345	-
Other	<u>-</u> _	43	39	10	<u>-</u> _		449
Total		8,4	11	19,753	(3,287)	345	25,222
Deductions							
Operating expenses	-	11,27	75	-	-	-	11,275
Payment of principal	-		-	13,245	-	-	13,245
Interest paid	-		-	4,960	-	293	5,253
Total		11,27	75	18,205		293	29,773
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 1,1	18 \$	17,234	\$ 2,482	\$ 52	\$ 20,886

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$10 and \$7 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Apex Power Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Depository Fund	Operating Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service Reserve Fund	Reserve & Contingency Fund	Decomm Fund	COI Fund	Escrow Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,979	\$ 16,387	\$ 5,488	\$ 5,048	\$ 2,988	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,890
Additions										
Investment earnings	16	-	158	21	47	109	88	-	-	439
Discount on investments purchases	-	-	454	626	339	261	6	-	-	1,686
Distribution of investment earnings	2,064	-	(612)	(647)	(386)	(370)	(49)	-	-	-
Receipt from participants	80,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,062
Distribution of revenues	(82,142)	157	48,442	21,945	-	10,488	1,110	-	-	-
Bond proceeds 2014A&B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	952	214,053	215,005
Other		40,981	(34,107)	(14,746)	(5,488)	(6,846)	4		20,233	31
Total	_	41,138	14,335	7,199	(5,488)	3,642	1,159	952	234,286	297,223
Deductions										
Operating expenses	-	36,387	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	36,387
Construction expenses	-	4,751	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	4,751
Principal payment	-	-	-	10,830	-	-	-	-	-	10,830
Interest payment	-	-	-	10,927	-	-	-	-	-	10,927
Bond Redemption Escrow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	234,286	234,286
Debt Issue Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	621	-	621
Accrued interest purchased on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	4
Total		41,138	-	21,757	-		4	621	234,286	297,806
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,314	\$ 1,829	\$ -	\$ 8,690	\$ 4,143	\$ 331	\$ -	\$ 35,307

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$10 and \$9 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Tieton Hydropower Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Reve	nue Fund	erating Fund	t Service Fund	t Service erve Fund	Cont	erve & ingency und	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$		\$ 1,103	\$ 2,015	\$ 1,639	\$	419	\$ 5,176
Additions					 		·	
Investment earnings		6	42	18	13		19	98
Discount on investment purchases		-	13	29	73		5	120
Distribution of investment earnings		212	(55)	(47)	(86)		(24)	-
Receipt from participants		4,877	-	-	-		-	4,877
Distribution of revenues		(5,095)	2,292	2,803	-		-	-
Other receipts		-	 1_	 	 -			 1
Total			2,293	2,803	-			5,096
Deductions								
Operating expenses		-	2,342	-	-		-	2,342
Payment of principal		-	-	1,225	-		-	1,225
Interest paid		-	-	1,540	-		-	1,540
Total		-	2,342	2,765	-		-	5,107
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$		\$ 1,054	\$ 2,053	\$ 1,639	\$	419	\$ 5,165

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$2 and \$3 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Milford I Wind Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenu	e Fund	rating ınd	ot Service Fund	_	Seneral erve Fund	erating erve Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	_	\$ 5,363	\$ 12,753	\$	2,520	\$ 3,002	\$ 23,638
Additions								
Investment earnings		13	125	14		84	76	312
Discount on investment purchases		-	295	302		15	80	692
Distribution of investment earnings		991	(420)	(316)		(99)	(156)	-
Receipt from participants		24,549	-	-		-	-	24,549
Distribution of revenues	(25,553)	10,657	14,896		-	-	-
Other		-	2	-		-	-	2
Total		-	10,659	14,896		-	-	25,555
Deductions								
Operating expenses		-	9,482	_		-	_	9,482
Payment of principal		_	-	10,590		_	_	10,590
Interest paid		-	_	4,046		-	-	4,046
Total			9,482	14,636		-		24,118
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$		\$ 6,540	\$ 13,013	\$	2,520	\$ 3,002	\$ 25,075

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$5 and \$6 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Milford II Wind Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Fund		perating Fund	t Service Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$		\$ 4,112	\$ 8,445	\$ 12,557
Additions					
Investment earnings		3	85	13	101
Discount on investment purchases		-	145	202	347
Distribution of investment earnings		445	(230)	(215)	-
Receipt from participants		14,221	-	-	14,221
Distribution of revenues		(14,669)	4,273	10,396	-
Other		<u>-</u>	 15	 -	 15
Total			4,288	10,396	14,684
Deductions					
Operating expenses		_	4,820	-	4,820
Payment of principal		-	-	6,620	6,620
Interest paid			 	 3,485	 3,485
Total deductions			 4,820	 10,105	 14,925
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$		\$ 3,580	\$ 8,736	\$ 12,316

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$2 and \$3 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Windy Point Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	perating Fund	ot Service Fund	General serve Fund	Esc	crow Fund	_	of Issuance Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ 11,530	\$ 18,511	\$ 50,595	\$		\$	-	\$ 80,636
Additions									
Investment earnings	10	149	46	959		-		3	1,167
Discount on investment purchases	-	349	504	336		-		-	1,189
Distribution of investment earnings	2,346	(498)	(550)	(1,295)		_		(3)	-
Bond proceeds 2023-1	-	-	-	_		170,309		826	171,135
Receipt from participants	83,592	_	_	_		_		_	83,592
Distribution of revenues	(85,948)	53,163	32,192	593		_		_	, <u>-</u>
Other	-	(6,756)	(13,877)	(51,155)		71,809		_	21
Total	-	46,407	18,315	(50,562)		242,118		826	257,104
Deductions									
Operating expenses	_	48,567	_	_		_		_	48,567
Payment of principal	_	-	12,265	_		_		_	12,265
Interest paid	_	_	7,302	_		_		_	7,302
Debt issue costs	_	_	, -	_		_		812	812
2020-1 Bond redemption-escrow	_	_	_	_		242,118		_	242,118
Total		48,567	19,567	_		242,118		812	311,064
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 9,370	\$ 17,259	\$ 33	\$	_	\$	14	\$ 26,676

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$11 and \$13 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Linden Wind Energy Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Operating Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service Reserve Fund	Cost of Issuance Fund	General Reserve	U.S. Treasury Direct Subsidy	Letter of Credit	Escrow Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ 166	\$ 6,688	\$ 2,336	\$ -	\$ 6,156	\$ 418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,764
Additions										
Investment earnings	4	50	24	15	4	41	2	1	-	141
Discount on investments	28	28	157	103	-	112	-	-	419	847
Distribution of investment earnings	535	(78)	(181)	(118)	(4)	(153)	-	(1)	-	-
Receipt from participants	18,956	`-	` -	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,956
Distribution of revenues	(19,523)	12,834	5,830	-	-	754	-	105	-	-
Bond Proceeds 2024A	-	-	-	-	553	-	-	-	74,212	74,765
Other transfers	-	1,316	(2,031)	(2,336)	-	(6,911)	(830)	-	10,792	-
Other Receipts		1,001				1	410			1,412
Total		15,151	3,799	(2,336)	553	(6,156)	(418)	105	85,423	96,121
Deductions										
Operating expenses	-	9,597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,597
Payment of principal	-	-	4,735	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,735
Payment of interest	-	-	5,474	-	_	-	-	55	-	5,529
Debt issue costs	-	-	-	-	548	-	-	-	-	548
2020A Bond Redemption-Escrow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,824	40,824
2010B Bond Redemption-Escrow									44,599	44,599
Total		9,597	10,209		548			55	85,423	105,832
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 5,720	\$ 278	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50	\$ -	\$ 6,053

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$2 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Southern Transmission System Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	_	ral Reserve Fund	lss	ue Fund	perating Fund	Reve	enue Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	4,641	\$	67,312	\$ 5,762	\$		\$ 77,715
Additions								
Investment earnings		108		58	120		57	343
Discount on investment purchases		7		1,474	120		-	1,601
Distribution of investment earnings		(115)		(1,532)	(240)		1,887	-
Revenue from transmission sales		-		-	-		66,180	66,180
Distribution of revenue		-		32,755	35,369		(68,124)	-
Other					 1			1
Total		-		32,755	35,370		-	 68,125
Deductions								
Operating expenses		-		-	39,764		-	39,764
Payment of principal		_		62,825	-		_	62,825
Interest paid		_		7,270	_		_	7,270
Total				70,095	39,764		-	109,859
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	4,641	\$	29,972	\$ 1,368	\$	-	\$ 35,981

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$21 and \$29 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern Transmission System Renewal Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenu	e Fund	•	rating ınd	Service und	Pro	oject Fund	apitalized erest Fund	Issi	ost of uance und	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	4	\$		\$ 	\$	490,989	\$ 107,364	\$	120	\$ 598,477
Additions											
Investment earnings		1		-	12		6,477	2,827		6	9,323
Discount on investment purchases		-		-	-		15,341	-		_	15,341
Distribution of investment earnings		16		-	(12)		-	-		(4)	-
Receipt from participants		-		12	-		-	-		-	12
Distribution of revenue		(609)		-	609		-	-		-	-
Bond Proceeds 2024-1		-		-	-		518,859	105,579		1,746	626,184
Other		588		7	6		8			(6)	603
Total		(4)		19	615		540,685	108,406		1,742	651,463
Deductions											
Construction expenditures		-		_	_		353,631	_		_	353,631
Debt issue costs		-		9	-		-	-		_	9
Interest paid		-		-	-		-	22,671		-	22,671
Debt issue costs		-		-	-		-	-		1,482	1,482
Total		-		9	_		353,631	22,671		1,482	377,793
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$		\$	10	\$ 615	\$	678,043	\$ 193,099	\$	380	\$ 872,147

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, and unrealized gain (loss) on investments as of June 30, 2024.

Southern California Public Power Authority Mead-Phoenix Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Service count	erating Fund	Con	erve and tingency Fund	Surpl	us Fund	Res	neral serve und	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ 1,892	\$ 1,432	\$	1,688	\$	119	\$	6	\$ 5,137
Additions										
Investment earnings	4	45	66		77		4		-	196
Discount on investment purchases	35	(35)	8		18		-		-	26
Distribution of investment earnings	183	(10)	(74)		(95)		(4)		-	-
Transmission revenue	3,440		-		-		-		-	3,440
Distribution of revenues	(3,662)	1,959	1,396		426		(119)		-	-
Other			2		9					 11
Total		1,959	1,398		435		(119)			3,673
Deductions										
Operating expenses	-	-	1,742		_		-		_	1,742
Construction expenditures	-	-	-		376		-		-	376
Principal payment	-	1,535	-		-		-		-	1,535
Interest paid		679								679
Total		2,214	 1,742		376				_	4,332
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 1,637	\$ 1,088	\$	1,747	\$		\$	6	\$ 4,478

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$2 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Mead-Adelanto Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund		bt Service Account	perating Fund	eserve and ontingency Fund	Surpl	us Fund	Re	eneral serve und	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$	2,316	\$ 905	\$ 789	\$	428	\$	13	\$ 4,451
Additions										
Investment earnings	5		15	47	51		10		1	129
Discount on investment purchases	-		40	-	27		_		-	67
Distribution of investment earnings	191		(55)	(47)	(78)		(10)		(1)	-
Transmission revenue	7,764		-	-	-		-		-	7,764
Distribution of revenues	(8,350))	2,764	4,209	1,376		1		-	-
Other transfers	390			 1	 -		(429)			 (38)
Total			2,764	 4,210	1,376		(428)			 7,922
Deductions										
Operating expenses	-		-	4,838	-		_		_	4,838
Construction expenditures	-		-	-	480		-		-	480
Payment of principal	-		1,870	-	-		-		-	1,870
Interest paid	-		846	-	-		-		-	846
Other					 -					
Total			2,716	4,838	480					8,034
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$	2,364	\$ 277	\$ 1,685	\$		\$	13	\$ 4,339

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$3 and \$2 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Prepaid Natural Gas Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Operating Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ 13,524	\$ 6,895	\$ 20,419
Additions				
Investment earnings	16	187	831	1,034
Discount on investment purchases	-	14	-	14
Distribution of investment earnings	532	(45)	(487)	-
Receipt from gas sales	15,431	-	-	15,431
Commodity swap receipt	9,397	-	-	9,397
Distribution of revenues	(25,376)	778	24,598	-
Other				-
Total	- _	934	24,942	25,876
Deductions				
A & G expenses	-	504	-	504
Payment of principal	-	-	11,250	11,250
Interest paid	-	-	12,826	12,826
Other			35_	35
Total		504	24,111	24,615
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u> </u>	\$ 13,954	\$ 7,726	\$ 21,680

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$12 and \$10 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Barnett Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Operating Fund	Debt Service Fund	General Reserve Fund	Project Fund	Capital Fund	Total	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	\$ 2,092	\$ 3,716	\$ 25	\$ 36,095	\$ 661	\$ 42,589	
Additions								
Investment earnings	4	90	53	1	1,537	41	1,726	
Discount on investment purchases	-	33	28	-	189	-	250	
Distribution of investment earnings	81	-	(81)	-	-	-	-	
Receipt from participants	3,952	492	-	-	-	-	4,444	
Sales of natural gas	829	184	-	-	-	-	1,013	
Distribution of revenues	(4,866)	748	4,118	-	-	-	-	
Other transfer		339			(342)	3		
Total		1,886	4,118	1	1,384	44	7,433	
Deductions								
Construction expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	
Operating expenses	-	2,168	-	-	-	-	2,168	
Payment of principal	_	· -	2,985	_	_	_	2,985	
Interest paid			1,377				1,377	
Total		2,168	4,362			3	6,533	
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 1,810	\$ 3,472	\$ 26	\$ 37,479	\$ 702	\$ 43,489	

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$3 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Southern California Public Power Authority Pinedale Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	1 0		Debt Service Fund	Service Reserve		Capital Fund	Escrow Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ 2,381	\$ 1,581	\$ 43	\$ 1,710	\$ 147	\$ 1	\$ 5,863
Additions								
Investment earnings	2	134	30	2	69	8	-	245
Discount on investment purchases	-	2	8	-	17	-	-	27
Distribution of investment earnings	38	-	(38)	-	-	-	-	-
Receipt from participants	2,022	4,809	-	-	-	-	-	6,831
Sales of natural gas	238	2,525	-	-	-	-	-	2,763
Distribution of revenues	(2,811)	1,061	1,750	-	-	-	-	-
Other receipts	9	805	-	-	_	-	-	814
Other transfers	502	(356)			(1)	17		162
Total		8,980	1,750	2	85	25		10,842
Deductions								
Construction expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	16
Operating expenses	-	7,664	-	-	_	-	1	7,665
Payment of principal	-	-	1,270	-	_	-	-	1,270
Interest paid			585					585
Total		7,664	1,855			16	1	9,536
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 3,697	\$ 1,476	\$ 45	\$ 1,795	\$ 156	\$ -	\$ 7,169

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$2 and \$1 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Clean Energy Project

Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Debt Service Fund		Debt Service Reserve Fund		Commodity Fund		Acquisition Fund		Total	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Additions										
Investment earnings		47		25		12		-		84
Discount on investment purchases		-		-		-		-		-
Distribution of investment earnings		37		(25)		(12)		-		-
Receipt from participants		-		-		-		-		-
Distribution of revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Bond 2024-1 proceeds				5,900		3,000		615,628		624,528
Other		12,675						(12,675)		
Total		12,759		5,900		3,000		602,953		624,612
Deductions										
Prepaid energy		-		-		-		598,026		598,026
Debt issue costs								4,041		4,041
Total								602,067		602,067
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	12,759	\$	5,900	\$	3,000	\$	886	\$	22,545

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments as of June 30, 2024.

